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James Francis Cooke

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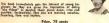


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Music And The Arts

ENDRIK WILLEM VAN LOON (pronounce is Van Loue), he of the omnivorous united and near omniscient outlook, represents a most singular figure in this day, when much writing dealing with world affairs is done by men and women with superficial experience and knowledge. Van Loon is, of course, a very ing, he works as hard and long as could any hack, in turning out the material he has to his credit.

The interest of Tru Exrus in this remarkable man is heightened by the text the he is an able and well sebools in heightened by the text the he is an able and well sebools great eruphony orchestra and taking his part with the heart. Therefore, when he produces a sk handled and Schuster, New York, we half it as a momentous occasion. This, of course, is in so onese an absorbineter, New York, we half it as a momentous occasion. This, of course, is in so onese an absorbineterment het, after having read this lings work, we feel that every massima texts of it has an opportunity here to sequire a cultural grap of the significance of the other arts which must snake that the state of the significance of the other arts which must snake in the heighting. Will the arts should have het not engine purpose and should contribute, as much as it is within all the sarts—the art of brings.

The work starts in prehistoric times. It tells very elevery by and dramatically how a Spaniard, the Macquis de Sautuola, went with his little daughter into a cave in the Cantabrian Mountains; and how the child found a picture of a lunge bull painted upon the wall. This murral, nearly trenty-seven thousand years old, is said to be the

common studentiate, and use the runt and a pernearly neutral-vert binously care with, is said to be the first of the Innous prehistoric pictures to be discovered, the first of the Innous prehistoric pictures to be discovered. The property of the property of the property of the the art ceities of his dep contraded that the Marquis of Santonia was a fakir, that he had hired expert arisis from Madel to point them, because move to a scrage, prehisdinary. The discoveries of other pictures in France and Inally vindicated the rulled feelings of the injured Vanquisdinary. The discoveries of other pictures in France and Inally vindicated the rulled feelings of the injured Vanquistary of the progress of art, down through the centuries of the introduced pulsars, including a prologue, fourteer are defaulty) devoted to music, and been because of the transfer of the progress of art, down through the centuries of the sixty of our deports, including a prologue, fourteer are defaulty) devoted to music, and been dismatter art, in cultivated on each page with collaborate amendation and knowledge which make the work a most necessary one, particularly for the music student, the music teacher and the music lover, who cannot fail to benefit by a wider outlook moon the field of art as a whole.

The particular service that Dr. van Loon has rendered is that of assembling from the luge mas of universal knowledge which floods the libraries of the world, just those things about which a worker in the arts must know, to gain a proper perspective. To the general importance of the book, Dr. van Loon has contributed over eighty morbide drawings and designs tumary of them left push stimulating value of the work.

The graphic and comprehensive manner in which he compresses a great deal of information into a very few words is shown in the following extract devoted to the

"Good instrumental music was impossible without good instruments. The Lied depended for its development upon a satisble instrument with which to accompany the voice. The late was too difficult. The sound of the violin was too thin. The harpsichord did not have volume enough. Then the piano was invented and the problem was solved.

This most popular of all instruments, like its predecessors, the clavichord and the clavicembalo, was a keyboard instrument; but its tone was produced by means of padded hammers which struck a tightly stretched metal string-In the older keyboard instruments the strings were plucked in the same way you still pluck the strings of a mandolin or guitar. Furthermore, the old instruments were not able to vary the volume of sound they produced. The new hammer piano, unlike the old plucked instruments, could play cither very loud or very soft. Hence its name when Bartolommeo Cristofori of Florence invented it in the year 1709, the clavicembalo col piano e forte, 'the elavicembalo that could play both loudly and softly.' That name was too long for practical purposes. It became the pianoforte, the 'loud and soft. Even that was too complicated, Thereafter it became known as the piano. The forte was left to the player.

"The invention of Cristofori's did not exactly sweep everything before it. Another hundred years had to go by before the inner mechanism of the pianoforic was sufficiently simplified to make it an instrument everybody could handle.

"The first real improvements were introduced by a cer-

tain Stein, an instrument maker of Augsburg. But in Berlin there was an enterprising instrument maker by the name of Silbermann who had more or less stolen Cristofori's idea, and it was Herr Silbermann who manufactured those new pianes which so delighted the honest heart of Johann Sebastian Bach, when he was asked to improvise for the benefit of Frederick the Great Sometime after 1775 these Berlin pianos found their way to London, and there a certain Broadwood started building them. By now all the great musicians were playing the piano and were expressing their preferences and their dislikes. They either went into raptures over the harder toned English pianos, or they would not touch a key unless they could have the lighter and more elegant pianofortes that were the product of the Viennese school. Mozart was a champion of the Viennese pianofortes. Clementi, the Italian, who during the first thirty years of the last century taught all the best ine most unity years of the last century ranging an de best families of London their piano (as his contemporary, Czerny, was teaching those of Vienna), was loud in his praises of the Broadwood variety.
"Soon afterward Erard in Paris began to put a piano

on the market that combined the best features of both schools. Since then we can say that Cristofori's invention has penetrated into more homes than even the toothbrush or the automobile. For, in the New World, too, a certain Chickering began to build pianos of his own in 1823, and Steinway followed suit in 1853; and since then the num-

ber of different makes has run into the dozer "For the piano successfully solved the problem of the one-man orchestra. Until the days of Schubert, all really satisfactory accompaniments for songs had had to be written for orchestra.

Readers of THE ETUDE also will find the chapter, "New Ears Begin to Listen," an unusually fine and lucid exposition of the beginnings of notation.

The book is filled with the author's rare ingenuity and consideration for the reader's natural curiosity and interests. He even goes so far as to design and include a special bookmark. To our mind, bookmarks are indispensable, especially in this day when we are all obliged to get in our reading when our much crowded hours permit. There was a time when bookmarks were in almost universal use. and they were not needed nearly so much in that day as at this time. THE ETUBE publishes a bookmark for complimentary distribution to its friends, and some three hundred thousand have been requested. They are still available, gratis. Dr. van Loon is to be thanked for his efforts in reviving the useful reading help, the bookmark.

We hail Dr. van Loon's achievement as an indispensable volume in the cultural curriculum of all who have to do with the arts, One ingenious device present with the book is that of a jacket cover on the inside of which is an original chronological map (18 x 22 inches) giving the relative dates of the most important events in the history of the arts

Men in Great Places

THE Rotary motto, "He profits most who serves best," has been demonstrated in the cases of thousands of suc-cessful people in all fields. The young man or the young woman who starts out in life with the single motive of "getting" rather than "giving" is often uncousciously throwing up a harrier which isolates the individual from the highest things in life. The phenomenon of getting through giving seems to work out in a way which is mytical to an amazing degree; but, after all, it is a most logical and practical resultant. The whole theory of Christianity is based upon sacrifice and service, and the greatest triumphs of the Christian religion have evolved from these noble attributes.

The late Theodore Presser, who acquired a large fortune, never had money as his objective. When he was pretime, never that the publication, he cautioned his paring a new work for publication, he cautioned his helpers, "Never think about the profits. If there is an educational or a human need to serve, and if the publication has been properly prepared from a technical and an artistic standpoint, you will never have to worry about its success. Set out with the idea of making money and, ten to one, you will produce a worthless or a very transient work. Time and again, he counselled teachers who applied to him for advice upon how to be successful, "Don't try to make money; make fine pupils and your troubles will be over."

Henry Ford has an identical philosophy. Mr. Ford is so remarkably like the late Mr. Presser in his expressions, reactions, simple democratic fundamental principles of procedure and physical movements, his rapid arrival at unusual and wise decisious, that your editor, who was intimately associated with Mr. Presser for eighteen years, was, upon meeting Mr. Ford, bewildered by this uncanny similarity. Note the following statement made by Mr. Ford arity, Note the following scattering in the past and reported in the Detroit Free Press during the past year: One thing I never thought about was making money. And in my life I have yet to know a man who set out to make a lot of money that ever succeeded." Put your

own interpretation on what Mr. Ford really mean Perhaps he had in mind some of the gentry who have taken to themselves "a lot of money" but who are now, despite their past millions, looking out through prison bars. Certainly no one could call them a success. In the same light, riches certainly can not be measured by mere money. Many a paupered genius has left a priceless for-tune to the world. Service to mankind, however, is often the foundation for great fortunes. Service implies a vast responsibility. It was Bacon who said, "Men in great places responsibility. It was becon who baid, men in great places are thrice servants"; and the most illustrious of men are usually those who have served most and best,

Pipe Organs in Homes

THE American home of to-day is rich in musical instruments. In the time of the Puritans the home that owned a fiddle, or a hauthoy or a flute was one of wealth. How dumbfounded Miles Standish and Governor Winthrop would be if they were to return and go into a mod-ern home where there are not only a piano, a violin, a phonograph and a radio but a real pipe organ, not pumped by hand power as were those of only fifty years ago but by an electric motor that may be turned on and off with the case of turning a switch for a light. Time was, within the memory of the present generation, when the organ in a private dwelling was a comparative rarity. Fortunate was the host who could include this delightful form of entertainment for his guests. They, in turn, carried away, as one of the pleasantest of recollections, the memory of music such as only the organ can provide,

That rare treat is no longer for the few, Almost over night, by leaps and bounds, progress in inventive genius and manufacturing skill as applied to the pipe organ, has made it possible for the average, instead of the excepmade it possible for the average, insicao of the excep-tional, home, to have organ music that adheres to the ancient tradition in the incomparable quality of tone that

comes from accurately voiced pipes.

This progress supplies a price to fit the purse, a design This progress supplies a price to in the purse, a design and size adapted to the individual home, an ease of and size suppose to installation that involves no building changes—in all, as simple as inserting a plug in an electric outlet in the floor or wall. These pipe organs with pipes, for the home, have the same rich tone quality as the great church instruments; they are voiced in their speech by the same artists who preside over this important phase of the largest of installations. It is not infrequently that one finds among business men, amateur performers who not only can give good account of themselves with Bach, Rheinberger and Merkel. but who also have a wonderful time delving into Debussy

An Organist's Advice to Singers A VOCALIST should be an all 'round unsieian, play the piano, know at least something about harmony and the property of the pro

A spano, know at reast something about harmony summiscal form, and be able to read at sight. A singer who numeral torus and be able to read at sight. A singer was cannot read at sight is of no use in any organization what-



problem of dressing well becomes simplified, once you begin the work correctly. In selecting cholies for study converts and other pashic affairs, the gravite/quartshould remainer the same time. The problem of the

It is, if course, in a ve limited discussion, impossible to attempt circuits of general process. It is a support of the process of the proces

"GULF STREAM"

Smart lines in blue and yellow.

A very successful recital model
for any age.

Tinting the Rose

As TO COLOR SELECTION, any color is preferable to dead black—unless the material is As no coom selection, any color is preteriore to usus make—miles the material is velvet, which has sufficient warmth and softness to counteract the unrefiered tone of black. If you want a "colorless" color, choose white, Black is about the most unbecoming color to be found. It drains everything out of you. Women who are very young and anything successfully; but, otherwise, stay away from it. In cases where black is neces anything attractioning; out, otherwise, stay away from it. In cases unere mark is neces-sary, try to relieve it with a totach of color near the skin-line. Our studio made some connect gowns for a professional harmist who plays in an orchestra of men, and who concert gowns are a protesseems narpet who plays in an occasiva of fine, and who would look undesirably conspicuous in bright colors against the severe black and white background of her colleagues. We conquered that difficulty by making one gown of vibrant black velvet and another, of crepe with touches of gold at the throat and hands Both gowns were black, to be sure, but neither had the devitalizing effect of unrelieved Both growns were black, to be sure, but neither had the nettaining error of unrounced blackness. I believe that many unmen choose black, as a sort of last resort, became the usual colors available in the average ready made frocks are difficult to adapt to in-dividual needs. When the colors are the colors are the colors and the colors are the colors and the colors are the colors and the colors are the colors

an excellent feeling for color: less the exactly right color is me always available. So they full back on black which is a

In a matter of fact inger may wear any color she likes provided the weers it in own sorticular There is no color of which me shade will not suit her. The difficulty is to determine that absolutely correct dards Most skins are yellow, to a areater or less degree. This can be easily proven by a bade which matches the skin is more yellow, or tamish than pink or white. Keep that culors. Plue is becoming to everyone because blue corn olements vellow and tones it down. Therefore, select that shade of your favorite color which has most blue in it. There are bleich tinte to be had in every color. Nothing could be more unbecoming than a yellowish brown, which lieightens every yellow tint in the skin. But a bhish brown undesirable vellow tints have been torred down. Similarly, a yellowish gray is unbecoming while a clear gray, built on a blaish lose, is very flattering, Bluish erren, bluish violet and eren bloish red can be worn cers successfully by women who would look rather unartractive in the vellow tints of the same colors

On the other hand, the colors for concert gowns should be kept quiet and non-distracting. exactly like the lines Even can wear a brilliant blooch people come to hear you make

Concert gown of brown jer sey laced with gold cord This was designed for a note. to look at your freek; and, in proportion as they do that, their listening interest will be decreased. Kerp away from any of the violent shades—Kelly green, Yale blue, brick red, eggy vellow. But, apart from that suggestion try to find the particular shade of color-uny color-that suits you, and he assured that it will serve you better than black Older wemen often adopt black because of their years, or possibly, their size. I think that is a mesone, certainly, man takes a warm, wheat color will very definitely add

It cannotines happens that a well designed gown of the proper shade may have its It constitutes happens that a new term accounting I remember once telling a some to by carrying ment on it manage quarter as a part of a goan, or whether they come as part of a goan, or whether they are freshly ordered ones. A singer should never near flowers at her neighbor, or anywhere near her chest. If she does, the flowers will runny 120 ten ten man in amounts or not targe tensors. Do not wear or carry mechang that sould be any providint abstract the attention of your listeness from the unportant baseness of many between

Beating the Needless Bauble

SINGRE PLY THE GREATEST RISK OF GIVING IN TO a fordings for "frimmings

many singers feel that they have to "do something" with their hands, and we often have trouble bout the object they choose to "do things" with One singer wanted a large, trailing chiffon handkerchief; and there was the danger that she would allow it to make motions of its own and cut across the singing. We finally persuaded her to use a smaller bandlescopied and to tack it into her hand so that she might have the comfort of holding it without visible of fects. This worked very well. It there must be something to be held, white singing, let it be something invisible. Do not trail handkerchiefs, or flirt fans, or wave

The most important thing to selecting a dress, is to make sure it is the right dress for the one to wear it. This state of rightness has nothing to the with being nen' or "smart" or "different, nor with any other of the adiec tives one often hears applied to clothes, it means simply that the dress shall suit you, express you. allow you to be your ireest, best, most natural self when you wear it. In other words, you must feel comfortable and expressive in it Nobody can tell you what that dress shall be; but when you are fortunate enough to find it, you will know by the feeling. And when you do, stick to it? Do not (Continued on Pine 138)

> A gay print especially adapt A gay print especially adapt-able for concert or recital. This was also designed for a



Elizabeth Hawes:

Her Life

Her Life

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Crepr gonn, modelled on classic lines, with the added glamour of mink talls on

trailing warf.



Why Music Is the Most Popular of the Fine Arts

By WALTER RAYMOND SPALDING, A.M. PROFESSOR EMERITUS OF MUSIC AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY

USIC, Lx rapidly becoming the most p-common of the Fine Arts, attaining, in high among Continuate fact, the position which among Continental peoples it has long enjoyed. This statement is corroborated by the growth of radio transmission, in quantity, quality and variety; in the emphasis kild upon the study of music in our schools and universities; and above all in the remassance of music in the home music, that is, by nonprofessional but enthusiastic lovers of all ages, who more and more rave the influence of this transporting art. Whoever has observed the popularity of Walter Damrosch's Radio Series, and the development of glee clubs, small orchestras and bands in our public and private schools, will acknowledge that here are manifestations of a definite trend in our national culture. This desire for music as an integral part of man's daily life cannot be stopped. The problem is how may it best sourished, guided and brought to fruition. For we are still a voring country with the restless seal of youth for beginning at the top and doing everything

It seems, therefore, just at this particular stage in our artistic progress, that certain fundamental reflections concerning music may be in order. Notwithstanding ditions of school and college education will agree that the more special emphasis is placed upon the development of the brain, upon research, tabulations, graphs, documentation and the inferences therefrom This attitude is doubtless justifiable and this machinery necessary in the Sciences. in History and in Political Economy, where

exact data are available. But what of those subjects of more subtle appeal, without which any education is entirely one-sided? Mere mention of the above terms implies the antithesis between them and the Fine Arts. For how can music be studied chiefly from the standpoint of the brain and of knowledge-in the reasonable sense of that term-when sometic is compounded of two factors, rhythm and sound, the influence of which we can feel but about which we know little or nothing? Music is a Fine Art, the language of the emotions and it makes, through the sense of hearing, its anneal to our imagmation, spiritual intelligence and even to our souls (if so be we have souls).

The Breath of Art-Life

THE MOST PANOI'S COMPOSER who ever fived did not create his works primarily through his brain. That organ indeed would have been of sheht avail had there not been underlying this a creative passou, an imagination, a warm emotional nature. bound up with the senses and the em-Reetloven proclamed, in the macription to the heart it shall go"--and the modern French composer, d'Indy, has echoed the le pour (music ought to move the heart) time he likes as "soulful" and says it makes him "feel good" He does not think



WALTER RAYMOND SPALDING

t. 'The intrinsic aim of Art is to move and to make an impression. A work which does not contain within itself a genuine This bring we what about the listener who should recreate the music in his own being, but too often is a mere possive recipient. Music being a reciprocal art, if thusinens and in howels of emotion," though the compact speak with the tempers of men and angels it is impossible to comgumicate his message to ears that hear not, or to strike sparks from fighby tissue.

An Art Trilogy

YEAT FROM WHICH stimulating inferences may be drawn is this Music is a three-dimensional art, involving composer performer and receptive listener; and among them must be a scontageous and sympathetic spirit of cooperation. In this A week of poetry or prose, when created and printed, is at the disposal and for the pleasure of the reader, without an intermediary. We can walk through a cathedral, stand before a picture as long as we fike touch a work of sculpture; estabdifferent is music. Works for the planoforte, to be sure, we can play to ourselves. too fast" or "Plus that part over again, Let us now ask what are the reasonable

som at performance, obviously wishes to I See thy Lite of Caralinal Member In John A. Gold

prolate. Cardinal Mercuer, elemently puts sharers in his own emotional and spiritual experiences. For him, therefore, directness and clearness of expression should be the highest ideal. Diffuseness, redundancy, that which Philip Hale used to call "treading water," noise for its own sake, the desire before-which only perplex and irritate the bearer-all these are intolerable. The glory of the classical composers is their directness and clearness. Yet these qualities are seldom displayed as more craftsmanship but are closely involved with warmth and spontaniety of expression. In fact, the more inpassioned these composers were, the more they strove to be so direct that no one

could miss their point Egginning, however, with the so-called Romantic School, praiseworthy as are its achievements in several aspects, so much emphasis has been laid upon self-expression, subjectivity and personality (borrid word") that the composer often seems to ler m a wild frenzy, merely "getting somesemething to say and be trying to express basic principle of museral structure, themes, rhopsofteng, must be of such vital and definite outline that they can be grasped rowen the first and subsequent appearances neture of the composition, so far as the

What is the remedy for this situation Let the composer aid his hearer with all the directness and clarity of anterance the concentions and their onward expres-

sion. As a modern musician well says, "We are prose to regard clarity too lightly and forget its depth. Depth seems associated in our minds with obscurity and oblique utterance. Our invariable formula for profundity is-'moddy your waters and they shall atmear deen' Hence most modern music with its surface intricacy, shattering dissonances, rich orchestration, swollen volume of sound-out of all proportion to complex than Hayen, to use a specific exday for the power of his music to move men's souls. His music is nothing if not eloquent, and with no disparity between expression and design

As Oracle of the Musical Gods

LET US NOW CONSIDER the performer-solo planist, violinist, singer, or the conductor of that composite instrument, the orchestra, upon which he is said "to play." It may be stated without provoking contradiction that the prime duty of the performer is to interpret the emotional message of the composer whose work is before him, and so to inspire the listeners that they gladly and spontaneously receive this message. But what a different situation we often find. With instruments having such an intimate appeal as the violin, the voice or the horn, a skilful performer can entrance his hearers merely by the beauty of sensuous effect. With the pianoiorte, however, tech ability and mere display of virtuosity too often take precedence of the emotional message of the composer and of an intention to speak to the audience. If the instrument be a good one and in perfect tune. any pinnist can make something of an effect merely by setting the strings in vibration. At the usual pianoforte recital we witness much finger agility, hear a good deal of noise-little shading or munceand the listeners, as may be seen from the anathy of their faces, sit like frogs on a log. We are tempted to indulge in the scathing irony of Rossini, who, when asked, as a stalwart young damed was belaboring the panoforte, what he thought of her execution, replied, "I am for it." Let a great artist, however Hess, Rachmaninoff, or Horowitz, begin to play, and in a few moments everyone is on the alert, sitting on air, their faces ani-

same of the composer Even some of our modern conductors, great masters as they are of the baton and of calisthenic gestures, seem to forget that the object of an orchestral performance is to present to the audience just what the composer himself would say, not a new subjective interpretation, often quite at variance with the directions in the score and with exotic metnings of which the com-

With Ear and Heart Attuned WE LOME NOW to the listener, in some re-

spects the most important of the trio.
For masse lives only when it is performed and heard; and, to be heard, someone most do the hearing. The cultivated listener, therefore, must infull certain log ical requirements. He is not a mere passixe recentacle like a dish, or even a brantiful bowl, into which so much beind is norred. Listeners should cooperate ar rively must exert on the receivme end so

much proportionate imagination, ensotional and the performer in their creative and executive capacities. To quote Daniel Greefor forming a responsive but not biased or doctringire public; then for exposing composers to it as to an atmosphere, and letting them breathe or smother accord-ing to their own vitality." The art of music may be likened to an isosceles triangle; that is,



(This is a grouph, So, let us one one this article is not tenderen! Missle is non-herital studies for the many forms, graphet formishes and se furth, rather than its a direct appeal to the our and the handplantien!)

in which each factor in its preordained status is coccual with either of the other two. Music completely attains its object only when there is sympathetic coopera-tion along the whole line. The composer is speaking to a willing listener, asking him to share the emotional experience to which the composition owes its life; the performer

Worth While Music in the Movies By VERNA ARVEY

violinist. Toscha Seidel, to a contract, not to act in films, but to be a special soloist in the various pictures which require artistry in the execution of their musical backgrounds. Toscha Seidel's new contract is a result of the approbation accorded him after his work in "The Great Walta." His next assignments were "The Shining Hour" and "Ice Follies," Incidentally, the next film scheduled for Miliza Korjus, soprano and star of "The Great Walts," was "Madame Pompadour," for which Leo Frank wrote the music years ago. Subsequent reports this new film, and that Miss Korjus will play the part of a singing gypey in the story by Robert Neumann called "Rossa Sandor" At the time of writing, no definite Tascha Scalel, however, Metro-Goldwyn

Another world renowned violinist who has succumbed to the bare of films is Jaselsa Herfetz: though he, unlike Seidel, will actually he seen in a picture. He appears in "The Restless Age," playing five compositions, with orthestral accompani ment. His is not a dramatic rôle, for the only time he speaks is to give instructions to the conductor, just us he might in a formal concert. One might say, as was rethat Mr. Heifetz "plays himself" in this cising the recording and in the manishile

gives forth this message with all the artistic skill and elognence at his command; receives the message-seldom in its completeness at a first bearing, if the work be worth hearing at all One last suggestion for the listener

at the end of the line of transmission. It aboutd be remembered that music is the freest and most experimental of the arts: for, with sound and rhythm, anything may be done or at least tried. There are no restrictions, material or specific, to hamper the fantasy of the composer. The genius is alongy about of his time; and, as Mondelesolm well said, "Every composer does the best be ean"; and bence he should be the hearer away at first acquaintance. should rouse a desire to bear it signin. If this expectation be rewarded at successive hearings, the work will live; if not, will be lorized in the dustbin of Time; and no tears need be shed. To stimulate such artistic cooperation between composer and performer, and between performer and listener, that the trio shall become one of unbroken sympathy, should be the aim of

It will be recalled that Mr. Stokowski AN INNOVATION in Hollywood is Metrowas severely denomiced, by some ill ad-Goldwyn-Mayer's signing of the noted youd and self appointed critics, for going into the movies. It was said that he was lowering himself, and debasing his art, This writer, on the contrary, finds many advent into films, and in his attitude toward them. Never for a moment was he or his music undersified; he brought a visual concert of fine symphonic music to many who would otherwise not have had the opportugity to hear it until every home is equipped with television; he preserved taugible memory of himself and his work for a visual, filmed record of such great commovers as Bach, Wagner, César Franck, Tschallowsky! This would, indeed, be priceless. And when one realizes that the arrive of to-day are the revered masters

> lignace Jan Påderewski, too, in the sun-set of his life, has given the public a record of binnelf in the form of a single screen appearance in "Moonlight Soura," produced by Lothar Mendes in Landon. In this film he played four compositions se-lected from the most widely leved ones in his repertoire.

Two rumors, as yet unsubstantiated, are called "The Life of Berthoven," starring has been great and who is said to be an producer, will make "The Life of Lorus Caruso," starring Edward Arnold, Since be used, to be cannot over the series funded makes as a subst, according to present plans. Needless to say, those two tilms will be among the most interesting to

"Press Freezes special Poins intent to Bonnaira," is reported to horse

Radio Flashes By PAUL GIRARD

UNDAY NIGHTS at 8:00 o'clock S EST., that intrepled musical director.
Alired Wallenstein, is sponsoring a Back Cantata Series over the Mutual tiful works were written by Bach to sait the varying resources of the Thomaskirche this reason they vary in length. In all, the noted composer wrote two hundred ninetyfive cantatas, of which nearly two hundred said that these cantatas represent one of the most valuable unexplored treasures of our musical culture. Thanks are due to Mr. Wallenstein for his competent and authentie performances of these works, and for his overageous powering in a musical field that has been too long neglected. The ficiently extensive to give a general idea of

Thursdays at 2:30 P. M. EST, NBC-Blue Network, Harold Sanford, a former associate and friend of the late Victor associate and from of the tate victor Herbert, conducts his arrangement of "Se-lections from Light Operas," featuring, of course, much of Herbert's music, Sanford been with radio for many years, and it is no exaggeration to say that he, perhaps more than anyone else, has been responsible for the development of appreciation for this type of program on the

Late in November, the Indianapolis Symafternoons, J 00 P. M., EST, Columbia Broadcasting System. Under the direction of Fabien Sevirsky, nephew of the eminent two years into a brilliant organization, Re-organized in 1937, with Vir Sevitsley's adeighty-five men. The low average age of twenty-seven years for these musicians makes this one of the youngest personnels in the established professional orchestra field. Mr. Serusky's program making for his hour's broadcast is all to the good Sevitsky, like his noted micle, was a double Graduated with high honors, from the St Petershura Imperial Conversatory, where at an early age he won the Cesar Cui at an early age he won one cesar con-scholarship, he foured Europe before coming to this country in 1923, when he tree pointed the Philadelphia Orchestra and atterwards formed the Philadelphia Chamher String Sinfometta (to be heard still on Victor records) Later he went to Boxton as conductor of the People's Symplems Orchestra, where he also organized the Young Museran's Orchestra,

Kitchell, the American contralto, has been artist As a lucder sanger, she is most gifted but generally speaking almost any song the artist decades to sing is one that is remembered for her richly voiced interpre-tation of them. Lately, Mme. Kitchell has been heard on Mondays at 2:30 P. M. EST, but she has been switched so often it may be that by the time of publication she will be singing at 6 30 P. M. on some other day. Look up her name in the weekly believe you will enjoy her broadcast. Bernard Herrmann is one of the Colum lita Broadcasting System's youngest and most adventurous conductors. Herrmann helieves that there is a lot of music really worth hearing that people have neglected for no other reason than that they have not taken the trouble to look it up. Because it belonged to another age does not say it is dated. Very little music, in Herrmann's estimation, is "dated" Recently be leas been presenting a series of programs on Mondays from 10 30 to 11:00 P. M. EST which he describes as "excursions into the lace-ruffled past." The program is called Famous Musical Evenings, and among other interesting events it has presented an all-Haydn evening under the title of "Ar Evening at the Esterbarys." The Esterhazys, it will be recalled, were the famous and immensely wealthy Austrian family in

Recently the Columbia Broadcasting System, by combining the facilities of two of its short wave stations in New York and Philadelphia, bus made it possible to direct its shortwave broadcasts to Europe and South America at the same time. By this combination the broadcasting system is able to tener a maximum area of both continents, at all times, with programs from the United States It the American rachio stations continue to progress in this manner, it may not be long before the better part of the world will look to America for its radio cutertaisment,

whose service Haydu was employed for

thirty years, Mr. Herrmann's unusual "musical evenings" are another series of pro-

grams to be marked with a circle

In connection with the Metropolitan Opera broadcast (NBC-Red network, Saturday afternoons), there is an important urday atternoces), there is an important innovation this year. This is the Opera-logues, presented by the Metropolitic Opera Guid every Thursday from 6:00 to 0.15 P. M., FSY over the same network Fach Chessian. Each Operalogue presents a short musical following Saturday Designed to teature themes, important meliahes, and exempts these short programs are planned to got the listener a more intimate inderstanding In the past two years or more. Alma, the NBI -Red network, of the nursic of each opera presented over

Musicians in Mercurial Moods

A vani soptance succeeded in gaining from l'Il-lie there at one o'clock prompthy that my whole body is trembling. "More,

Richard Steams and Dr. Carl Mark to talking a let us try this once more of a consider do a contrib. I shall and the Aback and man you over to him



RADIO CITY MUSIC HALL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA; ERNO RAPÉE, CONDUCTOR The organization is shown in the pit of the world's greatest theater, with the graceful proscenium arch curving sixty feet above them. The Symphony Orchestra is a permanent feature of the programs in the Music Hall.

Let's Go to the Music Hall How They Put On the Show in the World's Largest Theater By STEPHEN WEST

feature; a newsreel; possibly an extra film loose in a conservatory. The movies themdiversion in the form of an animated car- selves, manufactured in studios anywheretoon or a glimpse of interesting happenings in Hollywood, Long Island City, and the not strictly news; and a stage entertain-ment that lasts about an hour and a half. Excepting the feature picture, every mo-ment of the three hour performance is calculated according to musical needs. Even music librarian in charge of thousands of

The show consists of a motion picture the curious feeling of having been turned hills of Peshawar—seem hardly to touth Accounting to Manusce Bajoon, compose Hall tries to please; and, if any conclusion the inner vorkings of the Music Hall. The to the Music Hall and chief of its staff of may be drawn from the sight of its sixty the more workings of the suggest rail. The to the Masse rail and the roll of the performances is two bundred seats filled four times a day sers, arrangers, copylsts, a scholarly

T IS NOT BY ACCIDINT than the the durint films are assumptioned by a seriest instruments, reduced room where and that of the variety, down Taxer as would by granted theories it could be filled to select the country of the country o which this activity springs is music.

A Music Hall with a Mission

few people realize that the source from America's entertainment seekers, who want good things that are not overly highbrow, and popular things that are not vul-

gar. These are the people whom the Music to fill the gap that exists between the and of the overflow crowds roped off in to not the gap that exists between the and of the overlow crowds roped off in entertainment of the formal concert hall the lobbles waiting for admission, the



Groups from the imposing Corps de Bollet directed by Florence Rogge at Radio City Music Hall. These groups do not include the famous "Rocketter" of Radio City Music Hall, which is a distinct and separate dancing ensemble.

FEBRUARY, 1949

Music Hall not only tries but also succeeds. For that reason it is doubly significant that the foundation apon which the superstructure of successful entertain-

most retain finance, most retain finance, most retain finance, and the Hall consists of an organ perbola, played at the glant counted by Richard Lebert, and the Hall consists of the Charlest Control of the State of the Charlest Control of the states of Lesting Leaveners, the Leaveners Control of the states of Leaveners Control of the State of Leaveners Control of the Charlest Control of

"Our performances may be likered to Baron, "where everything," eavy Mr. Baron, "where everything, from aympionies to tap dancing, is bleuded to such a way that the spectator may transfer his enjoyment from one to the other without incongenity. The important thing is the

"Suppose that our feature picture for mext week is hid in a Mexican setting. The producer, assisted by the directors of our various departments, may decked a Mexican flacor to bind the onthe of the output of the control of the control of the director of the haller, well bit upon some special diance number for her group-newings a larrest every. Then Rowell Marpha a larrest every. Then Rowell Marther than the second of the control of the control of the control of the the producers, will choose for his discretance of the control of the control of the discrete of the second of the control of the december of the control of the contr

And so We Begin

"This vision were is a consultation with Erron Rapte, our distinguishting numberal director—and I may fairly say that the missial success of our entire organization is due to his decision, courage, and theroughness. The various ideas are outliend, and Mr. Rapée's wishes as to a mistal setting are consulted Paulhar afer is with the Beary of every lawtraments, the arboves whether the festived

Iff they exist—supulers, in say form, for any intermediately saw transcribed for any intermediately saw transcribed for any intermediately saw that is a second or any intermediately saw that is a second or any intermediate of excury—and saw of the saw that is a second to the complex sorms as it orientally estimated to the predictive of good that the complex sorms as it orientally estimated as the same of the sa

musse. If Mr Ruper report union, some no marie suntilent and in precision durido our Mexican comes in gleasant dury in supply such a sorre, especially or the disured number. Thist, in its time, may report the summer service and the characteristics of conditioning—the general pure, the summer the musical marie during the comment of the condition of the liketican should be amusican.

this way; and it is surprising how many fine ideas there still are, which never have been given complete musical expression. There are all sorts of falsy ballets, for example; the emotions of arred cleaners, who must make an audience know, by their motions, whether they work on Park Aveme or on the waterfront, the spirit of

A Home of Activity

WHEN THE MUSIC FOR THE POSITIONALIST, shows him been department, and whale the adopters, are at work upon it, special plano specials possible the adopters, are at work upon it, special plano specifies nor given to the transies department heads for use at relearants. Then it is that the difficult and exacting done routiness are worked out. Miss Rogge and Wr. Myslew or Gene Sunter Rockett con-

ciently, sell reinarsed to sea the entire performance together on the stage. The final dress rehearsal takes place on the seventh day, and an hour later, the new show is ready for the public. Only vereras showner nodel accomplish such reeras showner nodel accomplish such reerans showner nodel accomplish such recreas showner nodel accomplish such recreas showner nodel accomplish and recreas showners. Tage and Haron, got licebiling Messers. Rapple and Haron, got belt training twenty years ago, when stage shows consistent of a property moon and

their training twenty years ago, when stage shows consisted of a property moon and two chorus girls dressed as Perrori and Coducibies: and they have been perfecting their art ever since. Indeed, the advancement of the markes picture theater stage show may be traced, in a marked degree, to their pioneer work.

Many interesting musical devices have come out of the Music Hall, to be seized



MAKING ORCHESTRAL ARRANGEMENTS
From two to ten copyints are constantly at work in the vaulifile Music Library under the stage of Radio City Music Hall

precision dancers are masters of their art. able to execute the most exacting steps after a few demonstrations of what is to be required of them. But while there is no training, there is rehearsal aplenty At the top of the building lie the rewith full length mirrors along one entire wall, and challed off, on the floor, to correspond with the turntables and rising platforms of the stage. There, to piano accompaniment, the ballet and the Rockettes practice for next week's show, moving in exact tower to the well defined rhythm of the piago, watching themselves and their neighbors closely, in the mirrors as they make their way across the room. Again and again and again. The tap-tap of the dancing shoes; the scuffle and slide of halles dineers. In another mon, the Glee Club

director, create new and suitable dance pat-

The Music Hall undertakes no training or drilling of its dancers. The ballet and

rus, and demonstrate them to their groups.

peacete nor next seeks whose the time of the plans was not the plans was from the more sees and their neighbor, closely, in the nitror, as they may be a seed of the plans was been as the plan of the date in the seed of the plans of of the plans

And so To Work

For a new series the the se for the new show have been convelved, the orchestral parts are arranged and copied, tendy for distribution, and the various multi-art, self-

upon by orthostral organisations, all over the world. The Music HIM: source, drummer, Mr. W. G. Ghidestsne, is the mention of a new and highly entering source dream, as well as of a special batton for even the deed. The latton is made of the contract of the contract of the contract is contains a small electric hortest. And is it contains a small electric hortest. When the theater is dirth the conductor. When on the latterty, and the batton glows with a dell high ethal cose not distort the an-

derive and yet makes the conductor's every beat clearly visible to the men. The American School of Music As 162N or Composites to the Mosic Hall, and creator of many of its most successful.

As term or connected to the Mosle Hall, and creator of many of its most successful musical nombers. Mr. Baron has interesting things to say to America's dislents of composition.

"I know our studies are full of arther

See March and Section of March 2018.

See March 1988.

See March 1988.

See March 298.

See Ma

spirit of the funct) avoid result in a attempt to write shorter words. Roll in an attempt to write shorter words. Roll of wrote, modern America is pick, nercond in a lurry! It is unders to say that the proverheal tired hashing same only the properties of the properties of the properties he will and it may be be will not; and, be the will and it may be be will not; and it he will not the dances are that he will turn to juzz, not because juzz is the period expression of the modern American world, but the properties of the late meteorous shorter words because

I to their counset storter worse occusive they are easy. It takes infinitely more time and effort to condense cover themes so that only the essential remains, than it does to write long transitional passages in the orthodox style. Do you remember the immoratal here of Mine do Sévigné, when she said that her letter was too loute because she but had not time was too loute because she but had not time.

was too long because she had had no time to make it short? There is a lesson there! "America is not unmusical, Musically, it is imperfectly understood. No one-excepting Gershwin, perhaps has given America its own music. People keep on giving European masse of the eighteenth nineteenth centuries, in modern dress, That is not the same thing. Once America is presented with a music of its own a music reflecting the enormous vitality of the people, its curiosity, its eagerness for new sensations, we shall see a magical transformation in the attitude of the rank and file citizen towards concerts and concert There is no reason why we should not one day produce even finer music than Europe, considering the rieli, cosmopolitan suckground we have, from which to draw. But it must be natural, timely music. And it must stress theme values above mechanical development. The young composer must study his musical grammar, certainly; but along with it, let him study his people."

How to Play Notes By Marjorie Gleyre Lachmund

Most Planisis, upon reading this title,

will say to themselves. "But of course I know how to play notes."

Many of you do, but there are also many mently.

people who think all that is necessary is to look at the more and then play them. (We refer now to the mechanics of playing, leaving interpretation out of the discussion). These, results that recognize all the intermediate steps involved.

- What occurs—or should occur—is:

 I. The eye sees the note:
- 2. The impression is conveyed to the brain telere.
- 3 The note is recommised, 4. A message sent to a finger.
- 5. This finite plays its note in the required manue.

The last phrinse also implies a whole set of incelanics." Messages have to the sent only as to where to place the finger but also as to the required immediate root took the amount of weight to be used, the kind of took he amount of weight to be used, the kind of took he required, and so on.

The

The stage we want to compliance here are those of tours much recognizing the mote, and tours much recognizing the mote, and tours much recognizing the mote, and the finding is with finding as with the finding polymer of the mote and lets be finding the mode and lets be finding on the notice and lets be finding on the notice and lets be finding on the notice and lets be find the hair does have to think.

compile to many, the note mentally and to ke the linger touch the key and have its position vertherl helone playing if this marked unprocurated in accurace and adulty to test with the endut in a surtorisingly short time. Needless to say, the



The English gentry of Shakespeare's day were supposed, as a matter of course, sole cost in the movie that was a north of every social gathering, especially in song, And so it is not surprising, that Shakesneare's musical references are largely toward the rocal side of the art.

The modern author well may take vocal lessons of him. He speaks of singing "flat" and "sharp"—of individual parts in coun-terpoint—of "concord" and "discord"—of "descant," "base," "rests," "diapason,"
"frets," "gamut," "key," "tuning"—and of various other theoretical terms common in musical terminology. This technical knowledge proves him to have had an acquaintance with vocal and instrumental music, perhaps unequalled in his day.

His appreciation of music reaches into its and psychological aspects. At times, by one stroke of the pen, he will delineate a character, in its appreciation of or obtuseness to the musical side of life. ture by his apt appreciation of the power of music; but Othello "did not greatly care for music." And Cocor says, "I do not know the man I should avoid so soon as that spare Cassins: . . . he loves no plays, he hears no music."

A Song Anthology

THE SONG WORLD has gone more frequently to Shake-sneare for its texts than to any other poet. Speak of "Shakespeare in music" and at once there come to mind a bull-dozen of his poems, possibly more, that have become ineradicably associated with the art. And his plays are rich in lyries. Into the month of many a char acter is put a song which moderns set to music-at times to music which the "gentle hard" might not have recognized as such. From the tender lyrics, such as the Hark, the Lark of Clotce and the changing outbrusts of Stephana and Calihav, his lyric music pours forth a flood of song of which the world seems never to

Shall we recall the first lines of a few, at random?--"Take, O, take those fips away"; "When daffodils begin to petr"; "O, mistress mine, where are you roam-, "Blow, blow, theu winter wind "Under the greenwood tree"; "Tell me. where is famey bred"; "You spotted snakes,
with double tongue": "Full fathoms five thy father hes"-and near a hundred more What song composer has been brave enough to resist the temptation to set

Shakesnearem verses to music? It has been said that "Take those lips away" has been the inspiration of some thirty settings: "Orohens and his Lute," of twenty-one: "Who is Sylvia?" of eighteen; and how many more there may be that have not One commentator finds ninety lyrics in

no mention of music in some form; and the sonnets and longer poems are rich pecially beholden to the art.

And Operas Galore

THE OPERA IS PARTICULARLY INDUSTRIES TO Shakespeare for texts and dramatic sug-

Musical Foresight-Hindsight

From our distinguished French contem- sketches of a new opera were destroyed, as prints our ensuignession trenca conten-porary. La Semanic Mannah et Thestrout, a we recently culled the following tel-bit of the marstral lustory "Lully, the composer, had severely in-

insed his foot while heating time with a rane. The injury not baying been properly tion of his leg Believing his life to be in who refused an instalgence miless the

gestions. Composers, great and small, have iled to him for inspiration; librettists have found in him their greatest single more of textual wealth. They have used him in original form, at times, but most largely in adulterated and garfiled shape. Some of the Italianized Shakespeare is pitiably, it not lauriphly changed to sait the Latin

"Romeo and Juliet" had been set to usic seventeen times, it was said twenty five years ago, and how many more to-day? "Hamlet" has been used by thirteen composers, nine of them Italian; "Merry Whes of Windsor," by six, including Verdi's "Falstaff"; "Othello" was chosen Whes of Windsor, by Verdi's "Falstaff"; "Othello" was chosen by two; "Macbeth," by three, "Antony and Cleopatra." by two: "Winter's Tale," by three: "Twelfth Night," by four; "we—limit that one, Richard Wagner; "Machado," by one; Schard Wagner; Auconomic Taming of the Shrew," by one.
"The Tempest"

was the most attractive to composers, between fifteen and twenty having used its To give credit for some of the principal Shakespearean operas:

"Romeo and Juliet"—Bellini and Gounod; and Berlinz (symphony with voice).

"Merry Wives of Windsor"-Nicolai, and Verdi in "Falstaff." "Tuning of the Shrew"—Goetz.
"Winter's Tale"—Max Bruch, in "Her-

"Floury VIII"—Saint-Sacus. Macheth"—Verdi, in which he in-troduces a ballet and has Lady Micheth sing a drinking song. "Orbyllo"—Verdi and Rossini. "Hamber"—Ambroise Thomas.

Of perhans more value to the general musical atmosphere is the inspiration which the Shakesneare plays have given to composers of orchestral music. Sixty or more orchestral works, with their origin attribotable to the greatest poet of all time, are entalogued. Perhans one can be forgiven for being a but catalogical in coming a part of them:

"The Tempest"—Henchict,
Technical

Overbret: "The Tempest"—Henedict, also Order; "Hamlet"—Gask, also Tschai-kowsky: "Othello"—Dvořák; "Antony and Cleonatra" - Rubinstem: Cacsar"-Schomann: and a Donastic Overture by the modern Englishman, William

Symphonics: "King Lear"—Berlinz, also Heidingsfield; "Othello"—Filieth; "Mac-beth," Music—Edgar Stillman Kelley: "Hamlet" and Opicina Last and hest of the "Midsummer Night's Dream music of Mendelssuhu. Such is a histy sketch of a part of the

Shakespearean record in music. Will it con-Probably not; as the modern composer seems more easily provoked to pen his inspirations by the clang of hummers, the rush of railroad engines, the din of factories, the clash of the forces of nature. and of men, than by the finer sentiments and the dramatic intellectuality of a

This of his triends, briving brand of this

"No, no, replied the realty Florentine Not quite. You see, my deat sit. I have mother copy of it."

RECENT RECORD RELEASES

By PETER HUGH REED

TURNING THEIR ATTENTION ner, after a silence of some time, the recording companies, in hotis this contry and in Europe, recently honored his genius anew by several outstanding reletors. Chief among there is a complete recording of the third act of "Die Meister-singer," with Hams Hermann Nissen as Surks, Margarete Teschemucher as Heu. and Torsten Ralf as Il'alther, issued by the Electrola Company in Europe. The absence of a complete "Die Mristersinger" has been long a subject of discussion among massic lovers. In the opinion of many, it is, next to "Tristan and Isolde" the composer's greatest score.

When, in 1936, the Philadelphia Orchestra toured from coast to coast, one of its featured numbers was Stokowski's of music from Wagner's "Tristan and Isolde." The noted conductor has arranged his score by using the Profand to the opera (complete), the futroduction to Act 2, part of the lovers' dues Brompane's H'arming, part of the music from Triston's Vision in Act 111, and lastly the Lisbested in its entirety. Several years ago Stokowski recorded a similar arrangement of this music; but later he added so the score, and the new set (Victor M-508)

In like assumer Sir Thomas Beecham's performance of the Overtage to "The Fiving Datchman" by Wagner is one of power eleamence and brilliance. All the essential drama of the opera is condensed into the storm tossed Overture, which opens with me of the composer's triumphantly enduring themes, that signifying the Datchman This theme, and another taken from Scuta's Ballud, form the basis of the over-Less compelling musically, but none the less welcome in Sir Thomas' fire per-formance, is the Man h from the Second Act of "Tambianser," which fills up the last side of the recording.

Last but not least of the new Wagner grin's Forescell, song by Lawritz Melchor, accompanied by the Philadelphia Orelegset M-516). These records are some of the finest that the great Wagnerian tenor has given us to date, and they conclusively prove him to be the foremost Wagnerian tenor to-day before the public Celebrating Hermanino Gugli's return to

America this season, Victor (in Sets M-518-19) brings us his interpretation of Rodolfo in Puremi's "Lie Bolième" cently recorded in Italy). Since Gigh is recognized as the foremost Italian tenor of his day, plans are mich; was to record figh in several operas, two or which, "La Bolume" and "La Tosca," "La Bouene and La 10000, arrents have been accomplished. The recording also engages the services of the chorus and orchestra of the La Scala Theater (Millan) with Umberty Berrettoni as conducted An attractive orchestral state is Re-An auturnate ortonostrar since is re-spight's "The Birds, based on pieces by secondenth and eighteenth century clave.

was user to choose those or which the delicate humor of their subject was entirely to orchests he was calcini to preserve tig, gives a good serving of the mass

The Traps Rule of Watt Hotse ... Plans

Overture 1812, as played by the Boston 'Pops' Orchestra Under the direction of the redoubtable Fiedler, the orchestra rides an old steed valiantly; and the recording is sufficiently realistic to impress one's neighbors. It did ours!

Philippe Gaubert, the French composer and conductor, is represented in a dual capacity in Columbia set X-109, where he conducts his orchestral suite. "Les Chants de la Mer." This is pleasant music, reminiscent of Wagner and Debussy, by turns idyllic and rhapsoclic in style, yet hardly a vital score. More impressive is the "Last Nursery Suite, by D. E. Enghelbrecht, another French composer and conductor (Columbia disc 663,911). It is a delight fully piquant little suite, music that is with

and playful, rancy and pert.

The great Chahapin is dead, but not his art. Long associated with the rôle of Boris, it has been said his name was synonymous with the part. Proof of this would seem to be furnished by Victor disc 15177, in which the singer gives us his inimitable performances of the Proper and the Double Scene from the last set of "Boris Godesmor." This recording, a really remarkable one, made at an actual performmarkanie one, mane at an account person-ance of the opera on July 4, 1928, at Covert Garden in London, is a true collector's item.

Sometimes a bit of music comes our way and its simple expressiveness is so me mentarity treasurable that we cannot find words to describe it. Such an experience was ours when we heard the recording of The Holy Family Restroy by the Wayside from Berlioz's "The Childhood of (Colembia disc (6343D). The music moved us deeply, and when reading that the recording was given a Grand Pri in France, we were not surprised. It is the perfect gift record.

The Vienna Choir Boys, who have been

heard to advantage in a group of "Christ C-3). The simple parity and othereal quality of the boys' voices have been admirably caught and preserved in the recording. Musicraft records, which previously released a worthy recording of Mozatt's

early "Wass in F major," (K 192) (set No. 23), string by the Motet Singers, direc-No. 221, sing my the stone, congress than of Paul Boepple, recently brought forward an even user worthily performed recording of the "Missa Brevis" of Buxteliade, interpreted by the same singers (set 24) In this work Bach's great prodecessor shows that he, two, was a most grited polyphonist An unusual pair of records, emanating

from Musiciali Studies, is the "America" Folk Songs," from the remote parts of the updated South, sing by the Old Hart Singers of Vashville The records contain what the singers call, "Folk Fin," a mount religious hallad and a rousing speritor song (dia v 221-22) Egon Petri's performance of Brahm

Variations on a Thome of Hamle! (Co. lumbia set 3451 does notable protect to work of true genus Brahus, here takes an ornate theme from Handel, has no generally built a series of twenty for masterial and impressive variations Recommended The Swedish Anguerra Chon's performance of Jakoh Heads

Idoremic I. Jose Chief. (Andor del 15214) Alarta Muller's singing of Braham I old manufacti and Reger's II aldemanated and Zon Schlater (Victor disc 15218) prants to an Wenter and Donette Movary Sonata in D major (Kothe only such work by this master)

Mystic Dances and Music of the Far East

By the noted American Composer long resident in India

LILY STRICKLAND

AMOST MY FIRST IMPULSE on a strange in a strange port in the overthe for local manifestation and the strange and discrete. This is worth for local manifestation and the strange and discrete for the dances in the Orient are connected in one way or another with a religious festival, and since there are many such colorasions anomally in every Eastern Bard, one has a considerable of the strange of

The Hidde have some sort of a religion celebration every time days, and a great many of these ceremotis include music and dances. The large Hinds temples maintain a coerie of nautch girls and musicians as a part of their common engineerit; and with special resultations are the soft of the soft

During some feetivals, however, where a little research will illuminate the funtation of obscure interpretations of some of the performers, we find ourselves immensely interested by some strange dance that has little in common with the known traditions of religious ecremonish. Almost invariably these unique, or blazer, dances are traced to animistic origin, the primative, pagan.

Masked Dances

THE SUPECT of date/inje-mails is a very facinisating on, and, although only comparatively recently introduced into modern datering, it has been a part of the oldest known dater forms in the East. Even the bott civilization of the Mayas and Aztecs had used datering-masls from unknown centuries. Many Afrean Negro tribes use to this day wer'd and hadrous dancing-masls in their cold tradificated and creek the control of the co

the Words, from tree immemorals. In some case, where makes are locking. In some case, where makes are locking of the control o

ignorant and primitive inclaim.

The feeth of "villot" is an once famous and fullows. It is sometimes called "the was once the counts of the primitive that the part in ordinate dures on this occasion or the part in ordinate dures on this occasion given by learned when no about at sight with paint smeared lates and dunes given by learned when no about at sight with paint smeared lates and dunes given by learned the paint of the pai

of dance is seen only at the annual celebration of the Holl festival, and it is such an oddity that we were tempted to look up every possible reference to the subject in some out of print books and old mussscripts to which we had access. After most diffigured scarching, we finally ran the origin of the Kall Stock Dancers to earth in a venerable tome on Hinduigne.

Dance of Destruction

KALI INFORM, THE CONSIDET OF STORM, AND GOOD OF THE CONSIDER OF STORM OF THE CONSIDER OF STORM OF THE CONSIDER OF THE CONSIDER

Some zeros of these qualifies is expressed in the Kall Sick Danters, as the mora go through the holday crowds at night crowding and keping and pereinding to fight each other to the ferce beat of a drum. The dance of a mustch girl sensi idealized in comparison. But the suddin appearance of these unstructive and funstatic men, in an amidde and animated crowd of poople, to indicate the contraction of the contraction of the low distribution of the contraction of the contract

If the religious coatasy expressed in fauntial rhythm can be called dancing, then one sees on rare occasions the insue appearing gratiness of self-special episappearing gratiness of self-special epissections of the second section of the self-section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the other section of the section of the to arouse or excite the performer to such an extent that he is not conscious of the section of the section of the section of the latter performanced with the section of the latter performanced with the section of the latter performanced with the section of the section of the latter performanced with the section of the section of the latter performanced with the section of the section of the latter performanced with the section of the sectio

Mortifying the Flesh In excessions the sense, the demotes

in account this stant, the devote wins merit, and his will surrender to the memeric power of primitive rhythm renders him partially insensible to toture. This frenzied dance is similar to the Dervish dances commonly seen in Egypt; they are both expressions of religious obsession,

although the Dervish dance is deliberated and confirms to a type, while the Hindu position seems to dance without rigyme or cases when in a tenes state of hysteria. We see that dancing is a most elastic term and covers a multitude or rightmin sostures, syrations, lengs, whirts, and the like. They are essentially printinely, pagan and even savange, and are instinctive reaching the state of the property of the pr

son and performances are strangly intertribution of the performance of the second of the transport of the second of the second of the stransport of the second of the second of the stransport of the second of the second of the stransport of the second of the people react naturally to all constoner. All the act of the second of the quantity of sound rather than the enalty control of the second of the seco

It is true that the wildeds, most extracingry forms of doming that I ever have seen in the Far East always have been of religious significance. To the oriental the expression of refiguous impoles is a vital part of everywhy life im fact, religion on the western would, or of the sceideral race, have no conception of how tremendous the influence of religion is upon Eastrace, have no conception of how tremendous the influence of religion is upon Eastrace, have the conception of how tremendous the influence of religion is upon terms. It is therefore only narrard that the recent is the conception of the contraction of the co

Seasonal Dances

THE ADDICANAL OR ANNISHE PROPELS OF India have dissorts that articular the Hindus by unknown centuries. There are miny parts of the country, and they all leging in remote parts of the country, and they all leging in character, which are extremely fas-insting to watch. The Oracus of Cherla Naggur tow a resensiable number of dances. They live very close to the heart of nature and character, which could be a supported to the charge, the seed planting and the larvest. the hunting dances, the dances of love and marriage, and even war dances.

As is usual with the more primitive

tribes, all dances are performed grounds with disnity and respect. Man has to be civilized in order to appreciate jazz and the frivolous, superficial and light dance music of the day. The natural digraity of the savage and semistraped is something we savage and semistraped is something to throw very little about 1, for one, have savage and semistraped in a significant for the properties of the savage and semistraped in the savage and semistraped in the savage and semistraped in the savage and semirors of the admirred. In southern and central India, from

Madras through Bengal and on through Bhar and Orissa and Chutia Nagpor, the music is found to be largely Hindo or pre-Hindu in influence. One must go farther north to see the famous Devil Dances of the Buddhists. But there is one form of dancing in Bengal which is outstanding and worthy of mention, and which is not Hindu but Mosken.

A Useless Ban Mohammed forbase the use of music to

his followers, a very useless rade, as even brief of here proved. He stated that music takes the proved. He stated that music takes the proved. He stated that music takes the stated of the stated of

Some of the most furning and inferences. The state of the New Month of the same of rejoint paths the Month of the same of rejoint paths the Month of the same of rejoint paths the party. These stifled quacture are given by the same party. These stifled quacture are given by the same party of the same

Dances of the North THE MOST REMARKABLE DANCES IN the

Himalityan regions of northern India are performed by Buddhist lamas and laymen. The various Buddhist lamas and laymen. The various Buddhist lamas are celebrated by Devil Dances against the natural background of the magnificent snow range not far from the borders of Tibut. The contryards of Buddhist mounteries

are frequently used as a stage for these dances, and we have seen some wonderful performances at two special measurements and and around Darjecling. The costumes of the dancers are Moogolian in the main, and the addition of grete-sque mails makes the men still more unique and striking in ap-



NAUTCH DANCERS AND MUSICIANS IN CALCUTTA

FEBRUARY, 1939

pearance. The Devil Dances are performed by men: but Tibetan, Sikkim-Blutan or depalese women mingle freely in the audiences, as Buddhism imposes no jurdan laws upon its feminine element. Beside the Devil Dances, there are the dances of the Black Hat Sect and dances incidental to the lama mystery plays; all of which are quite individual and original in form and entirely different from the dances of south-

ern and central India. Having contributed to THE ETCHE an article on the subject of the Devil Dancers, we shall not here go into a detailed de We merely desire to point out a few unusual types of dances, and would like to say that the male dancers of the western world would be especially inspired and encouraged if they had the opportunities to see and study the work of men dancers in the For Fast.

Superficial students of Indian music tagine that the nautch girl stands for the classee but to us her work seems the least interesting of all. She is ubiquitous and commonplace, in comparison with the dances already referred to in this paper, only one of which includes women. The match girl as a role a solo dancer, though groups of these women perform in a crude ensemble at large temples; but the dances of the aborigmuls or animasts are different in that the music is entirely in the folk

The Khasis Dances

IN ASSAULON THE BURNESS BORDER the Khasis also have a great number of dances that include both men and women, although there are special dance forms sacred to each sex, in which either men or women dance alone. This peculiar race of people repre-sents one of the few known matriarchies in

existence. Their religion is animistic in part but largely built upon ancestor worship. At certain seasons of the year the Khasis have great festivals where dances are performed for days at a time, and on each occasions the beautiful hills of Assam make a striking background for the colorful costumes of the of freee performances of the Khasi

The dances we have mentioned are seldom seen by the casual visitor to India, One must live at considerable length in the to outlying districts in the great continent to witness the dances of various races and

sects whose strongholds might be a thousand or more miles distant from each other. Those, who spend a few days in Bombay. Calcutta, Agra, Delki, or the "mongrel norts" and show-places of India, never see these dances at all; so it is but natural that thry should accept the much advertised

nautch girl as the representative dancer of the country. We would not underrate the status of the nautch girl; she has lent romance, color and interest in Hindu India from time immemorial. But we feel that the less known forms of dancing deserve their share of praise as well.

Self-Test Questions on Miss Strickland's

1. What are used sometimes in place of masks, in "masked" denote? 2. If hat qualities are expressed in the Kali Stick dances?

3. Name four seasonal dances. 4. What was Mohammed's conception of

music? the Buddhist's estimate? 5. What are peruharities of the Khasis and their dances?

Music Elects a Governor

"Pass the Biscuits, Pappy"

By MARIE SEACORD LILLY

N JUNE OF 1938, W. Lee O'Daniel, Governor-Elect of Tenant to thousands of people throughout the state merely as a voice with personality. which had been an intimate of their radio circles for eight year. It had come to them with the music of a band which advertised flour by a program of folk song-of the pictoresque Southwest. Six weeklater over five hundred thousand of these same citizens nominated him their gasoff primary was unnecessary. And nomnation on the Democratic ticket means an

This Governor-Elect is a typical American, forty-five years old, who went to Texns thirteen years ago, His assets were a handsome wife, who was also thrifty; a charming daughter; and two healthy. good-looking sons in a recent compargn broadcast Mr. O'Daniel said. "We have money enough, a good home and some

ranch land. The time has come when I fee! that I can devote myself to the interest-" Sounds as if wene one had been rubbing Aladdin's lamp, but music did it. The music of W Lee O'Daniel and his "Hillfelly Band" made him governor. The Governor-E'ect has never had for-

il training in music, Rumor recalls that "He was always good at senging ungs on the last day of school." He always had

His sister is an excellent musician. She tells us that on one or two occasions she tells us that on one or two occurrent with induced the sky lad to sing a duet with her, before the church circle mams that the mckname bestowed upon him early in his career, in recognition of his vocal firework, with the

"No Excellence Without Great Labor"

A trust less wingwise he lay awake of nights, trying to devise new ways to make people

appearance tours in remote towns and hamets. The hand played for all such events. as country fairs and commencement pro-grams, always donating their services. Everywhere they went they were feted gravity; and the sale of their flour pyra-

Gradually Mr. O'Duniel took over the leadership of the band and began to say the solos lemedi. He then began to intersperve his advertising speeches with bittle talks seasoned with homely philosophy. Fully liked his pleasant voice, and also His name became a hyward in the bill

From his hopbood the writing of verses up at intimate family events had been a hobby of "W: Lee," as he became affecnonstely known to his radio facts While travelug through the varied terrain of Texas, admiring in turn, mountains and he composed a poem which cubigized the beauties of his native state Then he

for sound, to take his hand on personal hummed a twee to fit the words. By the time he returned to Ft. Worth, he had in his mad a completed song. He whatled his composition to a member of his bank who wrote it out for him. Thus Beautiful Beautiful Terus, was born.

> A Composer "Arrives" ON HIS NEXT BROADCAST he same his composition. It caught the fancy of people everywhere. Requests for copies of the some poured in, but there were none Manhattan publisher wrote to Mr. O'Daniel, requesting publishing rights. The song was launched by a New York orchestra, over a maximide book to It was a int. Shortly it was used on one of Major Bowes "Family Hours," and then everybods was singing it The future Governor of Texas had broken into Tin Pan Alley in a big way. There were many other comesitions coulered during these years of broadcasting, many of them occasional or of local significance; but Beautiful, Beauriful Texas and The Sous of The

time and seem to grow in popularity. In 1935 Mr. O'Damel decided to turn his talents, musical and otherwise, more directly to his own account, and severed his connection with The Burrus Mills. He emed an organization of his own, called Lee O'Deniel and his Hillfully Band. His two sons joined the new group, all of whom were officers in a new flour brokerage business; for Mr. O'Daniel had become a miller without a mill. He bought flour, packaged it under his own name, as illy Flour, and sold it literally by the ton. The broadcasts were over a less pow-erial station, but the "voice with a smile"

still drew its audience Early in 1938 Mr O'Daniel told his radio friends that one of them had suggested that he run for governor, "Send me a posteard," he said, "and tell me abat you think I ought to do." Returning mails brought fitty-tour thousand four hundred and ninety-nine cards urging him to make the That was enough He had his call, He booked up his sound truck and started out to stump the state, using The Song of have already stood the test of considerable The Alemo us theme song and battle cry-

A Family Phalanx

THIS TIME DAUGHTER MOREY WERE along ton. The buys were already members of the band, and Molly's innerson was to pass among the crowd, with one of the smo Bour borrels marked FLOUR-NOT PORK, to collect bands with which to frame ber lather's campaign Everywhere his friends througed to see him Nickles and dones poured in, oversubscribing the campage expenses by eight lumdred dollars and every man and woman, who considered W. Lee O'Daniel their personal

The zouth of his must al career was probably reached immediately following the pentages tom at the cost He was offered fifty thousand dollars to appear as moster of ceremones over a national radio hook up These were home fully afters; and on the standard both afters. Com-



Note the smalled therest that carried to the COD and to the gathernatorial chair of the largest state in the Union to domain begre than did given the common than the COD and it standards being the control of the Section of the COD and the standards being the control of the COD and the standards being the control of the

Lessons With Ossip Gabrilowitsch

Piano Virtuoso and Conductor

An Apostle of Beauty in Piano Playing

By MME. CECILE DE HORVATH

Part III

NABRILOWITSCH'S SENSE OF HUMOR frequently found its way into the class room. For instance, when one pupil found that she had to start at the beginning of the piece every time Gabrilowitsch interrupted her, he told her that she reminded him of the couple who were mable to dance unless they started from the mantel piece.

To another girl whose fingers were not strong enough for the last movement of the "Somata Appassionata" of Beethoven, he exclaimed:

"That should sound like the roaring f the ocean, and you make it sound To still another pupil, who had met his Waterloo in the Handel-Brahms l'aris-

tions, he said, a bit cynically: "This dramatic variation should be played with a great deal of dignity, but

While we were studying with Gabrilowitsels, he was studying conducting with Nikisch; and it so happened that, the day ductor, one of his pupils had had a par-ticularly poor lesson. Gabrilowitsch had been unusually severe with her. After his thrilling début the whole class traded into the green room, headed by the pupil be had scolded, who was by far the wittiest English butler who housted that he had been kicked by a duke!" The next lesson be was marvellous to her

Encouragement of Individuality HE WAS VERY MUCH INTERESTED IN AN essay of Mr. Brander Matthews, on The

This he agreed with up to a certain point, as I have explained before. However, be was quick to encourage real individuality when he found it He was delighted if we could think up some adividual way of our own of a lying a terlimical problem "She lowers how to belp berself?" claim. In truth, one of the greatest though about him as a teacher was his becoul-

Aganu, he said to a pupil in rounce in with the third Probate in Bach's

the passage in question), but on the whole it docen't fit litte your general seltence, and you would do better not to change it." Gabrilowitsch recommended the Busoni edition of the "Well Tempered Clavi-chord," on account of the excellence of

Artistic Effects HE WAS CONSTANTLY SAVENGE

the obrasino

do not bear the metaly During the "Senata in G minor" of

"In syncopoted turning the electhonic pulse must occasionally assert starlf, or the structural line will be lost, give the effect of two elevinets.

in austriums the melody, as the tone smaller of the left hand here wast be ourosedy kept a little dry, "In the Adamio, the sixteenth notes

and later autocred by the violancella



In the Etudes Symphomagues

In the Fantaine or I senior of Chopm



AT HAVANA, CUBA Mrs. Gabrilowitsch, formerly Clara Clemens, daughter of Mark Twain, has instarritten a biography of her hasband, recently published by Harper and Brothers.

In the short starens episode in E-flat major, one pupil plunged too drastically into the center of things,

Gabrikowitsch played it and mode it sonnd like a melody being faintly intomal by the French horns While the strings furnished a delicate Assaudte accompaniment.



Gabrilowitsch, being an orchestral conductor, very naturally produced a great many orchestral effects on the piano, as must sound like French horns, In the Assessment repetition it is supposed to sound like an echo, but of course with the same berulike quality of tone.

To optote blue:
"Theory make a nice entrance into

him any composition which he considered

Again he suss.

When a fumre is taken through zevceal repetitions, it must be under termsment the first time in order to inverse it upon the ear, and after that it may proceed normally."

The Gluck-Sgambati Melody, Gabrilowitsch called, A jorest where no breezes stir and

He took his art very seriously, and his concentration at the lessons was so great

that I have known him to look several times at a friend who visited the class for the first time and not even know that she was there. The tension in his class was great, and often we pupils were exhausted from shoer consentration alone

He very sensibly warned as against our friends, "Never believe onything you friends it. If you," he warned repeatedly. He ilies could do a great deal of harm by mindrens praise I often have held him up as an example

to pupils who were ambitions for carreers who practiced five or six hours a day, but they played. He loved music so that he was always exclaiming over the beauty of which he considered the most heantiful of all the "Prelintes" In this Pertinte, he emphasized interesting organ point effects



During our stay in Berlin be had to no Mark Twain He was intertain as to whether be would teach any more, when

The Threshold of Music

Linking Chords into Sentences—And Punctuating Them

By LAWRENCE ABBOTT Assistant to Dr. Walter Damrosch

This article is the Eleventh in a series on "The Doorstep of Harmony." The first appeared in The Etude for January, 1938, and an article will appear each mouth hereafter.

N THE FORMATION of musical sentences three chords play dominating rôles. They are the same three chords which we have already met as the three simplest chords in music: the triads on the Ionic, dominant, and subdominant notes (Do, So and Fa). Those three chords, you remember, form the notes of the major scale. They are the only three major triads the scale, the other four being minor and diminished triads.

The Tonic, we discovered, is always the last chord of a piece of music-the "home

The Dominant is usually the next to the last chord. We always expect the dominant seventh to move to the tonic, and are surprised when it does not. The dominant triad gives us somewhat this same feeling, too, it leaves us distinctly "up in the air poised to go somewhere else. The Subdominant is the chord which usually harmonizes the first syllable of "A-men" at the end of hymns. It is placid, gentle, a foil to the sterner character of

These three chords, we are going to find, occupy strategic positions of great importance in nearly every nusical phrase and sentence, and particularly in those parts a prece of music which are known as

Cadences-the Punctuation Marks of Music

JUST AS WORRS ART PUT TOGETHER INTO units called phrases and sentences, so chords are put together into what are called musical sentences. A sentence is a short stretch of music which comes to a stopping pause for breath before going on. In songs these pauses usually coincide with the A person, talking, will let his voice fall at the end of a phrase or sentence. In nusic there is a similar fall—not peressurely a hieral drop from a higher note to a lower one, but a figurative falling off in the flow and movement of the musiccalled a cadence Certain combinations of thords give us the feeling of arrival at a stopping point or a resting place, and these combinations are classified as different lends of cadences There are four important cadences

reaching our stopping place. We have already spoken of these two chords as the be found in almost any piece of marsis

Warrer Derer Desert Basis

with a half cadence: (641-2011 -2011 -2011 - 2011)

The Half Cadence-a cadence which pauses, not on the tonic but on the dominant. It may consist of any one of several thords (tonic, supertonic or subdominant) followed by the dominant: Do to So, Re to So, or Fa to So, From Re to So especially effective because its bass, following the Bass Law, suggests an authentic cadence in the dominant key. The Half Cadence takes us to a "halfway house" a seminorary resting place on one's journey

A classic example of the half cadence occurs in the Hyror of Joy theme in the finale of the "Symphony in C minor, No.



Ex.3

The Deceptive Cadence-usually the dom mant chord followed by a triad on the submediant (La), is a surprise cadence, which pretends to lead us to the tonic, even

And this, from the same work, closes going often so far as to obey the Melody Law in the movement of its upper notes (Fa down to Mi, and Ti up to Do) but fools us completely with its bass by moving, not from So to Do, but from So to La, as if to the tonic chord of a closely related minor key. It more rarely uses a chord other than submedient and may even prepare a modulation to a related key The byson, Abide With Me, by William H. Monk, begins with a four note phrase which comes to rest on a deceptive cadence The fourth chord instead of being tonic is a triad on La:



The deceptive cadence occurs on the words "with me." Perhaps the greatest deceptive cadence in musical literature is one which Herthoren included in the acheers of his "Fifth Symphony." It is part of a passage which reveals Beethoven as the supreme dramatist among musicians. Instead of bringing the movement to a full close with an authentic cadence landing on the tonic triad of C minor, he introduces without warrang an unexpected triad on La, and then, for fitty measures, holds us in breathless suspense during a gradual errocendo which leads into the crashing opening measures of the Final: Here is the endences



The last two chords form the deceptive cadence—So to La in C minor
The Plagal Cadence—the subdominant chord followed by the tonic (Fa to Do)one of the most famous of cadences, used hymn times to harmonize the word "A-men": and forming the tremendous close of the Hullehujah Cherus of Handel's "Messiah." The combination of these two chords dates from mediceal times, when day use; and its name is taken from one of these old modes. It is less decisive and more peaceful than the authentic cadence Screnteen year old Mendelssohn wrote Screenced year out Memoryson was into his Oresture to "A Midstammer Night's Dream" one of the tenderest and dreamiest of melodies, and capped it with a past of plagal cadeners that are unbearable for their sheer effectiveness



amon is a term used in solemn ratifications meaning "so be it." The plagal cadence has a smalar function in the banguage of music-Certainly the plagal radences in this pay State from Membelssohn set their twin scals The chord combinations used in coleans are not restricted to the ends of musical sentences. They sound equally well at any stage of a composition and help to produce the effect of a logical and meritable for

4 La by continued in March) "I had there has arrive and developed "

to be from coherent months of parties

Integration in Music Study Educators in the field of music are beginning to realize

the serious significance of integration in modern music study. The work that is being done by boys and girls, in bands, orchestras, and choruses, in our public schools and colleges, is truly magnificent; but it will not result in a well rounded musical education unless each student is given a practical working knowledge of music as a whole, which may be obtained only through studying the structure of music (melody and form), the composition of music (barmony and counterpoint), and the color and texture of music (instrumentation). Even when these subjects cannot be carried to an advanced degree, the ability to play a keyboard instrument brings all of the integral parts together within the grasp of two human hands. The pupil is no longer a "one track" musician. That is the reason why in European schools, no matter what other subject the student takes as first study, the rule is Piano is Compulsory,



BAND AND ORCHESTRA DEPARTMENT

Conducted Monthly by

WILLIAM D. REVELLI FAMOUS BAND LEADER AND TEACHER CONDUCTOR OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN BAND



The Band Repertoire

HERE IS A GREAT notoral difference between the band and the orchestra, and the distinction between the two need not be pointed out to even the most unskilled of listeners. They have scrorate histories, but a common sobereindividual characteristics but an insepa-rable bond that is becoming stronger with the passage of time.

For many long years bands have been regarded by the more aesthetic music lovers and orchestral musicians as a necessary evil, and a somewhat inferior offshoot in the musical family. Bands were for the purpose of the mob-it was their duty to arouse with loud voice and martial music, Their appeal was to the senses, and their progress stopped with the easily satisfied tastes of the mass of people,

But actual progress seems to be an inexorable law in almost every phase of life, and were it not so, the hand would be in the future of the band, symphonic and otherwise, and can see no reason why it cannot attain a greatness hitherto reserved alone for the orchestra.

There have been many obstacles to the advancement of bands, and perhaps the greatest of these has been the limitations of the hand reportains. There is no contaof areat music available to the orchestra and that for the band. A primary reason for some of the disdainful attitude of some musicians and audiences lay, and, in a measure, still lies, in the narrow confines of such music as has been written, arranged, transcribed and published for band

For many years hands have been forced to use music of inferior quality, and arrangements that are not suited and that ill-adapted to concert purposes. Limfactor to the ineffectiveness of band arrangements and transcriptions. Most of us are quite familiar with the typical marricwhose instrumentation was preand Port and Prozent Overture, Instruments of the brass family were freely substituted for obor, bassoon, French horn, sion lent its accompaniment to the rather curious final effect. Such performances did little for the cause of bands and hand

The Park Band

PERHAPS THE ENVIRONMENT IN which bonds had to survive helped to lower the worth of the average hand. The usual park audience was busy with its warch for guety, and band music connected with the crackling restless movement, and an intensified volume of conversation. It is possible to apprearranger, who had to consider the limited instrumentation, facilities, and type of au-dience catered to by the bands of the dayarrangements is that there is still a hang-We cannot condram the publishers and arrangers for this limited repertoire, for it could hardly have been a profitable venture for them to attempt arrangements for symphonic band when there was no such organization existent. Yet it cannot be denied that the inadequacies and compromises performance or public attitude toward the and as a musical organization. In the matter of original material, by

which is meant compositions expressly for band, there was pitifully little, and that which was available consisted chiefly of galops, characteristics, medleys of various tunes discreetly called overtures. In this lack of suitable and worth while material we can understand bow greatly bandicapped bands were in attempting to create programs containing musical value and at the same time meeting with the general approval of the public. Arrangements were satisfactory only insofar as they overcame competitive noises of crowd and street or surmounted the popping of bags and coustant chatter of park concert fans. In no wise could band reportaire be considered

Tradition, in many respects, has made the band its slave. There are yet many people who regard the band simply as a military or "here-garden" unit, The hand was perhans born a military unit, and for many years has emphasized that phase of its activity. For this reason there are those people who think of the band as a noise making, marching group which owes its existence to parades on holidays such as Armistice Day, Labor Day, and Independence Day, and to the activities on the gridirons of our high schools and colleges. While this phase of a band's activity is important and should be supported

should not represent the finest standards musically possible. The fact that our bands

tions should indicate a versatility in musical accomplishment which it would be wrong to judge simply from performance on stirring occasions. Priming for such occasions scon becomes dangerous, in that we find ourselves rehearsing only that music which captures the rance of holiday crowds. It is tradition with band audiences to look upon the band as an organization

spirit for combat, whether it be in a came if lootball or in the serious game of war. Traditional also is the concept of the band as an entertaining group indispensable to gay times-pionics, circus shows, races, and other similar affairs. That the band should provide entertainment goes without entertainment can be in the form of good music, and not solely in the form of vande-

Where tradition has thus permitted a limited repertoire for band, it has afforded the orchestra entirely opposite treatment. From its incention the orchestra has been recognized as a concert organization Its repertoire bus been blessed by the best efforts of our great masters. Its wide and varied instrumentation has not changed a

Composers have been attracted constantly conductor has not been faced with the necessity of building his program from transcribed music, as has the hand conductor. The furest of musical literature is at his disposal, and in most instances scarcely one note need he changed. The to be constantly editing, arranging and rearranging, rewriting parts, and redistrili-

Very little original music comparable to the great orchestral symplionics and overtures has been written for band; and the practice has been simply to transcribe most of the orchestra, organ and pisno compositions for band purpose. In so doing, the transcriber is faced with many per-plexing problems. To begin with, he must decide the question of what to transcribe Certain compositions which sound beautiful tion of some compositions makes them im seactical for hand, and with others the character of the music may be the reason for unsuitability. In the second place, the transcriber must give attention to the nechlem of technical difficulties. For instance it is one thing to perform a tremelo or flying afacoute massage on the violin, viola or violencello and yet another to execute the same passage on a clarinet, bassoon, or other wind instrument. Thirdly, there must be consideration of key changes, proper coloring, and limitation of ranges

What to Transcribe, and How THE PROBLEMS CONCURRENT with transcrintion are self-evident. Certain compositions belong to the orchestra, and never sound well for band, no matter bow admirably transcriptions are made. The problem re-turns to the need for original works and greater efforts to improve and adapt for modern band those transcribed works which do not lose value in the change. In this respect, great strides have been made in the repertoire for band, and we find excellent transcriptions of masterneces originally written for orchestra. There have even been instances, in the works of Bach, Wagner, Tschailowsky, Saint-Saëns, Massenet and others, where transcription has proven the composition more effective for band than for orchestra. However, the result in works of Mozart, Haydo and others of the classical era, has not been so gratifyalthough the serious study of these works will prove edifying to any nussical group. Those works which were written principally for stringed instruments rarely are suitable for band—they are idiomatic to the orchestra

One of the most profound movements which has changed the status of bands is the development and growth of the school music program. Thousands of students in the complexion of musical audiences, and this has been heightened by the great numbers of music appreciation classes affecting hundreds of thousands of students in our schools and colleges. The agrazing development of radio and sound recording has added its kinge share in such growth, with the result that a generation of young men not with the view of being entertained for entertainment's sike, nor for the purpose of conversing with neighbors, but for the real satisfaction and enjoyment which comes with true appreciation and intelli-gent understanding of what one hears in Such growth in musical knowledge and

(Continued on Page 133)



"On the Roofs of Paris"-here they are, thirty-eight young men and young women, who, as an American College Orchestra, are touring Europe under Dr. Henry Wallace Stopher, head of the Music Department of the Louissana State University. The roof is that of a modern hatel in the old Latin Quarter. They all look as though they were shouting, "What an Opportunity!"

FEBRUARY, 1939

A Monthly Etude Feature of practical value, by an emirent Specialist

Music Extension Study Course

For Piano Teachers and Students

By DR. JOHN THOMPSON

Analysis of Piano Music appearing in the Music Section

of this Issue

By KAEL DITTIES ON DITTIESORY In the last emplysis the dance is a form of expression-in gestures. Quite aside from national traits and characteristics, the charactor of the gestures emplored vary according to the culture and general background of the dancers themselves. For instance the geasant dances are much more primin every way than the more sophisticated court dunces-even though in many mstances the court dance evolved from the

folk dance of the peasant The German dance, in triple rhythm, differs materially from the refined Viennese walts, also in triple rhythm-although it is quite possible that the waltz form with its many untrices, grew out of the rugged and more primitive deutscher tans.

All of which is automatically sensed by those naturally gifted with musical talent But what about the pupil not so gifted? What direct belo can be given that will enable him to make a distinction in his play-mg, between a folk dance or court dance Mostly it is a matter of rhythm. In the folk dance, let the accents be rather emphatic-on the first heat of each measure in this case; keep the tempo steady and slur rather sharply. Think of wooden clogs dancing rather laboriously on the village green rather than gilded slippers gliding over a polished ballroom floor. This does not mean that the treatment need be lacking in grace. But let the atmosphere suggest healthy, exoberant spirits rather than

This little chance has a charm all its own and should depict the freshness of the outdears. In other words, it should indicate the gestures, six to music, of a people having a good time and making no effort to

MEMETTENNE As indicated by the title, this piece is

intended to depict a Venetian scene and the horozoffe (a piece in sev-eight rhythm suggesting the swaying of a beat) are practically synonymous. This swaying effect is automatically achieved if the rivelim, as outlined, is followed.

25-a little more s'owly In the second section he care the rhythm is preserved where the inner voice passes from right hand to left. The pedal is important and should be applied exactly as

1/1 ASHLIGHTS This number makes very free use of

triplet figures, and perhaps, therefore, a few words about triplets in general may not be amiss Since musical notation makes no prothe value of others, the familiar triplet sign

instance the so-allel "lasy rights "brilliant" triplets, and these placed with

A common error, and one to be avoided in this piece, is that of playing a triplet figure, followed by a dotted eighth and exteenth, without making any rhythmical distriction between the two. Thus

is quite incorrect when played as if it were written

The first group is divided into three equal

تر - تثرّ while the second is divided into four equal parts, each a sixteenth note in value, like

Th - 557

It would be well to guard against this set fall, by which many have been tripped,

MUSICAL CLOCK IN THE BY EVANGELINE LEHMAN Descriptive pieres have a special appeal

for most people and this number by Miss Lehman is very frankly that type of piece a "tinking" tone such as that associated with the familiar name hox of an earlier The pedal is indicated to be used twice

the pentil is indicated to be used twice to each measure, and this will be found effective. However, to those who are more sledled in its use, a slight blurring with the pedal will enhance the effect even more Show up the lemps toward the end, indirection that the check is gradually run-IN A RICKSHA

Ry ELIZABITH L. Horson Another norre in the descriptive style is

is the oriental idea of taxi service. The opening theme depicts a gay street left hand part indication the broself between the shalts of his velocity as though he were a draft animal of some

The second section changes character (and rhythm) and is played in stately Give your best singing tone to the melndy notes played in univen by both hands

Throughout the piece make as much con-

DIPROMPTO

acter of an improvisation. The most outstanding pane pieces in this form are the "Impromptus" of Chopin. There are several sets of pieces by Schubert called "Ins-prompting" but it is extremely doubtful st this title was given by the composer himself. It is generally believed the term was applied by the publishers. However, the title sometimes, as in this

instance, gives a direct clue to the interpretation. Play it in a manner not too dogmatic, apparently following the mand Note the change of pace, also change of

meter. Follow the many guides to expression as shown in the text, and the result is bound to approximate at least, the intentions of the composer.

FROSTY MORNING By GEORGE HANDS Play this little number with the crisps

freshness indicated by the title If you happen to be a purist, and need something more definite than a proper "mental attitude," try following all the accents, slurs and other marks shown in the text, and the music will start speaking for itself! Give proper resonance to the note- played by the right band thursh in measures 5 and 6 as well as m other measures where accented dotted halves are

it need hardly be pointed out that the temAo must be brisk at all times and the pedal used sparingly. "dawdle" over the roll-utandox; not make a quick recovery of the tempo as the original pace is resumed

SCHERZO

Here is an excellent study for the deelopment of the forcarm attack. Be sure to play all repeated church on nificance to the accented chords as well as those hearing sostenate marks

Naturally this composition should be learned first at slow towns, with rather brend stocents, allowing the largers to remain on the keys long caough to register of the chords Later, as spec l develops, the storeoff should be made more brittle, notil finally they are heard ston-Keep the character playful in accordance

with the title and make the most of the dynamic changes which cover a wide times ADAGIO IN F WATOR

This . Idingio, like most of the slow more. ments written for those forcemmers of the piano-the harparchard and clavellord plann the indiscrete size crave ford contains many embellishments. Because of the total limitations of the earlier keydelicaes and never allowed to obtrude on

think of cuth your as baying a work or

thereughly enjoyed, these slow movements from the classes assume not only intelli-gent performance but intelligent listening They must make an appeal to the intellect as well as to the emotions. Among mu swinns, this type of composition is referred to as being "pure music.

SONG OF SPRING Herselt is looked upon by some author-

thes as a sort of connecting link between the style of Hummel (his teacher) and that of Liszt, which followed some time later To the perfect legate of Hummel he strove to add more somerity, breadth and bigness, which of course ultimately reached great beights under the fingers of Liszt. These qualities are evident in his many fine compositions for piano,

This number is very lyric in character and while the right hand sings its song in double notes, the left supplies an extended arpeggio accompaniment designed to and edited by Constantin von Sternberg alto, before his death, was eminent as a pionest and teacher in Philadelphia,

LITTLE BROWN BEAR By B. R. COPPLAND A short, sixteen measure piece for the first grader.

The melody is divided between the hand for the most part and words are supplied to these times so that they may be done to time torres so that they may

HAPPY HANDS By Cynes Malexon A walts to be played in lively tempo.

In the first section in G major, the right hand carries the melecly, mostly in thirds In the second section the left hand has the theme while the right hand supplies arcompaniment clurds.

THE MARCH OF THE TIN By MILBERT ADAM Here is a piece for left hand alone

ways welcomed by the little Willies who like to eat popoorn while they practice! Both storato and leasts come in for all equal dare of development. A novelty number which can be used to coul effect by ingenious teachers.

SQUIRRELS AT PLAY By three Extens

Besides being a cute little number, the wer, has pranistic value as it develops the playing of limbers, grace notes and intersking state are The group of notes and nig motion of the hands—impers held clear to the keep to sound like a obsassion

THE A MENTINE By HELFY CRAME A toucial little number with the melody in the right hand while the hit hand an

A BIRD CALLS IN THE WOOD

Street che reamer of shu signs is pare Sire in other to matate the ford ralls are

the thirt while some slurs are throat toms A listington between the two forms is an essential part of interpretation



THE TEACHERS' ROUND TABLE

Conducted Monthly by GUY MAIER NOTED PIANIST AND MUSIC EDUCATOR



Expanding the Teaching Field partition of the continuous properties of the control of the contr

Do you organize your students into weekly or biweekly classes? If every pupil is required to attend such a class, you will be challenged to find stimulating programs to keep your classes going at red bot temperature. Do you play to your students, either briefly at their lessons, or as an occasional special event? Have you ever thought of organizing a group of preschool ame children for general music training? Or of teaching one of those fascinating classes of "music appreciation" for adults? Have you discovered the joys of piano ensemble (four and eight hand) classes, composed of young or adult students?

Have you ever thought of submitting a fifteen minute piano program with you in charge? The possibilities offered by such programs are only now being discovered by piano teachers. Local stations are usually avid to fill up their hours with interesting broadcasts, even though they are seldon willing to pay for the time. Yet there is to nersuade the broadcaster to "rake un' the funds to keep them going.

Or, if us you say, you have had long experience, why not follow the lead of a progressive teacher in a small city of the porth meet? She writer thesa: "I have an excellent class of thirty years' standing in W-------, Washington, I

must tell you of a grand project recently born of the need to escape from four studio walls. I have just completed my second season working with piano teachers in Alaska-a month of intensive study for holiday are only limited by one's vision and energy," This, after thirty years of teaching!

What an inspiration to the rest of us. And one's region there are many backward districts where conscientions, aspiring music teachers are waiting for the chance to attend a course on some phase of piano study-class plane or preschool methods, tation, or a course in modern technic. few teachers, even those who can "deliver such a plan across. Perhaps you are one who can and should. Why not try?

To Develop Speed I as a nature of plane student, but still have french working regulately, cludes and peers my to required easel Can you give he some stagestions which night help in over-

tackled the speed problem in these col-muns, but am willing to take one more chapter Just remember that you can play results over more of millione per-Only morous and geniuses can get away with anything else. The rest of us moderately gitted middle of the rusal unforknow as well as I) unless we energe nur poor little minds every day to force this thinking technic to higher and higher levels, we will not get anywhers. That's exhorting, constantly demanding sharper concentration, Unfortunately this takes so gone of a teacher's "life-blood" that few are willing to force the issue

As an eximate of intelligent musical throking let us work out part of a difficult adeum passage from Lisat's Purophrase on themes from "Randetto":



is best fingered by using the fourth on all black keys, excepting that very small hands may use the second and fifth on B-flat. G-flat. Note that I have plarased and more hered the four note groups as the first step toward charifying the passage. Play the left hand of group one (urist high!) lightly and slowly, accenting gently only the last notes (1), A) thus:

Ex.2

in all these phrased groups, A.J. that um are going to the final tones. You can first notes of the phrase. Now plus group

all over the keyboard. Practice group two and group three in

Ex.4 نسنش practice very slowly and very fast

three and groups three and one, similarly; then play the same groupings (1, 2-2, 3-3, 1) without pause, thus

,,,,,,,

and finally the three groups busether -1, 2, 3; 2, 3, 1, 3, 1, 2 Later, put the right bond derivate a similar process, and after-

compelled to think about, you have telt going. Do not work in this intensely concontrated way too long at a time. Rest often and take a turn around the runn Then return to the pains, and compel your self to think each group through to the and beare you pay it, I present you will

But you will have to decide for yourselt whether you are willing to go through this "agony," or whether you belong to one of those other categories.

Help on Modern Music

What modern music, Dobuss, and others, would son give to a graph of is mirelligant, talked a dist a great an her? She has just dashbut for strong you in high what She plats the Hart - Fron Part Inventions; and in a rechain she plats the and its a recital side phayed the cholors contain interval of a first Number In-Commercially Described to the property dops and her twinder to the property dops and her twinder was grand. But heavy, As she be preparing for the heavy, As she be preparing for the Number III at reduced to Section 2 of the property of the property of the of Sephana and Chepur of moderat difficulty, month by advisable—I. M. H. Massachibetts.

"Modern" pieces, not difficult: Cyril Scott, Pazan milia; Debussy, Vociume; Debussy, Peclude in Aminur; Pinto, Childhand Serner; Jron, Etady from "Nymplis and Satyre"; Treland, Rasamaffur: Cer-vantes, Cuban Dan ex; Respighi, Novturne; Pattison, Morning Sangs along the Army: Dolmanyi, Rhapody in C nojov; Sgam-bati, Voctorne; Medtner, ldyl, Op 7, No. 1; bati Necturus: Medtuer, littl, Op 7, No. 1; Berners, Sudant Hoenpipe: Albanes, Cor-dulus, Radimentudi, Prelude in G. maine: Prokofiell, March in F. minor: Telegra-tin, "Bagatelles, Op. 5"; Ponlene, Pas-torale: Ravel, Parsus.

There are no concertos by Chopin or Scheman of "moderate difficulty", all are difficult variation compositions, way may try Welke's Konzertsin't, Meodelseshin's "Concerto in G minor" or "Concerto in D minor," or his Capricrio in B minor, or Musarit's "Concerto in A major" or his "Concerto in C minor?"

Starting a Class

Starting a Class

Ishaw the upon timity for the filling and the start of the I am personal I am and the I am and I a

If you can put over your plan for three this lessons a week for the very young children at will be an ideal arrangement. expenting that each class should be at least

For the older promps and especially for the kyson carefully, using any one of the teachers' manuals for class giano methwhich the publishers of Tare From will gladly recommend, every moment of the sixty minute period can be made spon-

Counting!

I am glad to know that there are still some teachers old-fashioned enough to insist on "counting"; but I hope you resist the temptation to do this for your proils at lessons, and that your students count only when necessary to feel the correct note values. There is rething more deadering to conceptration and musical feeling than the soporific restration of the same monot-onusly measured numerals. (What a grandiese way to put it—I just couldn't resist the temptation!)

As for the use of "one and" and so on I see no objection whatsoever. If you prefer

A Jealous Parent

A yearon's problem—a nather who knows some myest and have a been and relevant a more. After the different medium and relevant a more of a first three many consistence and relimbers that I have supported and relimbers that I have supported and the source of the medium that we result demand and have the medium that we result demand and have the some myest and the source of the medium that the medium that the myest and the source of the myest and the source of the myest and the my

snap! When the tant strings of your patience finally give way, why don't you say just that to the pesky mother? Or if you still feel it necessary to play the dish-matic game with her, why not suggest that she write down an outline of exactly what she uants done, and you will carry it out the last dotted "i" and crossed "t." I toots for at least three months. That ought I have lead several unhappy experiences

"So, what?" as our youngsters would

or usule more progress than their own chilat recitals to emphasize the excellent musical characteristics of each, and to show that one real was in his own way as good as the other, so that hoth mothers' divings could share by their own colored lights. That seemed to keep the children friendly and honey, but did not seem to have any salubrious effects on the mothers? They, alas, remained implacable enemies,

The Meaning of Musical Ornamentation The Psychology Behind These Interesting Tonal Decorations in Music

By The Noted Pianist and Teacher IAN CHIAPUSSO

THERE IS A SOURCE of most inritating annoyance to students and artists alike in these little quaking. quivering ornaments, trills, mordents, inverted mordents, grace notes, appoggra-turas, slides, and a host of confusing, microscopic musquito legs, seemingly invented by pedants to gall students and to spoil their fun. Everyone knows that they are governed by rules, rules, which are sternly dietated by that awe inspiring ghost. tradition. And there always are people who wield the imposing rod of prestige by this magic word "tradition," If it is tradition to elay an ornament a certain way, all heads bow down in reverence, and the joyous voice of musical instinct is struck mute. In our modern days of greater freedom

in which we drift steadily farther away from ancestral authority, we are apt to see the most entirely through modern eyes, and or rather with that nussical sen which still rings in our cars with the strains that delighted us in our innocent years. And the repertoire with which we are brought up, is largely of the remantic

Pure piano music delights andiences and students more spontaneously than nansic conceived for old instruments. Consequently we are apt to think old music in terms of romantic and early XXth Century music. The melodies of this familiar speek do not seed adorument of these frills and curli cues. And now we have made the mistake always has been natural; so that we look down into the musty museum of pussical history with great pity for those poor people who had to embelish their musicbecause, as it is generally believed, their instruments could not carry the tone long enough, This is still the current theory taught in many a class room, and many a text book on nusical history supports badly informed-was so thin that it did not lest but a few seconds. In order to over-come this primitive deficiency, the unfortu-nate artists, such as Rameau, Buch, and even Mozart, living in these "backward" times without planufortes, had to take recourse to trills, mordents and the like to

Indeed, one can forgive the holders of -for the old François Couperm Immseli made the statement in his book, "L'Art de Topelier le Chycem," that the reason for the existence of these embellodments was When an artist tries to be professorial and tries to give causes for effects, he often no many ornaments into his organ stores, and into his trice. Why then did singers in the middle of the XV lith Lentury adorn

single note in Couperin's compositions. which is without some curlicus or other. In soite of this disapproval, Bach went right alread and belaced his melodies almost as much as his French colleague. The Leip zig Bach Society Edition has the authentic ornaments, which originally adorned (just to pick as example at random) the Three Part Inventions. The F minor one, for instance looks like this, when written our

60 to 2 50 ft > 2 50 ft for the filter of the Now we play it merely,

AND TO PETER Examples of this kind could be quoted without munber

It is rather astonishing to sec this little melody thus overladen with sewelve of this trembling and sparking sort, but it is still more astoursting to see them on a cheral prelude for organ, placed there by Bach's own hand. Look, for instance, at Bach's variation on his organ chorale (Peters Edition, Vol. VII. page 88). As

Antiferior district More custellishments could bardly have been crowded into this Bule melody And this is for organ! What becomes of the argument of Couperin and the advocates of melody of Connerin, from La Lnauber,



If we take the curly wig off this little proce, and contemplate its natural appearance, it turns out to be a very sample and goodhearted little time, not quite unlike a them among Bach's works

and compared it to that of the pramoforte. If not let them take a chromos to hand and make the experiment. They will find out that the modern Strumes of Pleyel or of Dolmetsch, or the one of

Frenchman's works. There is bardly a is quite doubtful Certainly we cannot judge the old instruments by museum serves. If we would place the most beautiful Steinwa on a museum. I am sure that, after a period of some two hundred years, it would sound as thin as Bach's harpsichord does after the same lapse of time.

> An Age of Artificiality WHAT BRASON, then, XVIIth Century and XVIIIth Centure sicians so fond of embellishments? This is a question which is very hard to answer with certainty. Some philosophers, observing this tendency toward ornament to

speech, dress, hairdress, furniture, and architecture, have tried so trace it to a general psychology of artificiality and disomedation, which swept like an epidemic ver Europe at the time of Louis XIII and When the ever warring feudal lords of

France gradually had to yield to the strongest potentate among them; when the greatest power segregated around the king; and when finally an absolute monarchy merged from the struggle; then a situation of a unique psychological tension had ruled independently over larger territories, now were simped of their power and reduced to mere vassals of the king. To precut their revolting, which they clid not fail to attempt, the French kings kent them contented by giving them large fortunes and a luxurious and idle life at court; all he while disciplining them by means of the most cluberate program of etiquettes. Thus they were invested with a mere afterglow of power, while their real worth and

All the labored refinements and exaggerated formulaties of the court bie were designed to tram the nobility into servibity. Every trivial daily occupation of the king was turned into a solemn ceremony, if not (the rising ceremons was called the petit-(the room errounds that think out prin-levie), of dressing, of breakfasting, conduring the states business, receiving dressing at right, his laughing, his toughing his eating, his games, everything was made into a great occurrence to which it was a royal honor and duty to be present Nobles vied with one another for a preferred place in the files of housing and equital shortspots to authors France ZM potting on his angust stockings or of natching the daily metalle of his being the toyal chapel or so the hatte thrater

of long-cond for art of trops of the may say that tree, undermosts are better. By the Table 10 and 1 Indusdudu) at Dusolini



human lapdogs and playthings. Their taste became effeminate, lighly ornate, and artificial. Their entire psychology became one of the utmost artificiality. Since their only ambition was to be in favor with the king, they had no true and natural standard of their own. Those, who had once been of a rare of mightly feedal lords, had turned into a cast of laced, powdered and bewigged

Man camor five without an ideal. And so in France the ideal of the age grew from the desire to beautify, to dissimulate and gesture, every speech, all dress, the style of furniture and architecture, everything bore the stamp of affectation. All taste of that age betrays the will to dissimulate, to make things appear more graceful than they are. Hence the wigs, the hoop skirts, flowery speeches, the profusion of little shells and flowers on furniture, of Ince and backles on men-and of trills and grace notes on melodies Furniture was not made for lazy comfort.

like that of us Americans who throw out the that of his Aberreaus who throw our legs over the round endifored arms and sink deep into the pillous, or of women who fold their feet under their legs and curl up in a soin's corner. No, it was made to sit on, creet, and to form an elaborate frame of carved wood atoend a buman doll Even conversation was beautified and

ished and elegant language of the Pricions. as these affected creatures styled them selves, used the most florid and claborate phrases to beautify, or adorn the most ordinary speech. For instance, a mirror they called '2 conneillor of graces'; a chair, "a commodity of conversation"; crenever eyes, but "stars or sins;" a butlet, "a superfluit;" Instead of saying to an entering visitor, "Please take a seat," off gave the hellowered speech, "Allow this commodity of conversation to embrace por Ser Even an entire dictionary of such elegant expressions was compiled. To tel the butler, after damer, to blow cut the candle, the hosters would say "Supcandles, the hostess would say. fluore one, extinguish this glowing ardon It is unnecessary to mention other phase of the astribual in this Roccio life. They are in such Instotucal phenomena is that some underlying psychology produced Same will to enabellish in so many acids And must did not escape this. To be surtimescal or namentation is a product

Tradition Has Its Value Now II A PLANTS of our day wishes to Hundel, without their embellishments uncle is will play a consoly of Molecules turcide, or west a Louis XIV costing

FASCINATING PIECES FOR THE MUSICAL HOME

GERMAN DANCE DEUTSCHER TANZ





ing in your care. Grade 4.

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FRANK H. GREV

Operation M. M. J. 1200

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This fine recital number appeared in The Etude a number of years ago and is repeated by request. It is very pianistic. The work has a forceful climax which declines instantly to a tranquil and effective planissimo in the final measures. Grade 5. LILY STRICKLAND Andantino espressivo M.M. J = 72 ₹ 1.4 ş poco rall. 55





MASTER WORKS

ADAGIO IN F MAJOR

From the Sonata in C major

This delightful Addigio from one of Heydra's leaser known senders in given as Opas 7th. However, It has so many Mozartian teaches that it, would seem that the work as probably written after the memorable meeting of Mozartian Bloghta in Vennia in TSA. Mozartian is TSA. Mozartian after than the Heydra and the Addigious States of the Mozartian and Heydra in Vennia in TSA. Mozartian is TSA. Mozartian to content in Heydra, better in his career, learned from his brilliant younger friend. This composition has decided educational whose particularly in well believed belyfan and detail planning one will not efficient ended of publishment.







SONG OF SPRING

Adolf Henselt was born 1814 in Bavaria, but lived in Russia, where he became plantst to the Court of the Czar. The compositions of this master suggest quite clearly a treatment with an ultra-refined touch, closely supervised by a keen, critical, and sensitive ear.



ETUDE'S COURSES IN CULTURE

"MAKE YOUR OWN VALENTINE" PARTY



HEN sending out invitations for your Valentine party, specify the the pirit are to bring as their entry takets, valentine they have greatly included there are even runnibers of boys and quits, you should have, if goodsle, just the right number of valentines to put on a tray, from which each boy will pick one, thus finding his "valentines" for the supper to form

To start the party in the right mood, have the musical items of the program dominantly love songs, or sentimental ballads, wisely interspersing them with games, such as "Musical Chairs." For

games, such as "Musical Chairs." For this game, place a row of claims, one less in number than the guests, in the conter of the room. The guests of the conter of the room, The guests of these to various kinds and treap! of music, which is abruptly supped every so often. Then each must try to get into a chair. The cone left standing is out of the game. After each round our chair is remained. After each round our chair is remained and appropriate sourceit for his or her.

an appropriate souvenir for his or her agility.

Another game, that is good fun, is "Gundrop Sculpture." Each guest is given a small hag of assorted sizes of gum drops and a dozen wooden tooth-

picks. A figure of some animal, human being, or preferably a famous character, must be "sculped," using only the candies

must be "sculped" using only the cursues and toothpicks as the media for the out-line. The best figure wins a prize. This can be made more intricate by suggesting that the figures be only along a given line. Everyone will be astonished by the macradous peoples of the cursue of the cur-pension of the cursue of the cursue of the cur-tice.

line. Everyone will be associabled by the marriedum results of this game. A third game, that will take the postate of the game and will cause great like children and will cause great like in the children and will cause great like in the control of the control o

times pet by humbacked arrow in him and sell bilm to pierce the beart, right in the center and Cupid will may be the beart of the center and Cupid will may be the center and cupid will not be the center and cupid will be person searce the center, give an auto-ready with the center of the center, give an arrow of the center of the center

you upon request.

Since this is really a children's type of party, keep the feeling of childhood, and serve a supper in the same mood-

"Owen of Hearts" Sandwickes. With a heart shaped cookie cutter, cut slices of brown bread. Butter thickly and spread with homemade cottage cheese, topped with current jelly and another slice of shaped bread

"Screttmental" Cap Caker. Cream one-half cup of butter with one cup of sugar. Add yolks of two eggs; one-fourth of the rind of a lemon, grated; one-half teaspoonful of vanilla. Beat one-half reaspoonful of vanills. Beat whites of two eggs to stiff froth. Sift one and one-half cups of flour with one teaspoonful of baking powder. Sir mixtures together, with cup of cold water or mills. Fold in whipped whites eggs. Line smallest cup cale tins with paper baking cups of Put about one teaspoonful of batter into each cup. This should make fortyeight cup cakes. For icing, cook one cup of granulated sugar, five table-spoonfuls of hot water, three tablespoonfuls of corn syrup, and three egg whites beaten over boiling water, stirring vigorously for seven minutes or until it makes a good stiff froth. Add one tenspoonful of vanilla, Beat, Ice the cakes with this and inset a small motto

"Valentine" Sandwickes. With the heart milk-softened peanut butter and ton mak-somened peanus number and top with chili sauce. Cover with another alice of shaped bread.

will among present pupils but also are exceptional stimulant for new students, who like a little pleasure with their

nevorations yourself, arrange your means and give you the recipes, upon request Make this department of real service to you, by using a often. Elizabeth Lan-child, Room 013, 350 Madison Avente, New York.

candy heart into the top, or sprinkle with small, red, heart shaped candics.

If you do every hit of this yourself, it will be truly a "make your own valen-tine" party; for it will be found that you

Share your ideas of a novel party with e, and I well, in my turn, help you plan on table, give effections for making the

A CULTURAL TRIP IN 1939

To Soothe the Savare World

"Music," it has been said, "is the universal language of mankind." The charm of nelody knows no barriers of nation or tongue. It is not strange, therefore, that a gigantic musical schedule should form a vital part of the activities of the New York World's Fair, called "The World of Tonorrow"—an enterprise in which clighty to ninety nations will participate officially, a gala event to which visitors will throng from every part of the globe, and which is dedicated to international anity and peace in "The World of Tomorrow."

To bring the best of European orchestras and soloists to New York, a fund of \$1,200,000 is to be set aside, according to The New York World-Telegram. Opera companies from Paris, Glyndeloutne, and Bushpest lawe alraedy agreed to perform. Part of the fund will be used to air condition the Metropolitan Opera to personal Fart of the same with the above to an constituent the excreptional operation. However, the same and Carnegic Hall, so that these two landmarks of American music may be fully and comfortably utilized during the summer months. The more intimate Steinway Hall will also probably be actively used during The Fair season. In addition to musical programs, Steinway Hall will feature an art exhibit, and the personal stamp collection of Theodore Steinway

Mayor La Guardia of New York calls the World's Fair musical program, one "the like of which has never been presented anywhere, at any time, in the whole world." The musical calendar will include six months of opera, symphony, solo, choral, and folk music, and ballet. America will provide the opening event, a Wagner cycle with the Metropolitan Wagnerian cast, starring Kirsten Flagstad and Lauritz Melchior. National Music Week, the first week in May, coincides with the opening week of the Fair, and will be observed at the Fair's music building.

And so, more than ever before, New York City is due to become, in 1939, one of the greatest centers of international travel. Many signs of the oncoming flood of foreign visitors to The Frain Line Fair are beginning to appear. The French Line is scheduling a special cruise from France, and the London office of the Canadian Pacific reports a deluge of inquiries from prospective British visitors, Both the Holland-American and the Cunard Lines will have new superliners affoat in time to handle the traffic to and from The Fair. One European nation intends to send about twenty thousand of its children to spend a week at this great inter-national exhibit of the promise for peace and progress in "The World of

Assurance are also being made to serve a greatly increased number of two for the New York to the countries of Encope, to South Assurance, New Foundard, Bernsula and the Caribbean country, New York has always a principal jumping of plane for world travel by Americans, and it is expected that many who come to the Fair, especially Westerners, will seize the opportunity to take those occurs tray here have always wanted, while in the East.

In the intermingling of nations at the Fair, we Americans will see the be-In the infermingling of rastions at the Fair, we Americans will see the be-ful the infermingling of rastions at the Fair, we Americans will see the be-set by foreign countries in wisting this country. Many of us will want to return the visits of our ferends from abroad, to see more of the foreign world eir loody, and its promise for the inture, as predicted by The Fair Superred by the inter-sal in the property of the proper or the distinctive folk rhythms and harmonies of the Latin American countries.

Thus will the New York World's Fair become, for the time, the vital crossroads of the world in every sense—a center for the exchange of ideas, sympathies, and hopes of the peoples of every tongue, of art and music and industry, and of friendly visitors, from all lands,

You and the Fair

That readers of THE ETUDE are going to be well represented at The Fair, and in the subsequent ocean trips, cannot be doubted, on reading the many inquiries that are coming to this department after the January announcement, One reader writes, "Your article on the World's Fair proved most interesting one reader writes, from a roce on the words Fair proses most meet string and gave me the idea that I had better 'put in my nar' carly. I, like many others, plan to attend the Fair and would like some information on a suitable place to plies to attend the Pair and women necessary available in private homes close in? Stay. Do you know if there will be rooms available in private homes close in? What are the best hotels in the down town section at moderate rates? Also what hotels are for women only, and what are their rates?"

A Canadian Extrue reader says, "I expect to participate sometime in June, as a member of the Schubert Choir of Brantford, Ontario, who are asked to sing at the Farr," What a glorious copportunity—to see the Fair, and to be a part of the musical life!

All sorts of family groups are planning to go and they write: "My mother and I are coming to see hoth New York and the Fair", "Special electrical dis-places or features will interest my husband, who will accompany me": "We will be a family party of three adults and one child."

Those readers who have not yet written, or who require further information, should direct their majuries on The Fair, or other traps taken in conjunction with the Fair, to the Error. Travel Edutor, Suite 613, 350 Madison Avenue, New York City. You know you want to come. And don't forget that ocean trip.

"Queen of Hearts" Sandwiches

Sentimental Cup Cakes

Candy (Red if possible)

Shopping



with Theodora Van Doorn

Concert Make-up

SYMPHONY IN CYCLAMEN

Recently I watched a young person don a hundred-year-old plum colored taffeta dress, which she was going to wear while portraying Elizabeth Barrett Browning at a masquerate. Her usual high coloring paled perceptibly, which necessitated arti-ficial stepung—up to get a proper blending

next strepusory to get a proper blooking. Them and older shades that here a blook the strepusor of the strepusor of the strepusor of the cooker and the strepusor of the strepusor of the cooker and the strepusor of the strepusor of "light" miles on by and, when strepus "light" miles on by and, when strepus one models by the opportunity manufacture, the strepusor of the strepusor of the strepusor on and old the consert steps, on any of the consert steps, one of the manufacture, the strepusor of the strepusor that the strepusor the strepusor that the strepusor that the strepusor that t

th white.) Miss Arden recommends that all make-up uld be put on the skin when it is absorbed lutely free from grease, and so we started this mouth's makeup test with a thorough cleaning, using her "Make-up Remover." this month's makeup test with a tunougui cleaning, using her "Make-up Remover," which is a creamy liquid that has a pleas-antly swift action, leaving the skin ready for the "Late de France Lotton." For Contor the "Luke de France Lotion." For Con-cert, use a dark rosy shade, and specad-tharthy all over the face. The best way to apply it is with the control of shoothest cotton that has been previously mustered in rold water. This paid aids in griting the base perfectly and evenly distributed. Two shades of eyeshadow are used by Miss Ardows experts. When combined they say these give a less "pointed" look Miss Artices experts, When combined, they say those give a less "justined" look to the eyes and correct minor farial fault-for example, if the eyes will make them few noticeable; if they recede a hise-green will bring them fouward. In the Article Article, all of the shadows are you on with a camer't hair point brind, in order on with a courses may point brush, in order to give a transparency and evenness to the various tints. This brush is easter to use than the fingers, and I recommend it strongly to all who mest make up for public appearances. (It's good for private appearance, too!) To make up the eyes, start from the center of the eyeld and paint lightly with dark brown, up and out, follightly with dark brown, up and out, following the line of the cycbrow, With the second shadow (bluey-green for normal eyes), paint a chinaman's shurt from the center of the evelid. If you want to know where to get the right kind of a brush,

write me.

Now ming Kossor Coquette for the cheeks, bring the color high to the lower bil (after conging for your shape of firet), cutting across the "circles" that are under the eye Bloud the color well around to outer edge of the eye. This work of the chiminate those dirts, address the control of the chiminate those dirts, address writerless. If them rus (before rouging) with "Stage and Serven Foundation (remit" in a color to match the lighter portions of the skin. This is also fine for the records with very small eyes, as it tends to make them appear larger Since wide cychronis are fashionable this

Behaviourism

ear, they should be merely trimmed not year, they should be merely trummen, not placked. Brush your eyebrows skyward, and hring them into line across the top only. If your eyebrows need darkening, or lengthering, soften the eyebrow pencil (in lengthering, soften the eyelrow peach (in your shade) with cream. Use this as you would an oil paint, and with a camel's hair brush, put in what is needed

To kery this nalecopy fresh and design and be give enhancing understoon to the and be give enhancing understoon to the condense of the condens To keen this make-up fresh and clear,

(Coppette) with a rabbit's fact, our cutor Your mults can either manches your rouge. Be sure and always practice your make-up before a brightly lighted marror several times before you plan to wear it. In this way, you will know just how much of each other is right for you.

way, you will know just how much of each color is right for you.

Should you find yourself in a different to user with ulatform or steet make-up to user with whatever color you wish to user, you can always find out from Three-dora Van Doorn, Room 61A, 359 Madison Avenue, New York Chy.

MIND YOUR PLATFORM MANNERS

While attenting a concert of the Singers' Club of New York a year ago, I was de-lighted by the beautiful platform manners of James. Melton, who was general artist. After the had grariously accepted to the en-core requests of the authorize who had acked for several of his well-the acked ressers, he turned his based on the case-med sang over of of the chief, whose goest forming members of the chib, whose guest he was. Such nonsual consideration for fellow singers, that the appliance stopped

the concert.
Stage hands, electricians and all those who are met before the mu-letan even steps on the platform, should be recognized as important contributors to the success of any platform recital. Their good will and provide a position of the contributors of the success of any platform recital. Their good will and my partition in recent, a near posed will and necestred assistance is sought by every observethy performer, for a misplaced or croughy cohered light, or a builty fastened networkthy performer, her a missigned were a most creating on these as most creating whether the state of the performance of th

New Charm Aids

NEED A LIFT?

In England, the word for elevator is "lift". I suppose that is where the expression "it gives you a lift", need by a famous manufacturer of eigerettee, had its origin. Busy musiculus, teachers, homeowies, even debutantes and yes, sub-lebs, need a "lift". deletization and yes, sub-sides, need a "lift", when they want their eyes to appear at their very host, but hirve had no time for the entomary long rost period. You can still have that fresh, deay look, by using still have that fresh, dewy look, by using a splendid new discovery in the form of a doubto-shaped, saturated piece of lelt, which when left over the eyes for from ten minutes to balf an hour, exhilarates ten minutes to ball an hour, exhilarates and refreshes the whole type nea. Mastive Eryc-Lifts, used as illustrated, release a special formula that is said to made hencircal to eyes that look old or flatigued, suce it has a plessionity astringent effect on the lines allows the eyes. The Ewe-Lifts of \$2.00 for a jar of 12 is very reasonable. Once you have enjoyed the results of this shaple, effective "lift", you will won-der why you hadn't used them long ago, You won't "used a lift", you'll have out. Shopping information on request.

MORE WEATHER AHEAD To clean the wind-ravaged complexion

and to protect it from further rough treat-ment, Confe. All Purpose Olive Oil Cream for this most adaptable. Virgin Olive uses for this mass adaptable, Virgin Olive, Oh, apide green event, (write me absent them.) If you alternate its use anth Couril Parte Ohire, Oil Castife, Soap, (which is be the may, a perfectly grand band and lody soap as well), you will have a smooth acknowled complexion, through the blus-ceys February and March days blood (See Procondure loom for navoval adors). new February and March days about (See December boar for a special infections offer December and Section 1). The recum is odd 50° and 50° are for a special special special 50° and 50° are for the manufacturer will be and 25° are for the manufacturer will be also be also be about the proposed of the manufacturer of the special specia ghad to mirror you caree, at you can't have them locally—upon receipt of the ad-vice that you are an Perse reader and

ton a number of other New Charm Asks.

Character Make-Up AMERICANA

"Yankee doodle came to town—yankee doodle dandy". February, the birthday month of two of our greatest Americans George Washington and Abraham Lincoln ally chosen as a fitting time to give is usually closuen as a fitting time to give operettas, parties, pageants, and recitals whose themes are based on the times and lives of these great partions. Continental soldiers at Valley Forge. Spirit of 76, Plannations down South are often favorite tableaux. With the portrayal of these characters a feel at two processing and these characters as feel at two powers.

often favorite tableaux. With the portrayal of these characters, a full stage make-up gives you the healthy, ruddy, out-in-theone look, that the defenders of our rights laid. Then too, young people can take on the post of age only with the skilled laid. Then too young people can take on the proper proper of age only with the skilled laid. Then too young people can take on the proper people of a post of the proper proper people. So while greece points.

So while proper people of the people of th

uill have all the basic colors, from which every type of make-up can be had) I used the grease paints, in stick form, to compound the previously mentioned Con-tinental soldier's complexion. The result

was most redukt.

Here is bow it is dome, After you invegreard your face in the usual counse?

Seed, in the order given, #1 (fulls), #4
and a small by and #11 (fulls) of age (fulls), #4
and a small by and #11 (fulls) of age (furmine). Blend the #18 (full of first bours fightly. Shadow the eyes with grow to end at the full of fulls), the full of full of the neck and well behind the eass.

Before powdering, you now have a spletted hase on which to try character makes of different types of cycbrows, wrinkles, lines and so on). There are perfectly seed to the control of the control o

thick and so on!. There are perfectly sample, casy-to-follow directions on how to transform yourself from a youth to a deducting old a comm or man in the "Steal Make" ! Manual". (If you haven't a cop' of this helpful hooklet, write me for or strain.) Europeans and the source of the strain of the strain is the source of the strain of the strain in the source of the strain is the source of the strain in the source of the strain is the source of the strain in the source of the strain in the source of the strain is the source of the strain in the strain in the source of the strain in the strain in the source of the strain in the of this belyful booklet, write me for our gratis.) For example, writskes in the for-breal, are herizontal and shightly down-at-the-course like spinted with a deep be-color and under-print with a lighter pro-gree with a lighter pro-gree the shudows through the course of the can study character by the course of the can study character by the course of the lone can study character by the course of the c One can study character lines by observ older, people; then by trying them over your grease make-up. Thus one can set plement the information from the many Looking into a well lighted mirror, who half-closed or squinting eyes, you will see just about what your audience will see Be sare to accentuate your eyes and eye brows, and form smile wrinkles at the adds nith #18 carmine.

It is no carmine.

If in occupant with your mind with your mind within a firm to experiment with your ment are resulting a character you were a visit or minde your own face to sail you will not be made you con face to sail you will not be made your within a firm of the mind you have the time values of the colors and you know that you have the time values of the colors and you have the time values of the colors and you have the particular within the colors and you will not be the colors of the colors o as, promptly as possible, as we want this to be a real service to you and to make alliance with the theatre, the pagent and to alliance with the theatre, the pagent and the masquerade Send cont question by Theodora Van Hoora, Room 613, Madison Avenue, New York City.

It is great fun to experiment with yo

Shop by mail through THE ETUDE



A Magnificent New "The Mikado" in Technicolor

A Cinema Presentation from England Which Accomplishes the Unbelievable

By WILLIAM ROBERTS TILFORD

OR YEARS The Etude has assailed harmful movies, but it has realized that the moving picture producers are meessanth faced with the problem of making movies that will appeal to the largest possible andience, not or making movies that will appear to the largest possible mathematical those which appeal to a limited text. It a movie with a wide scope can be used: and at the same time excite the interest and patronage of people of taste and

and at the same time exert the interest and purrouse of people of tasts and coloratine, the production unsupers built with diedely, the production time of the production of a new Technical fitting of the Gilbert and Sulfiver Makada, making the Proceed Studies by Gilbert and Sulfiver Makada, the production of a new Technical by Gilbert and Sulfiver Pulse, Lee, and the production of the pr ing of this film. We went clan in old Savoard prejudices, and came away filled th enthusiasm. We could not conceive that the exquisite and convulsive satire with enthusiasm. We could not concerve that the exquisite and convisive saffice of Gibert and the delightful times of Sulliyan might not lose some of their pections fragrance in the transfer to the movies. The opposite has happened, and we predict that this film will give as much joy to the cluonic Saxonard as to the period of the control of the con

The first difficulty, of course, was that of articulation. Every word of the are arst difficulty, of course, was that of articulation, bytes would of the Gilbert libretto is precious. Only the actor, trained in the traditions of the Savoy Opera Companies with the high routines of DYOde Carte, knows the very great value of this. In the chouses particularly, which often tell part of the plot, every blessed word must come out, not merely so that it will be underpas, every messen word must come out, me there's so that it will be usually stood, but also so that it will have its proper significance. In this particular, this particular, this particular, this particular, this particular, the stood of the control of the con

just ble it.

Misseally, the production, while varying here and there from the order of
Misseally, the production, while varying here and there from the order of
the original, is altogether superh, lungume having "The Missea" does with
the exempaniment of the Lordon Scingborn Gorbestin, and with the real
DOPHy Carte charts, Alt this is necessified without pixing liberties with the

sext for \$5000.

The \$5000.

It is a proposed setting gives recent for a not of order and needs largepromed that are a should even in these daylings are Director Scheiderings,

for the sext proposed and the sext propos Webt, and a concert value of a Beginning theory and the sessionate. He similarly violan with Henry Schemissed, underlying the Beginning Schemissed, Beginning Schemissed, under Man Dendi Jahr 1997, and the Language and Char 1998 of Jahr 1998, and the Beginning Schemissed Schemissed

who has made this rise famous in his day and generation. It was the Mikhado in the Winthrop Ames production in New York, in 1926, Kenny Baker, an American born in Cultural a, as X-ands-Fuo, proved a real find. He is one of the most peoplar radio singers in the United States, Martin Green, as Kra Ko, is

most pender radio singers in the Unified States, Ministi Green, as $E_0 E_0 E_0$ is the intrinsition. Been in claimand, the sea of a farmous singer, the between a newhert of the DUDy's Care are and has word a long street, or the contribution of the theory of the singer street, and the singer street, and the singer street [90], he has contributed millions with the deflect, and in the falls, as $P_0 d_0 P_0 d_0$ is consisted millions with the softenty, and in the singer size $P_0 d_0 P_0 d_0$ is the source of millions and becomes a singer size of the si

Technicolor was done under the direction of the Virgmin girl, Natabe Kalmas

who is the leading expert in the field. The cast includes John Barclay as the Mibuda, Barclay is an English Grand Opera Singer, trained by Jean de Reszke,

to be known as Savoyards, of which there are thousands on boths sides of the to be known as Satoyaou Atlantic, Philadelphia, for instance has maintained a "Savoy Opera Company" for years, It is composed of highly talented amateurs and some professionals infected with the Gilbert and Sullivan germ. A production is given every very

at the Academy of Music.

W. S. Gilbert, who was born in Solao, London, in 1844, the son of a musica instrument maker, was one of the kernest of English wis, His mind sparked like a cross circuit on a liveh power line, and his lumnor is just as finning to-day living about a revival of the woodcast find more which greeted these works in the Fightus. Ne longer can people, who revel in real fin and like to bave it combined with heautiful settings expert acting and incomparable ourse class

that the movie producers are not giving the world their best Wards for "The Mikado" Here is a real treat in store for you

THE FORWARD MARCH of MUSIC KEEPING

A Department Providing the Study-Basis for a Broader Musical Background

WAISE DIANO INVESTING W E HAVE just recommended the purchase, for two hundred dollars, of a baby grand plane gree thirty

years old. The instrument had had normal use and showed slight damage. One or two

of the ivory keys had to be replaced and

the chony veneer was "checked"; that is,

like lines which do not show at all if one

stoods a few feet from the instrument To

while, as such a job would have been ex-

pensive. We examined the piano for tone and seneral playability, but we did not ex-

amine it for mechanical or technical defects.

We had an expert tuner, a real piano maker, do that, and he certified that with

really fine condition. It is always unsafe

for a musician to pass upon the state of

an instrument. Only an expert piano me-

auction room, the pisno we have described

The point is that the piano was a superb

might have cost two hundred dollars more

instrument when new, one of the firest instruments made. It had stood the test of time and still had ten years of good

value in it. The plane cost when new about \$1200. The purchase price, after thirty years was, after reconditioning, \$272. Therefore

it cost the owner of the piano for thirty

years use only \$928.00 (without the rela

tively small cost of upkeep), or only a little over fifty cents a week and all the

three the owner had possessed a really fine instrument. There it stood, closuent of

the years of joy it had given its owners.
Who knows how many weeklings it had
seen? What solace it had brought to those

in sorrow? What refreshment it had given

to overworked minds? How many halv

fingers had climbed into the musical world

that of an automobile at a similar serchase

price. The motor car had to be a mighty

good one if it did not part company with

lar for dollar, an automobile costs about

almost twenty times as much per "upkeep-

year contrive to hav an automobile for

anything from \$600 to \$1200 besitate at

these figures for a piano. Yet the piano

re always relatively far cheaper. Not every-

one is able to pay \$1200 for a piano even

when the cost is carefully budgeted. The objective should always be to spend all

that one can rightfully afford and then

make it a point to deal with a legitimate

dealer. Do not expect the very commercial cheap plants "to stand up" and do not let

but when it comes to "ascryenis" the fine

of pinuos at ten years of age that could

Strange, isn't it, that many who in some

its owner at the end of five years

vear" as a piano.

rs the instrument could be not in

was creased all over with little lace-

nish the case was not thought worth

CULTURE OUIZ After each question in parentheses will be found the number of the page in this issue upon which may be

found the answer to the question. Let each question count for ten noints After you have set down your answers, correct them by referring to the pages mentioned. Then credit vourself with ten for each contact answer. Total this amount and you will have a revealing estimate of your general sussical knowledge.

Where was a famous evidence of pre-historic art found in Spain? (Page 77)

Who was the teacher of the great American baritone, David Bisplam? (Page 124)

an instrument. Only an expert piano me-chanic can discover irreparable damage. The piano in question had had "normal" use and care. It "stood" the purchase with repairs and carring, two hundred and seventy-two dollars. It was a real and somewhat rare bargain. Most pianos of such are have been overused and abused: and it is a risk to buy a second band niano 3. What did Henry Ford have to say unless it is certified by a responsible dealer about making money? (Page 78) H sold through a legitimate dealer or an

> 4. Was the Gregorian Chant sung acco panied or unaccompanied? (Page 126) 5. What did Cardinal Mercier describe as

'the intrinsic aim of art"? (Page 81) 6 What American university orchestra

toured Europe last year? (Page 91)

 Who wrote one of the earliest key-board methods, "The Art of playing the Clavecin" (L'Art de Toucher le Clavecin)?

Did Slukespeare make many musical errors in his plays? (Page 85)

10 When should the music pupil count?

11. How did the composer Lully injure his

12. What is an authentic cadence? (Page

MONTHLY MUSICAL EXPANDING YOUR CULTURAL AND MUSICAL LIFE

By Joel Anderson

BOOKS are like music in that they must appeal to a great variety of tastes, degrees of receptivity, and life experience in education, travel, and contacts with men, women and affairs. Thereselect those books which "the average reader of THE ETUNE" (if indeed there is "average" render) might peruse with advice of practical trained librarians, Among the books which seneared in the

boliday season are two entertaining and

somewhat sophisticated pictures of New York city, "The Tales of a Wayward Ing" pany, \$3.00), a veteran, but very lively hotelman who "just knows everyhody," Its interest to renders of THE ETUTE lies particularly in the fact that the genial nderstanding buniface, while operating tributing a kind of incurator for genius, political, dramatic, literary, musical and otherwise. He gives a very extraordinary first proof etching of many of the most distinctive figures of the last twenty-five sears. Of course, a very large part of the book has to do with hotels, particularly book has to do with hotels, partscularly his own extraordinary hostelry, with all of its notable human phases. But New York is the largest hotel metropolis in York is the largest notes metropons in the world. Over a third of million people sleep nightly in New York hotels. My Case's very penetrating record is full of witticisms of the great and quasi great. For instance, when Godowsky was asked his opinion of a recent composition of mechanical composer, he said "It counds as though he had written the finger-

ing first and then put in the notes. ing first and men put in the notes.

The other book about Gothum bears
the possessive title, "Cecil Beaton's New
York" (J. B. Lippincott, \$4.00), and is by 7. What great tenor of the past will be the subject of a new movie? (Page 82) York (J. B. Lippincott, \$4,007, and is by the brilliam young English arrist and pho-tographer, Cecil Beaton, whose portraits of the Duke and the Duchest of Windsor attracted wide attention at the height of the international romance which still keeps nternational commune water sens terps by rubbing their eyes. Mr. Beaton writes many runtung tour eyes, asr, negation writes lightly, philosophically and with uncanny lightly, phinosophically and who thousand prescience for his years. With its gay and presence for its years, while he gay and eriso sketches and photographs, it is what the author obviously hoped to make it the author onviously ropes to make he smart and debonair. On the whole, we feel that Mr. Beaton's lens saw more accurately than has pen, that he wrote about things as he wanted to see them. The camera tation, "The American has his food every, served at nome given at room time this is probably seventy-fave percent wrong and

and Mr. Beaton has only penetrated the and Mr. beaton me only penemated the cuticle. It is illogical to try to make the cuticie. It is impressed to may or make the next repressed the whole Charles Dukens, the chapter in his "American Notes." thy of Tembergung, is given out I be view of the added tooks and liabilities to the Eastern Permeasure Over unuse lower such to give particular atternal and the physical street of the added tooks and liabilities of the physical street of the added tooks and liabilities of the added tooks and lia Integers to the Factoria Pointeentars. Our crading at unphal unaging the Philadelphia the transfer for the Street former former

PHYSICALLY

Kerchoo!

HOSE gasp-and-explosion success followed by heroic fanfares of pose-I followed by heroic fanfares of nose-blowing that you hear around the house from October to April have their humorous, housey side. When one of the family is rendered inarticulate by a "code id de dose," one's apt to be the object of some good-natured banter. Yet we all losor that the dangers of serious complications put the common cold among the most treacherous of human ille.

Trake, for instance, so seemingly inno-cent a feature as that trumpet-like sequel to the succee. By blasting away at both nostrils with all the pressure your lungs can muster, you force quantities of germcan muster, you force quantities or gene-laden nucous deposits into the delicate mechanism of the middle ear. Thus, you risk involving the ears in what started as an ordinary head-cold. Everyone has experienced the temporary sensation of deafness that so often accompanies a severe cold. Even partial impairment of the hear-ing would be doubly sad for those of us who rely largely on music as our medium for the expression and enjoyment of beauty.

The tragedy of Beethoven is a case in

For securing greater breathing comfort with a stopped-up nose, your doctor or pharmacist can recommend any one of a number of palliatives. Among these are many inhaling devices, both in home and pocket sizes. To reduce danger to the ears, your handkerchief-tacties should include the following rule: Blow one aestril at a time, and blow gently,

Soft absorbent tissue paper handkerchiefs which are used once and easily disposable have a member of advantages for the cold sufferer. In clearing the throat of phlegat the tissues provide a means of expecto rating without spreading contagion in pubtemi-public places. Use of same cloth bandkerchief several times causes a burning red inflammation around the nostrils. An endlessly running nose will begin to put a strain on your laundering arrangements and your supply of lines handkerchiefs. A clothes hamper full of drenched handkerchiefs exposes the rest of the household to contagion. Paper handkerchiefs seem to offer the solution to all of these problems, and your supply can be conveniently committed during a long stege by traring the tissues in half. Con-

bring these advantages with an inhalant there is also a montholated variety of tissue paper handkerehief. Two Seasons in One

Sixen course are highly contagious, it's an unfortunate fact that the cold season and the busiest music season contends so exactly. As an auditor or a performer at all ports of musical gatherings through the winter months, or as a teacher seeing a number of pupils a day, you are constantly exposed to colds, which may seriously cur-

tail your important musical activities Voice and word instrument performant are all but paralysed by a cold, and the per useded for any sort of practice, study or teachers. teaching is dauply out of practice, such teaching is dauply out. The teacher part represent the whole Charles De kerns, while sile is down with a cold Once you 1842 may observed on person referm, and not not to smooth fit is movine for court over 1842. and instair to others to parterpare even

in every way possible without limiting (Continued on Page 141)

Write, "I sav it in THE ETUDE."

110

OUTSTANDING VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL NOVELTIES

THE SWEETEST STORY EVER TOLD One of the very successful "heart songs" of all song literature. It has been sung by popular demand by many of the most famous singers of recent times, Mr. R. M. Stults, a very prolific and gifted composer, was born in Hightstown, New Jersey, on June 1, 1861 and died March 24,1933 in Ridley Park, Pa. Words and Music by R. M. STULTS Espressivo Andante an-swer me a question, love, I Oh, tell me that your heart to me is heart for thee is pin-ing day by an-swer me, my dear-est, an-swer pray; peat to me the sto-ry ev - er Oh take my hand in yours and tell me, true, a-gain the me close Whis-per o'er and o'er it joy to thee when am the dear-est, sweet-est sto told: Whis-per once a-gain the sto-ry The sto told-Whis-per o'er and o'er the sto-ry dear-est, sweet-est The old. Tempo di Gavotte dear-est, sweet-est sto-ry ev - er told -





PRELUDE IN D MINOR



THE ETUDS

BY THE LAKE OF GENNESARET



SARABANDE



THE ETUDE

SARABANDE

FROM SIXTH SONATA FOR VIOLONCELLO IN D MAJOR



FEBRUARY 1939

PROGRESSIVE MUSIC FOR ORCHESTRA





DELIGHTFUL PIECES FOR JUNIOR ETUDE READERS





THE VALENTINE



FIFTY YEARS AGO THIS MONTH

American musical life, gave this vigorous ts mission in music.

When we speak of technical develop ment we mountly think of muscles and nerves operated many and subduct by the will, made to perform certain motions, or made able to perform motions. This is a very limited view. Broadly conceived, it involves the unity of muscles, nervous force, mental nower-including emotion, thought, will-and the spiritual being. These are not, however so many senorate elements to be brought into unity, as our textbooks would lead us to think, for this unity already exists by virtue of the unity of being. But what we must do is to develop the consciousness of this unity through the expression of itself in art forms, which are thought forms

"A study of technic, then, involves the consideration of the unity of the spiritual. mental, and physical, in the order of cau-

CALVIN B. CARY, a virile influence in early sation-truly a large subject and worthy of the most exhaustive study. Its practical realization on the part of a student means the highest knowledge and control of self. In fact this is too large a subject for consideration at the present time, and we must confine correctors to the relations between the mental and physical, endeavorments of definitely definable mental exponents of definitely definable mettal activities; that physical technic is the exposent of a clearly definable mental technic and that therefore any true development of physical technic will be secured rationally

In the relation of these two factors, what is the primary medium for the manifestations of thought? Is it muscle or nerve? Not at all These are secondary media. The primary medium for thouseld enjission is what is termed nervous force. Mountage energy is the manifestation of molecular action, induced by this mysterious agency, nervous energy.

Lessons With Ossip Gabrilowitsch

(Continued from Page 89)

I wrote him a letter neging him to con-tinue. To my joy, he promised he would; and, when he returned to Berlin, I heard him for the first time in recital.

An Epoch Making Occasion Truly unlifting moments do not come every day in our lives, and so they are all the more trensured in one's memory. This recital marks the most thrilling episode in my whole everience. I had, of course, recital was an epoch making occasion in in his own career, as Berlin, heretotore, had never appreciated many of the pianists who were popular in America. The Germans frankly did not care for the remantic school of playing. The musical god of Berlin was Buson; and his disciple, Petri, was a great favorite. Other successful pinnists were Schmbel, Lutschg, Gold-schmidt, Godowsky and Lltévume We were all wondering how Berlin would respond to Gabrilowitsch, who was distinctly of

That evening, in Beethoven Hall, exreason for our excitement, as we were to see his lovely bride for the first time. When Mr Gabrilowitsch proceeded to play it was a revelation to me. Never before had I heard the prano sing like that, and never had I seen an audience so enne-

the romantic school of playing-

tionally worked up. Such poetry and such temperament! His climaxes in the Variations Serieures of Mendelssohn were so exciting that we clutched each other! There was a moving simplicity about it all. None of us could sleep that night, we were so

The critics lavished the most unqualified praise upon Mr. Gabrilowitsch, and his praise upon ALL CREMEWERSCH, and his triumph over Berlin was complete. I have owing to the fact that his playing never degenerated into sentimentalism. He always position, and his creed was simplicity and known from the class room, he was a past master of balance and proportion and had no patience with superficiality. That, of artificial distortion of the real thing. He was able to touch the hearts of the Gera fiery temperament, all his playing was backed by the repose which he regarded as essential in putting an audience moder a spell. The combination of consummate taste with inspiration made him an inspecially safe model for us to follow (To be continued in This Erune for

Musicians Should Read History

By ARTHUR O'HALLORAN

THE AMERICAN SINCER, DEVID Displanconnecating ten factors of prime impor-tance to the student of swaging placed general education and entiree us care of them. This applies equally (possibly more) to the planest Every serious student of

History has played an impressive part in musical composition, having influenced tory belos towards both the under-tanding

and enjoyment of many of their com-Take, for instance, the "Siberian" and the great Patowasse in .1-shet of Chopun;

or the one now poon, rimanus, of Sabelius. Can it be depied that the underthese works, steeped in national feeling,

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"The vacaning of song goes deep. Who is there that, in logical words, can



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The Tremolo: Its Cause and Cure

By HOMER HENLEY

THE DAYS WHEN DAVID BIS-PHAM, the baritone—then the light opera idol of London—u.us studying i William Shakespeare, he began to feel an urge for study in Italy, "Master," said he to Shakespeare, "I must go to

Italy to study."

"If you do," replied Shakespeare, "you will come back with a tremulo."
"Even so, I must go," rejoined the famous baritone. "I feel that my vocal destiny would be unfulfilled unless I had the experience of actual study in Italy for at least a while." Very well," said Shakespeare; but he when, after two years absence, David Bisplam came back to hus and said ruefully, "Well, Master, I've come back with that tremulo, as you predicted. Now, how long will it take you to cure it?"
"Another two years, my hoy," replied the great teacher, blamily.

And so Bispham struggled for a long two years to set his vonce right again. He had acquired a had case of relents (they often call at tremolo in Europe), in Italy; because the rebrato is in "the Italian taste They like the vibrato-the Italians. They think it gives to the voice the flavor of (to them) would be like food without salt -tasteless And are they, these Italians, so far

Let us examine the case a little.

The instrumentalists of the prefication employ vibrate, for effects of beauty and emotion. The brass and reed players use it, and so do the pertuon of the violin Some instrumental pedagogsrightly or wrongly-deliberately teach the stheats should only grow out of the player's budding artistic consciousness. But they all, these pedagons, believe that the rato is a definite part of the equipment of every artistic player

The Wisdom of Vocal Sages WHAT SAY the voice teachers? That is,

the good ones. I think it is reasonable to affirm that they believe a certain automat of true ribrato song where stresses of emotion occur

abere it is necessary to make clear neser le adons-side under any recoin stances whatsover. The rebrate is, in a

voice; for nearly all of the great voices in grand opera possess it. It cannot be denied that, in opera at least, the rebrate lends Nor can it de denied that many of our foremost singers, in opera and out of it, employ a degree of subrato that adds little to their artistic stature. On the contrary, it has become a fault with them, where once it probably spelt a virtue; and then, perhaps, only on account of its having been

The Church and Vocal Sins OUTSIDE THE BYALM of grand open, the

excessive vibrato is not broked upon with any great degree of favor. In climich choirs, for example, it is distinctly not encouraged. Church congregations aspear to regard it as almost immural. I recall the case of my own pupil, Leonora Corona, now prime donna soprano with the Metropolitan Opera Company, During her three years study eke out her limited financial resources by elect out her implet intench resonances by eleurch choir singing. Sie obtained five dif-ferent church "jobs," but lasted less than timber - powerful, emotional, thrilling in-deed, and with a pronounced, though not ex-cessive, vibrato. She could and did create the Metropolitan, alternating in some of not hold a church "job"; they did not want

It always has been a claim of the vocal is represented by a straight line of sound; strady, unwavering column of tone unfor the calms of church singing might readily be granted. But that it would be equally ideal for the emotional turnelts of

The valence might be almost termed a fromg, publing, making theill which are balanced freedom of the voice. companies a tone sufficiently free to vibrate speak—this, of the course, without excess— lends to the voice sufficient culor to escape always the charge of coldness.

Partners in Vocal Crimes HORE, THEY, ARE TWO eminently desirable

Greatest offender is the tremolo, Second musical car, Both outside any laws of revognized taste. And both conte inexcusablefor the excellent reason that they can be

What is a tremshi? It is an intermittent coral sound made by constantly successive rapid tensions and releases. Exactly like gasoline engine: a compression, an explusion: a compression, an explusion: definitely. But the human sound resembles

What is an excessive ribrata? It is the long, continuous and (seemingly) imcomtrollable waving undulation of the singing by singing with too relaxed a throat. (Obpes? It is easily possible to sing with too open a throat: and William Shakes. mare always sounded its dangers to his ing fraternity, who have not yet learned

These two voral cubs, then, are the realts of two diametrically opposed causes. The tremolo is the result of overtension: a steady, unwavering commit in the control of the serving undu-liferantical by any faint of the waving undu-lations of colorato, or of the horred, jagged but equally permissions liability to cradinate the causes which have brought them into graph-line of the trymofo. That such a the causes which have brought them into straight-line tone would be a fitting ideal being in both cases the bad habits have resulted from a wrong conception of grand opera is a question on animal yearth and nothing could be more fatal by the

Just exactly which are those muscles? For the answer to that, let us turn to the acknowledged models on which the sir should constitute right singing—the great singers. How do they breathe? Why, pre-

cisely able. All of them. How do I know? Because I have spent hours with nearly every great singer in the world; and they all have sung for me in private, and breathed for me, and shown me with meticulous exactitude every detail of their singing and breathing processes. And how, then, do they breathe? Very simply. They stand with high (and held high) chest. Shoulders down and back. Abdomed maciously forward toward the audience. Dr Frank E. Miller, the famous throat pecialist, in his book entitled 'The Voice, ers rightly states: "This forward inclination of the body, which retracts the abdomen, automatically brings about a proper adjustment of the diaphragm, and is the

final detail in the correct method of drawing in the breath; and one on which the old Italian masters of byl canto insisted That Vital Breath Control

FROM THIS LORRICT POSITION results the correct herizontal expansion of the ribs

wherein the breath is rightly controlled by the muscles of the sides and back. And when it is said that this breathing process is simple, it is just that which is meant Here is the formula again; If the chest be larre is the formula again; if the encertaint beld high; if the shoulders are never suffered to rise; if the abdomen is drawn slightly invarit; if the hody is inclined things are marietained whilst singing, you will be breatling for singing as do the great usual artists of the world. As I stid These simple processes balance the breath

correctly, because they bring into play the proper nuncles for right breathing, and cause them to adjust their tensions to a miracle of nicety-nothing overstressed nothing underdone. And if the breath be halanced correctly, then immediately has begun the business of cuting both the fromon and the over-florer. The word begins is used advisedly; for long contomed balos of wrong singing may not in curred as quickly as they were formed But they can be rured, if certain devices bese devices come under four headings. Holding has the heath, Utiliar mg items fully the supporting column of tone in the head cavities. Dwelling more and more bunds on the mental picture of singing on inthe team singing out And

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Set these torn admonitions on your pine where you thought may constantly deed



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care given to listening to the tone. Later, try to unite any two of them. Little by little it will be found that each device acts life a granning-book in holding the tone both firm and steady. When you have arrived at the point of being able to join these four around and through your every tone, confidence will begin to wait upon results (no matter how slight at first) and you (no matter how slight at first) and you will go forward to a goal of perfectly steady tone emission, and, consequently, of vastly improved tone quality. Here are some definite exercises which should be undertaken, daily, and in the

order mentioned. So Ills Are Healed

Convey water yower. Als on any convenient note in the lower-middle range of the voice. Whisper it at first, but that the time as on whisper it. When you sense the freedom of threat and absence of effort which the whispering engenders, it will be disthe whispering which even distantly suggests entire termolo or ribrato, nor can there he Certaigly this column of air is perfectly steady. Repeat the whis-pering many times before going on toward an attempt to reproduce the steadiness of the whisper in an equally steady singing tone. But sing the tone as softly as possible, striving to emplate that same freedom of throat and absence of effort which you felt in the whisper. Follow the ah with other yavels, on the same note. Later, attempt mates on either side of the one on which

The next step should be to begin again on your original comfortable note, with the cowel ab, and essay the messa di roce- audience.

them. Separately, at first, and with infinite which is the swell and subsidence of the which to the teme, the Es. 1 and Same

> and carry this on as before, with all vowels, un and down your scale. The yowels may he followed with words of one syllable and, presently, with longer words and short verbal phrases. But take care that, in this exercise, you do not sing loudly at any point. Indeed, my own opinion is that no loud singing whatever should be attempted until a thorough mastery of the steady tone

> One should now enter upon progressing from one note to another in seconds, thirds, fifths, and so on, up to and including the octave slop; with the car kept constantly alert for any detacture from a perfectly steady, controlled tone. These progressions be sung first on single vowels; then on short words: then on long words and uluases, as before. But always and ever keep in the front of your consciousness the four main imperative points which must he national throughout every step of

L Hold back the becath Intensity the tone in the head cavities, Sing integrally: never outwardly,

Use your will power, on every tone, for determined stendiness. With persistence and resolution in the frequent daily employment of these exerclses, there is every reason to believe that any voice suffering from the evil effects of the pernicious tremolo, or the equally undestrable over-ribopto, may emerge a freshinto a tone control which will satisfy th car of its owner as well as that of his

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What Do They Hear in My Singing? By LESLIE E. DUNKIN

"WHAT TO THEY HEAR IN MY singling which they do not bear in the singing of others?" was a question that helped Roland Haves to start and to continue to give his yest applicaces of enthusiastic fixteners as individual touch-individual with Roland Hayes himself. This questioning thought was given to him by an appreciative lover of good music-good singing-in California, after one of his concerts. Having digested the significance of the

pestion with which we began, Mr. Hayes thus coursels young singers; The aspiring singer takes this question

seriously and at once seeks an answer to nind, while singing to his large audiences. The pendering of such a question will help any singer, whether anatour or pro-fessional, to improve himself, so that 'He's a good singer' will be changed to 'He can really sing! any sunt:
"The sincere artist keeps hunself, as an

surge, or our one or one persons, to call attention to binself as an individual He listeners to talk about himself. "He may make a practice of singing while busy at his work, no matter whether

no my preparation on proceedings singuity, not methor helped to cure me or merely

sincing; they want to miderated the words and their message. "There are two answers to that initial "The first answer is that the puditor

wants to grasp the song's special contribution to music and to life. Before farme any audience with a new song, the artist ticular song. This must mean to him more rhythm. Once he has absorbed this mesage and spirit, himself; then, with no dividuality, he must so sing the song that earls listener will catch its import,

music and to life. The singer must have found and developed a message and spirit he desires above all other considerations. he sings he wants each and every listener to feel that music and life have been made better and stronger because of his indi-

"This double unswer to that personal question will help to stamp the aspirant as an imbordual in his surging. He will

*Farly Discipline is most necessary. One cannot have use me district, one

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THE ORGANIST'S ETUDE

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Enriching Organ Accompaniments

By WILLARD L. GROOM, F.A.G.O.

AN ORGAN RECITAL may be one way of brusping out the beamies of organ and of organ playing, but its most the only way. Every church service offers fane moments for artistic achievement in the playing of improvisations, interlucks, organ music, and in accompaniments. It is the litter activity that we are considering in this particular instance.

The style of accompaniment to be used is based, first, upon recognized standards of propriety, and, after these have been considered, then, upon personal or individual ideas of aesthetic beauty as it enhances religious woophin.

As an illustration, let us cite the case of Gregorian Chant. All the eminent anthori ties in the field of the chant maintain that traditionally it was sung unaccomponied They feel that the unisonous nature of the plain chant is its chief beauty, and they agree that where accompanienent is to be used, it must be used sparingly, just enough of a background to give support to the singers when played upon plain foundation stops of the nature of diapasons. In the face of this situation, then, it would seem inexcusable and marcasonable to accompany the Asperges me, the Mass of the Angels, or even a Vesper psalm on a Gregorian Psalm tone, with any such stops drawn as the oboe. Cornopean, Vox humana, Tremolo, or with any use of contrapustal obbligati, no matter how inventors. Now that we are finding so many uses for the plain song in the various Protestant services, this fact is most significant. There is practically no point to introducing the mediceval nausic, unless it is to be given the mediaval flavor and atmosphere. impossible to modernize Gregorian Chant

There is an interesting story in regard to this point. It is said that Réland R. Terry, late organize of Westminster Catherna and the state of the s

Adding New Riches

IN THE MAYTH OF HYMN PLAYING, with the autooncing of bymn tunes and the secompaniment of processions and congregational singing, so much good material has been written that there is lattle left to be said. One phase of the work, not quite clear in the mind of the organist, is the matter of "filling in".

Now a large smaler of parite this that the chord of a lyane, as it appears on the paper, its smallest part of the paper of

For The, O deux, door constry, and it has been done in unique other cases. The fact is that good organists do the same tiling, at it that good organists do the same tiling, at the wheesy small organ, or every lime they have some need of lending a master edite to a processional playsur of for simulating the same tiling of the same tiling of the parties who is associated with a everyallydependent of the same tiling of the parties of the parties who is associated with a everyallydependent of the same tillness of the parties of the parties who is associated with a everyallyparties of the same tillness of the same for parties as principle of the hyposis book, at would be impossible to sife a large group with heavy degrees.

When Hymns are Varied In citrucurs where your style is a tradition, a general plan is followed which is no doubt familiar to all of my readers.

 For those lymns of a sensoth quiet devotoeral nature, the clear four part score is followed, with perhapthe addition of sixteen into bass motes, where depth is needed.

2. On all hymns where power and majesty are desired, or on special verses of certain lymns, the chosed are filled m, and this must be done cleverly, without altering the general scheme of luarmony, unless the choir and congregation are singing in union. Hymn playing is an art, potent with un-

Figure paying is an art, pease, who are imited possibilities for beauty. Who sale through changes in rightm, regardration phrasing and touch, we can mulerstand how some organists make each playing of a hymn a real work of artistic merit.

Many of the changes in the style of

accompanient can be tabulated. Hymnoof a certain type may be amounted, with the melody taken on a solo stop, such as Poure, Perfect Poure, with the introductory verse played with the melody, on the Obsetnation to take care of the above, hence and laws parts, played by the left hand and polish. Seriet turnly abouble be maintained, and at should be played in the time: at which the congregation is expected to stam it.

the part of the control of the manufact and a running counterpoort of approximately the second control of the manufact and a running counterpoort of approximately the second of the control of the contr

At least this can be said, these preparations show some thought and some attemps to bring forth the power of diguity and feeling of devotion, rather than the mere grinding out of hymns in a routine fashion, all on the same combinations.

A Unique Art The MESSPANISHEN to Auglicia chams

THE MICROPASSIMENTS To Amplicate charges should be mostly given out on the manuels, without sixteen or four foot camplers. Here is another type of work which its done in a clean and unsidered style, a style set by tradition and those who know how. There are certain of the Ampliran change which can be suing softe rower, in unison, with beautiful effect; and in such cases the

organist may after the harmony with each terse, abunning, of course, any effects that are too hibstree.

The organ background for anthems and

can'tick non-money count for autherns and can'tick non-money new studied and utreed cut with consumers as the vessel and article fasish. At woman is the vessel and article fasish. At woman is the vessel and article fasish of the splendlad accompaniements are the result of careful listening to the organ plying of careful listening to the organ plying of careful listening to the organ plying of the careful listening to the organ plants of the careful listening to the organ listening

rediffraged was someter or somes was a reterring to make it is much a way at the control of the condensates, For some melodic passage bower of the control of the con-

toward gaving that symphonic touch and cathedral-like atmosphere to church music, no matter how small the church, nor how limited the organ,

"Do It Differently"

Musicatar, many a service consists of an anthem and an organ offertory, week after week. Why not reverse that order occassionally 5

seemally:

Neverse that order occasHave the authern during the offertory
and out the organ purer in the place usually
occupsed by the authern
Call is an Organ Meditation on the bul-

letin, see an Orosan Meditation on the bulletin, selecting, proposed as a most to see a searching mediation, quetmant to see a propose it carefully, regions it it effects and the clauses are to the construction will be talking about be pleasing no states? But prepare it carecinguistation will be talking about be congregation will be talking about the engage and the construction of the congratable, as vertibable point as a swalable, as vertibable gold times of variety is unlike head themselves tradity to this continuation.

Any piece in which the sustaining quality of the organ and the arpengio and scale arguidables of the punic can be millionwill sound well, if needed in this way. If a viola is added to this combination, the effect is still further endanced

the enter is still further enkenred. There are we still notes the accompaniments of which not not not all accompaniments of which are not at all accompanies it is not on the organ. But, if the accompanies is put on the parameter is fait, which is fait, but on the organ, the effect is fait, which leadship, examples of this are the Media Mathh, examples of this are the Media Mathh, examples of the are the faithful mathh.



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Her Last Début, Perhaps?

One evening at a young debutant's emergence from the nunsical caterpillar stage, attended by the usual gathering of doting relatives, pressed-into-service husbanek, brothers and vague friends, the attitude of the proverbialty hard-boiled critic was amusingly brought to my attention. rehearsed bows, the authorice broke into an exhorting all those within her range redouble their efforts. In the seat directly "My word, she hasn't placed a note yet

he gasped. "What are you applicating for?"
I may never get another chance," replied the cynical one ... I (allow (ritic.

On Obviating Some Mechanics in Organ Playing By PARVIN TITUS

my swell boxes at this point? These are questions which arise continually in the performance of organ works. The answer is, of course, that there is always a way to be found which will produce the desired result with as much case and as little interruption to the flow of the music as is experted in the performance of an

accomplished planist or violinist. By way of illustration, we may desire the addition of a 4' Flute on the third ond Prelude. During the phrasing of the melody, on the second beat the stop is added by the right hand; or, if the desired

combination is set on a piston convenient to the left hand, the piston is pushed by the left hand while C on the third beat is played with the second finger. Guilmant's Invocation in B-flat, measure

19, offers a still better example of good technic in registration. The right hand must he phrased after the third heat, so we take advantage of that breathing point, and of the slight riteratures implied in the number, to add with the right hand a light 8' Flute in the accompaniment. On the next beat the melody (played by the left hand) is phrased, so the left hand adds the desired stop or coupler. The original tempo is resumed in measure 20, with no disturbance to the listener because of a chord prolonged or delayed without regard to strictly musical considerations. A return to the original registration in measure 29 is effected with equal smoothness by the left

Measure 54 of Bach's five voiced Fagur is C (Peters, Book II; Schirmer, Book

OW CAN I GET THAT STOP III) is a case in which musical phrasing or coupler on? Or, how can I close does not not not be a support of the coupler of the coupl "nlaving" combination pistons may be used. the left thumb pushing a piston on the Great while the right hand plays the secand sixteenth note of the third best, thus,



puntal flow has resulted from the addition The organist most train himself likewise to use the right or left foot with equal

acibity on swell pedals or pedal pistons In the Prelude in G major by Mendelssohn a diate distinguide in measure 38 and a crearendo in measures 39-41 will be made by the left foot. In the needs part of measure ure 42, high C will be played as an eighth note; the left foot will depress the Great to Pedal reversible during the succeeding rest, then prepare low B while the right foot plays the E-flat on the third beat, thus giving a perfect legato to the phrase. Turning of pages (if music is used in playing) should be planned as carefully as changes of manuals or of registration. If a thorough study reveals no alternative an assistant to turn pages, and even to aid with registration, is infinitely preferable to awkward pauses or painful inaccuracies at crucial moments. Organ music can, and must, sound as if no mechanical problems whatsoever confront the player.

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Learning From Other Choirs By EDWIN A. LEONHARD

LIKE THE SCHOOL SENCETS who visits classes other than her own, in order to gain new educational ideas, both choir and choirmaster may profit by hearing for themselves how singers outside their own particular church render choral music. The chairmaster houseld, if, during part of the year, he should have no evening services, may sometimes attend those at

other churches. The season when his own evening services are not held is likely also to be the time when other choirs have only the morning

There is, however, one objection to this service to sing A possible alternative is service to only of postone meetaletive is for the chormaster to send a representative

to various churches from which something can be learned, to report in each case to the next choir rehearsal. Taking his singers once or twice a year drals or other large churches within convenient distance is also profitable both to

hear vocal effects and to acquire something of the sperit of worship there Finally, joining with other choirs in union services and taking part in choir contests have a certain value. In the latter, comparison of the renderings of each body of stagers with the work of his own vocalists gives the chormaster a clearer view of the goal toward which he ought to move.

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A GREAT CREANIST and teacher used to say, notes. This makes for clearness. 3. Organ music is written in parts. This gives excellent mental and manual training, thought and performance.

on the plantst's playing.

Reading the third or pedal line and nipulating the organ's pedals give mental training and art as a meetal stimulant All these things have only salutary effects

"In the foreground of Schubert's artistic imagery stands includy as he tank if nere jum and manual ancience came cornted it to a bank of jung that stands unrivaled in the annals of the Song,"-Guide Adler-

FEBRUARY 1939

Wise Piano Investing (Continued from Page 110, Col. 1)

old grand which was purchased. There are large numbers of old, cheap pianos now in stence which should be placed on the bonfire. There are a few makes, however that have been put out by responsible well equipped "mass" manufacturers that are a real credit dollar for dollar to the maker. These pianos, however, are honest pianos, isto which the maker has put as fine workmanship and as good materials as the price Methods of manufacture, to-day, make it possible to sell certain instruments much cheaper than they could be sold a few years ago. Let us cite one case, For-

possibly compare with the thirty year of varnish and then reibled down with numice stone, by the human hand, at great cost. To-day, lacopers are used, which may be successfully put on in a fraction of the former time, are far more durable than the

former finishes, and cost far less.

We know of one institution, however, with an "appropriation," that bought three cheap grand pinns. They all semoded like any good. The entire appropriation, investe in one piano, would have given the institution an instrument that would still be in excellent shape when the others are fit for the junk shop, Moral: Pay as merly fine pianos were given many coats much for a new piano as you can afford.

Piano facts which will save the buyer money and help him to make a safe and satisfying selection.

By William Roberts Tilford

Prepared after extensive research conducted by THE ETUDE MUSIC MAGAZINE

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ORGAN AND CHOIR QUESTIONS

By HENRY S. FRY, Mus. Doc. Ex Dean of the Pennsylvania Chapter of the A. G. O.

No quantum will be sessioned in THE ETUDE unless accompanied by the full name and address of the response. Only models, or pseudosym given, will be published. Namedly, or lowest to differently and adventum, we can expense on apparatus

a reading recently, the May, 1935, 18- FILE KERSEN, I become perleadedly se- ist the strict constraints "The Elec- sist that strict constraints" The In- terface in the stream of Art in the space of very law interested, and in the space of the very digital properties of the thirty, as the closer left to stake a thirty, as the closer left to stake a thirty we have by the law interesting on the properties of the space of the stake of the man of the stake of the space of the stake of the particular than the stake of the stake of the man of the stake of the stake of the stake of the man of the stake of the stake of the stake of the stake of the man of the stake of the stake of the stake of the stake of the man of the stake of	Stopped Bispasson Schrönich Vox Cebeste Florie Auferd Flate Florian Obse (synthetic) Consupent (bright)	8' 8' 8' 4'-2/3' 2'-2/3' 8'	73 Notes 73 Pipes 61 Pipes 73 Notes 81 Notes 61 Notes 61 Notes 73 Pipes (Breds)
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		160	32 Notes
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delin Disperse	10	

Have You Studied armony

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By the study of Harmony you learn to correct errors in notation, which oc-cur even in the best editions of music; also to know when apparent discords Harmony will help you to memorize

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THE ACCORDION DEPARTMENT

Give Your Accordion Proper Care By PIETRO DEIRO As tald to ElVera Collins

CARCELY A MONTH PASSES the acid has eaten much into the celluloid. Scarcelly a Month Passes without some new idea or improve-ment being introduced by accordion manufacturers. The instruments are conexample being made finer; and, with the advent of multiple switches and countless other payel effects, it is only natural that the scheme of the mechanism must become more and more complicated. Yet, with all this, the accordion cannot be classified as a fragile instrument. It is quite surprising the amount of abuse to which it can be submitted before it gets out of order. However, just because an instrument will withstand a fot of abuse is no reason why it

Manufacturers cannot do the impossible. They have done their part in using fine materials and skilled workmanship to make accordious; but cooperation is needed on the part of players, so that the instruneeds are accorded proper care after they are purchased. As we look over the many new models which are priced around a new months which are preco around a thousand dollars, we cannot help but fer-vently hope that the utilinate purchasers will realise their value and not neglect

ent. We have been in homes where a piano was treated as something apart, upon which the finest of care must be bestowed. A violin was considered almost sucred and violin was consucred annext secret and always carefully placed in its case when not in use. Yet a line accordion might be not in use, yet a mic according paget be earelessly balanced on one end at the edge of a cleair, where the slightest jar could knock it to the floor. An accordion is never the same after it has been dropped. It may skillfully repaired but the perfection of the new instrument cannot be restored. Let us briefly consider the construction Let us orderly consucr use construction of an according, which will show why certail precautions are essential in as proper care. As we know, the instrument is cov-ered with celluloid. This makes it imperaered with centures. I mis makes it impera-tive that it should never be exposed to the direct rays of the sun. The heat causes the carrier rays or one some the near causes the celluloid to buckle; and it may cause the piano keys and buttons to stick. The latter condition is more prevalent on inexpensive instruments than upon the late

expensive instruments than door the sate models. Excessive heat from the sun also tends to leosen the wax which holds the reeds in place. Therefore be careful that voor instrument is never left near a unwlow where the sun enters at any time of the day. Accordinging, who play for summer pienies and fiestas, should be sure to properiods and mestas, sometime be sure

A Winter Hazard

THE WINTER WEATHER Usbers in another hazard, that of earelessly placing the accordion near a radiator or in an overheated room. Always remember that too much room. Armays rememore that too much heat is injurious to an according. The reeds are partly covered with a tiny piece of leather, and when these leathers are subnitted to too hot a temperature they dry

bass buttons Nothing can be done after

you do so gently or with a jar? An occa sional jar will not burt an aecordion; but if this becomes a habit there will be seen mercus iars and iolts during the course of a menth and a year Form the babit of resting the accordion on its base rather than on one end, as it is less liable to topple over. Select a dry, moderately cool ace where the accordion can be kept when not in use. Do not let the instrument set about on chairs where it can collect dust and dirt and serve as an invitation for friends to pick it up and try to play it.

An instrument can be kept reasonably free from dust and foncer marks if it is regularly wised with a soft clotta Occasionally one may use a few drops of de-natural alcohol on the cloth, but this is scident necessary. I do not recommend the requent use of a damp cloth to wipe the giano keys, because there is always a tendency to use too moist a cloth and the dampness gets into the pizno keys, causing A dry, very cold temperature cannot in-

ure an accordion, although it may have an odd temporary effect upon it. After an instrument has been exposed to extreme cold it may have a peculiar sound until the reeds have had an opportunity to warm up. There will be a sort of mulified sound which gives the impression that something may be loose within the instrument or that two reeds are playing at once. nical explanation of this is that the reeds are made of steel, which is a hard metal while the blocks upon which they are mounted are made of aluminum, which is a softer metal. A greater degree of con-traction occurs in the alumnum than in the steel, and it is this difference in contraction which prevents a perfect functioning of the reeds, for a few minutes.

Accordingists, who do public playing during extreme cold weather, should always allow sufficient time before their playing, so their instruments will have an opportunity to absorb the room temperature though the reeds may sound peculiar, the

Protect from Dampness FARGURE TO DAMPNESS is quite another thing and should be avoided if possible, Many of the better made instruments are now so constructed that they can succe Accordionists who spend their summers near the bench should be careful to place their instruments in the case as soon as they finish playing. The modern, well con structed cases, with their heavy padding and plush limings, provide quite a protect tion for the instrument. If one does not novers such a case, a good substitute may found by wrapping the instrument in a flammed cloth before putting it in the case

ends of the box, for if the strans should become unjustened or break, the instrument crashes to the floor If you must smoke while practicing, be

mable, and hot ashes or even a tiny spark The bellows of an accordion may be

covered at a minimum expense; but this

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THE VIOLINIST'S ETUDE

ROBERT BRAINE

It is the ambition of THE ETUDE to make this department a "Violinist's Etude" complete in itself



The Hand Position Basis of Violoncello Technic By LELAND R. LONG

ANY TALENTED STUDENTS

of the violoncello have been handicanned and sometimes halted in their studies because of lack of attention to the details of left hand position at the very beginning of their work. The importhree of forming the proper babits in connection with fingering is recognized by the student, but the necessity of dividing his attention between the bowing and fingering presents a formidable obstacle. After a certain amount of practice on the open strings to accourse familiarity with the handling of the bow, he is immediately concerned with the problem of fingering the notes. The thought we wish to account in that the entire hand any arm nosition should be the object of his ... poentration, not the fineer-

ing of individual notes.

The disadvantages of an unorthodox band position become most apparent in orchestra work. The student is often placed in the orchestra before he is fully prepared, due to the scarcity of violoncellos in most school orchestras. Then, unable to bear his own tone clearly, except in occasional solo passages, he becomes the victim of a situa-tion in which his talent is of little assistance. Instead of becoming better, he be-comes worse, plays out of tune, and ulti-mately finds himself in the deplocable position of not knowing what remedy to apoly. The suggestions here given it is hoped may help this type of student to discover his faults and to learn to play more consistently in tune.

Before proceeding to the technical elements involved, the principles gove the proper functioning of the left hand should be understood. First, the fingers not only must be made to reach all of the notes within the compass of the hand, but also should be held directly above these notes if there is to be any facility in playing. The shortest distance between two points is a straight line, and the shorter the line, the more rapid the traversing of this distance. Tie four short strings to a pencil, representing the fingers and hand, and imagine the finger heard of the violon-



frager takes its place one light step in adnotes, as represented by this illustration, there nisten-like action is all that is recause of the position it formerly occupied. quired to bring them in contact with the In other words, by widering the interval between first and second fingers an addi-

that when possible the player should definitely measure the intervals he is to play, either by the natural reach or by the exa person uninitiated in the methods of string playing, the absence of frets or keys presents an apparent obstacle. Good interation, particularly in an orchestra where one cannot hear himself clearly at all times, depends largely upon the proper use of the hand in measuring the intervals to be played. After one note has been ascerained, others within reach are readily determined. Applications of this principle are numerous; but it is often overlooked by the beginner. The possibilities involved in the use of this principle are shown here.

The Fundamentals

Violonerano receives in the positions lo-cated on the neck of the instrument is hand, the closed, or chromatic, and the closed are preferable, since they are short and do not sound as complicated to the beginner as chromatic and extended, The closed hand position consists of a

moderate extension of all fargers to form intervals of half steps between them when all are applied to the string. Particular attention needs to be devoted to the stretch between second and third fangers. With the fingers arched, it is necessary with most hands to make the third fager stretch far as possible away from the second in order to make the proper reach Special exercises, such as placing the palm of the usually all that is required in learning to make this interval. In case of a pronounced an unusually small hand, this stretch must

whole step. This extension permuse me and finger to occupy the place taken by third away from the second. Then press



Joseph Hollmann, one of the greatest of violoncellists of the late nineteenth early twentieth centuries. A pupil of Serearly twentien censuries a pupil of Ser-van and of Felis, he was long a favorite in the concert halls of both Europe and America.

tional interval of one half step is brought within the reach of the hand.

Teaching the Closed Position A wase processes in teaching a beginner A write proper spacing a beginner to acquire the proper spacing of the furgers the tip of the separate these two dreams her so that the distance between is ap-Bers so that the bending between is ap-proximately an inch, or just the space necestary to person on the new to the mark, with the fingers, keeping them in line with the string, and being particular to stretch the

(Continued in our March Issue)

Treasures From Cremona By TASPER B. SINCLAID

A RECENT AUCTION of musical instruments An Antonio Strafivarius violoncello, a

ylofin by the same master, and another The Stradivarius vaoloneello brought

seventy-five hundred dollars It hears a and "has been very skillfully reduced in

size to bring it into conformity with the the hamper in London changed

at this recent auction for sixty-two hundred

prace of forty-two hundred fifty dollars. Incidentally, the auction of these three Incidentally, the managed to support three Cremona masterpayees was deemed of such Cremona masterpayers was decreed of each apportance that it was broadcast through-Overshadowed by the sale of these three

Oversteen several other musical instruments were ensposed on at tree some tree or treese was a four stringed double base by Testore. of Milan, which brought fave bundred

ANY TALENTED STUDENTS. If the fingers are held directly above the the third in closed position, and the fourth, the fingers firmly on the G string, making sure that their spacing remains the same Should a student bave a very short little finger, it may be held quite straight with less arch than the others. The index finger should be well arched and very slightly inclined toward the scroll.

Examining the hand and arm position carefully, several points should be noticed The thumb is directly beneath the second finger, on the under side of the neck. The tips of the fingers in the fleshiest part, just opposite the curve of the mail, are applied to the string. The knuckles of the left hand are flat, and exactly parallel to the plane of the finger board underneath. First joints of all fingers are rounded and are not permitted to cave in. The elbow is raised approximately half way to the level of the proximately half way to the lever or shoulder; hand, wrist, and arm form a natural curve away from the finger heard. The elbow should not be thrust backward or forward, but should be raised straight

After the correct position has been main tained long enough to become natural to the pupil, the fingers should be raised and allowed to strike the finger board in order The example here shown may be the first exercise on the G string.

9 In this exercise the fingers should not

only strike the finger board, but also main tain firm pressure on the string. The line above the notes indicates that this contact with the string is maintained until the de scending notes are played, when one force is removed at a time Pressure should come from the hand and arm, not merely by pusching the neck with the though It often necessar) to have a student practice without the thumb entirely for a time in order to present too much pressure from the thumb, which later on prevent raped shifting. The purpose of the thumb is strictly to keep the hand in the proper place with each finger directly above the note it is to pla). Viter these notes have been played, the notes of the closed posttion should be practiced on all of the other

mona, dated 1673, was auctioned for ken teen bundled dollars; and one by Giovann Grancino of Milan, dated 1095, changed hands for twelve hundred dollars

and manuerist, and nothing does him more A violin by Francesco Rugeri of Cre- violent, -Schumann.

Advanced Studies for the Violist

By DR. ALVA P. TAYLOR

Necessary is said to be the mother of invention Lariness sometimes has the same progeny. At least it was so in the case of the writer, who is taking rather advanced work on the viola. A number of technical works have been arranged for viola, as readers of the Error may or may not know. Thus, in addition to methods and elementary studies, Schradieck's "School of Tech-

nique" is available for viola, as are Krentzers' classic "Forty-two Studies" and "Twenty-four," But, so far as we know, Fiorillo has not been transcribed for riola. So, when my instructor calmly announced that I was to transcribe Fiorillo entire, I must confess my heart fell. When I laboriously transposed and copted the first study, and then tried to play from the

manuscript, my heart fell even further. I bate manuscript. And here is where laxiness or inspiration came to the rescue; so is in the hope that this experience may help other ambitious violists that it is here First a good edition of Fiorillo's "Thirtysix Etudes or Caprices" for violin was pur-

chased. The only other necessary equipment was a very small cantel's hair brush, white waterproof poster ink, a ruler, and a ruling pen or indelible neucil. This is the procedure: Carefully paint out with brush and poster ink the top line of each staff, ex-

as first added line above the staff. At the same operation also paint out the upper fourth of each bar line between

> Add a new line at the hottom, with ink or indelible pencil. This will pass through the first added line below the staff, and will be the new first line of

Extend the bar lines between measures to the newly added line.

Block out with white the violin clef and key signature. When the white ink is thoroughly dry, a viola clef and new key signature can be drawn in. Add one flat to the original signature, if in a natural

or flat key, and take away one sharp in The new clef and key signature may be on manuscript paper and pasted over the violin clef, if one wishes to have

a very neat job. A little experimenting will show which is the better method When you have done this-all of which is easier than it sounds, and much easier than transcribing the whole etude-you will have music which is as easy to read as any printed music, and there is no danger mistakes, winels, as every one who copies

music knows, are hard to avoid Violinists who wish to play the viola can anniy this method to old violin works with which they are familiar, and they will find cept where parts of this line should serve their mastery of the viola greatly expedited.

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The "Earthquake" Violin By F. BASIL ABRAMS

SEISNOGRAPH violins and violencellos." invented by Dr. Hugo Benioff, associate professor of seismology at the California Institute of Technology and world famous as an inventor of earthquake measuring instruments, were recently successfully introduced to the musical world at an interesting and enjoyable concert in Pasadena,

California. The stringed instruments were made after years of study by the savant; and the first experiment made before an audience

drew enthusiastic applause The violins are much the same in size and shape as standard instruments; but they have no sound boxes, their resonance the strings. This container holds a crystal strings, much as the earth's crust vibrates seismograph vibrates in response to a shock. Attached to the skeleton instruments are sound devices to which a wire conducts the vibrations electrically Dr Benniff ductions.

explained to his audience that experime have disclosed to him that it is possible to produce the musical sounds with an electro-magnetic device instead of the

During the engaging experiment, the instruments were connected by wires with a super-high amplifier at the rear of the a supersurge ampliture at our real or the stage and the musical numbers rendered carried a clearer tone and volume than that of the ordinary instrument-Musicians who took part in the concert

stated that the times produced on the seismograph instruments have a far greater notherances than the ordinary instrument and that they require a much lighter touch na tunt they require a much lighter touch.

Dr. Benioff is an internationally known. He has been associated with the California tre has been associated with the Cantornia Institute of Technology since 1924, and his seismographic instruments are in use all

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Radio History began experimentally in 1916, at Medford

MARCONT SPAIL in 1896, the first electromagnetic waves without ares. Then on March 27, 1899, wireless remnumeration was established heracen England and was made and Caruso's voice was heard

News, the first newspaper to establish a radio news station, began broadcasting powerful station under the Company, and thus less than two decades ago was begun a movement, the course of which has been marked with wonder-Brondasting as we now know the term. ful expansion

FEBRUARY, 10.0

CAN YOU ANSWER THESE OUESTIONS?

On Home, Personal Appearance, Entertainment, Health, Travel

Study this issue carefully—then ask yourself these questions-score five boints for each correct answer

- 1. What assessed courtesy did James Melton accord members of a charus with which be ameared?
- 2. What is "guandrop sculpture"? 3. How do blue-toxed fabrics affect skin appearances? 4. Name four buildings in which musical activities will be held during the New York
- World's Fair. 5. How will the Fair act to promote international good-will?
- 6. How may minor faults be corrected in eye make-un?
- 7. What is the main value of nore olive-oil to the skin in cold water? (See Immery issue.)
- 9. Describe the stage make-up for old-age.
- 10. What are the essential rules for a good normal posture? (See January issue.).....
- 11. How is the "Conid Game" played?
- 12. From which port do most American tourists leave for Europe and Latin America?
- Who makes an excellent evolumen shade of cosmetic preparation?
- 14. What is the recipe for "Queen of Hearts" sandwiches?
- 15. Which technique of cycshadow application is recommended by a famous cosmetician?

- 20. What is the principal requirement in decorating the modern studio? (See January

My Score is.....

Expanding Your Musical and Cultural Life (Continued from Page 110, Col. 3)

"Ten Thousand Letters of Charles from Pierre Augmitin Caron, known as Dickers," have been assembled in three re-emby poblished volumes, edited by Walter versatile watchmaker, mastein, essayar, Dexter (Nonsuch Press). It aggregates An attendant in the library of Congress don't I involu in the collection. The letters sethods of work, The letters of Anton Propedit (Alfred A. Knopf), for which Mrs. Edward Bok, paid a fabulous price in order that they neight be published in plended new lights upon the life and works

rar and Reinlart, Inc., at \$3.50), lifts the curtain men some of the most vival scenes in French and American history If the

to belo America. How this amazing genius sent shipland after shipland of munitions America, in open defiance of Great of our past. This music teacher, who cre-The Marriage of Pigaro" and Rossin's "The Barber of Seville"), was an intimate of Louis XV and gave lessons to his

Thomas Y. Crowell, at \$3.501 "Tribute o Ballet," paoms by England's howeate, the Masefield, order-six pages (The Marmillan Co., at \$7.50); and "Baller in by Melwyn Severa, one handred twenty-eight pages (Oxford University Press, at \$12.25)

Any of the foregoing books will be se-

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By ROBERT BRAINT

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Bands and Orchestras

(r outsmod from Page 91)

effect in bringing the hand noto its proper station. Meanly it has had far reaching effect in the type of unsic being written for bands, and its influence in the future will be greater still. No longer used the will be greater still. No muce, seen band conductor call for a galop, polla, or novelty composition to assure himsel an andience The young people, who have had the excellent training available in our public schools, quite nitor are familiar with the better compositions; and they are quick

with a critical car. The study of instruments and the pleteness of instrumentation of our high shool and college hands have also served to curich the nussical experience and tastes of our audicuces. In many exemmentes we find the school and municipal hand men berships combined, and by this action on organization with complete instrumenta-tion is achieved. Once more "William Tell" can be played, but this time with a complete complement of instruments, without substitution of parts, and in a most satisfying manner. The small brass town band is rapidly disappearing, and with it will go the inadequate and sorry reportoire of the past. In its place we have and will have excellent school and community bands excellent sensor and community names playing for appreciative audiences those works which notif now were never thought prosible or appropriate for band.

No longer need arrangers be concerned with abbreviated instrumentations, since the modern complement of woodwinds is complete. Where there is any reason for substitution, original instrumentations are heing retained, with cues for the substitute instruments. Former transcriptions often gave an intended oboe solo to the cornet r clarinet; the arranger having figured that either there would be no oboe present, or the passage would be too difficult for or the passage wount or too difficult for tibut (in which he was probably correct). Nevertheless his transcription was bardly authentic and the result not exactly artatic. Modern transcriptions are more nestic. Money transcriptions are in accurate in adhering to original instrum tation, color, and score roscing. Thus they

sound as the composer intended. Do Not Attempt the Impossible ALTHOUGH THESE HAS SEEN this great change in the type and quality of music performed by our lands, we must be careful in what we attempt. It would be a others, unless the group is capable of peror Wagner as with how their music will or viagner to word now teler music will sound. There is, after all, no magic in sound. Force is, also me, no magic in either name that will lend perfection to center name cont and sent perfection to performance of Bach and Wagner, simple because it is their work. Our concern should rest with the degree of capability developed in our hands which will enable them to tackle such great composition-Many audiences have failed to get a true

discrimination cannot help but have its appreciation of Bach and Wagner, because they have not heard a performance com-mensurate with the quality of the music That the public in general is ready, and has been for quite some years, to accept enthusiastically hand performances of great compositions, has been definitely proven by such hands as those led by Gilmore, Sousa, These great bandmasters have made distinet contributions to the cause of bond reportoire. Mr. Sousa left many manu

perint arrangements of some of the world's finest music. Dr. Goldman has for years and his library contains countless manuscript arrangements of numbers by almost all composers, expressly suited to his hand. The Pryor and Simon libraries likewise contain many splendid manuscript arrangements. When one is privileged to hear any of these bands perform, he is impresse with the real quality of the masse, the to Play excellence of arrangement, and the sure artistry with which it is played. When a hand reaches these three points of transcendcan realize how important a factor reper-The music publishers have done much

to aid in the development of bands and school music programs. Their continued conperation, coupled with the efforts of the American Bandmasters' Association, the American Bandmasters' Association lead one to believe that the band future sight of the fact that the band has its individuality, and for that reason we are not to disregard those phases of its work which differentiate it from the orchestra. There should be, indeed, a happy medium. No hand program is complete without a march or two: and, if properly rendered march can be played just as musically and with as much merit as now other numthe on gram. The bord conductor must be aware that

andrences have not reached the zenith in pusseed understanding and appreciation, and most guide bronelf accordingly. Fortomate is the conductor who can arrange his program so as to satisfy the "rhythmic," the "emotional," and the "intellectual" elements of his audience. Music ranges through the emotional, rhythmic, romanic. classical, impressionistic, sad, happy, melanchely and the spirited; and we must offer this variety, but always ascertain that it is sincere music and that it is good nause The heights to which the hand may rise

need not be limited by existent composisidered as consummate because it contains come works by famous composers. There can be counted among the efforts of even these geniuses works which might be open to challenge as great music. There is a lurge field of music to draw from, but there is yet eaborn a wealth of great band literature that will bring about the change in band status to which all of us may pin our con-

"Next Lesson We Advance A Little"

A PALONIU STORY of Continental green count cach measure diligently. position of a very meticulous German teacher of the tympon His mine was Prund, which in English becomes "pound,"

The pupil happened to be thoroughly familiar with the symphony; so be awaited Print, when it sufficiently lumorous Just before this came, between and this in itself is sufficiently lumorous Just before this came, between and after the rame of a standard Reglish pupil mg been counted brind took out he This Herr Pfund had an English pupu on the mysteries when he was mutating into the mysteries when he was mutating into the mysteries and lamitedly amounted, "Sorry, but your of the "Pustoral Symptomy of the company lesson time is gone. Next lesson we will are not used, but Pfund had in- pupil to advance a little



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The Meaning of Musical Ornamentation

(Continued from Page 94)

without a wig, or take a carpenter's plane and shave off all the little shells and flowers from a piece of French furniture. But, indeed, it takes quite a tedious study to learn the true execution of these little nussical artifices. And the instinct cannot help one very much; for what we mistake for instinct is nothing but a habit of thinking in a familiar idsom. But the familiar is not always in the right style; and the old masters insisted on exactitude. It is a characteristic of the classical mind to impose rules. There are rules for everything in these days of pre-Romanticism Not only were etiquettes enveloped in a

muze of rules designed to challenge one's poise; rules dominated the drama, the art of letter writing, the art of reasoning, and, last, but not least, music. An opera composer had to submit the sequence of his musical play to an incredible amount of rules. There always had to be a prescribed number of arias of a fixed character; and they had to follow one another in a certain order. No man of authentic taste would dream of breaking this royal tradition. And jacket of musical etiquette thus this stiff was equally tightly laced around the dainty wasts of Rococo melocies. Couperin, and all the musical schoolmasters of Europe of that time, insisted that mordents begin on the beat, and should not be played before it. The natural tendency of that period, curiously enough, seems not to have dif-fered from habits in our own time; for we hear their professors at all occasions lecture ing their pupils against this ill-bred habit of playing mordents before the beat, instead of on the best and noise the bass. It was onsidered the height of laxity and the considered the neight of sealing one the hund betrayal of had tast, to give in to the vulgar urge of playing Ex.5

Ber i i i in such a style as Ex. 6

610 0000000 instead of

Beethoven and Schumann were not so

like to express her personal experience on

the subject of when it is advisable to begin

We have studied several instrumer

with many different and experienced teach-

ers; yet it was from the youngest and the

ers; jet it was from the journess and the least experienced (in teaching) that we

The young man to currents was an ex-cellent violinist, had studied extensively and knew his instrument and the music

and some her measurement and the morner that was written for it. He was in doubt

regarding his ability as a teacher when

first approached, and we have since thought

The young man in question was an ex-

strict in observing these codes. In fact they always took particular pleasure in breaking arealys took particions: personne or occasing traditions. But Chopin, strange as it may

seem, had his copy of Philipp Emusuel Bach's treatise on the "True Art of Piano Playing" always on his instrument, and taught his pupils in the severest traditions of ornaments, incorporating them with all their stiff convention in his compositions To insist with count severity upon the true and traditional execution of these micetics, is entirely a matter of taste Anything can be done beautifully, if it is done convincingly; but, if one desires to play in true style, it is necessary to be acqui with the old masters' own desires as to the execution of their works.

If the student only would take the trouble

to read what the old masters themse

have written on this subject, he would dis cover the true style of these antique con posers. There is a vast literature on this subject; but it is covered with years of dust, for its books are seldom opened, and if so, they are generally closed by the tortured patience of the disgusted reader To mention only a few authors who have written on the subject of ornamentation there are Diruta (1625); Practorius (1571 1621); Purcell; Thomas Mace; Corperin 1827); Purcell; Thomas Mace; Coupous Geminiani; Quantz, pupil of Bach; Mur-purg (1718-1795), contemporary of Bach; Leopold Morart (the father of Wolfgam Amadeus); Türk (1789); Clement, and Hungmel, Most of these are weller for the

Hunanel Most of these are written for the instruction of pianists, although some of them had violinists in mind, Quantz was court flutist of Frederick the Great, while Tosi wrote for singers. Besides this list of books, many explanations of ornament can be found in prefaces and editions of old masters of the XVIth, XVIIth and XVIIIth Centuries. If one cannot reach the original source

of this information, modern writers, such as Damircuter, Dolmetsch, and articles in musical dictionaries, can be consulted. The truth can be always found, if one really wants it; but it often is a tedious task to find it through the tiresome unravelling of ancient rules and prescriptions. It is not an uncommon experience the

students and artists alike, who for the first time occupy themselves with this research revolt against the artificial result of the discoveries. Their so-called instincts are generally offended when they find out the ecrtain arpeggios receive the accent on the up beat instead of on the main note where it seems "natural." But then it is time to educate their imagination, to accept the undeniable word of written authority, gat to digest it.

When to Start Teaching Music By EDNA FAITH CONNELL In perfect opposition to the view that is held by most musicians, the writer would

uninitiated—their own students irelate After taking a few lessons, I found the to recommend him. He gave freely of hime in time in order that he would leave no stor unturned to have his pupils make go progress. He was interested in the P fession for itself, and not alone for income he received. He was not afraid to say that he did not know when we can amon anything about which he was in Position, tone, time and every last del that entered into the making of a violati What more could a prospective papil will first approached, and me have since thought in it not possible for a marsician to knowledge of the disquest that mearly all what the has learned, even as a young of the disquest that mearly all

out can help children with school work

QUESTION AND ANSWER DEPARTMENT Conducted

By KARL W. GEHRKENS Professor of School Music, Obotha College Mentral Fahrer, Wabonz New Learnmontal Dissonary

Measure T.

Measures 17 and 18. Exe

E- 5

No question will be ensurered in THE STUDE unless accompanied by the full mone and address of the majorer. Only sections, or pundonym given, will be published. (Memures 16 and 18 are like measure 17.)

As Unusual Difference Q. Here in the footbille of the Kenticky wonatonic the fire we nextring difference bincome and placked gifts a good until, it exceeds all footbilly footby, out must take your find not streen a homemode kny hide the one I we constructed. Carrier What is the upone of it?

I include it rough disspans charging only a
part of the sixty-loss strings.



The player heats on each side of the middle

-

Weller herstrament tradition. "Swiking Account." The part of a papil should have been provided by the part of a papil should have been provided by the part of a papil should have been provided by the paper of the

reits and Turns in Mount. In patient 9. 1. Will gas gloun selects the patient of the patient of

L. Altimo.

RL2

(Measure 6 in like measure 5.) Ex.il N.17 FEBRUARY, 1939

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& continue to Measure 57. bet will

Ex.4 H 29 Observe to is like measure 29 ; Trill four noise to such sixteenth; if this is no first, trill only two to such sixteenth, Measures 21 and 52 for his measures 5 and 6. 2. Rusto.

corer? higher or case and fifthe and



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FRETTED INSTRUMENTS (DEPARTMENT Edited by GEORGE C. KRICK

The Guitar in Chamber Music

F YOU SHOULD HAPPEN to visit the Gertrode Clarke Whittall Foundation the "rare book" mum in the Con-gressional Library in Washington, do ures existing in this country. This case is the permanent bone of five stranged in earlies. The collection consists of three violins, one viola and one violuteello, towere made by the great France's Tourte of Paris and are excellent examples of his work. All of this represents a guit to the notion by that public spirited lady, Mrs., Matthew John Whittall, In times past instruments of this nature were bequeathed Museums, their voices stilled, never to be heard again; winess the provides violin of Paganini resting in a glave case in a Genta Museum for many years, from which it was never moved. A recent examwhen it was never moves, a recent exam-isation revealed that it had deteriorated to such an extens that it is almost us-To avoid such a calamity Mrs. Whiteau

provided a trust fund, the meame from provides a trust runt, one meane from which is to be applied, through the Music Division of the Library, to the mainteounce of the instruments, and to programin which they will be used. Thus Mrs. in which they will be usen time Mrs. Whittall's generosity and investight assure these precious instruments not merely security and proper physical attention, but also an active and continuing service to the cause of music and unsecal appropria-

Autorio Stradivarios was born in C mona, Italy, in 1644 and died there in 1737 in his mucty-third year. According to rein his minery-third year, According to re-liable strictics he produced over eleven bundred instruments, mostly vidine, vides violas-de-gamin and a few guitars The five Stradivarius instruments in this collection were created enums, best period, and each one is a period specifical work. The "Betts" violin, made in 1764, is generally controlled violin, made in 1719s, is generally controlled to be the most beautiful and perfect violin be ever made, and the "Ward is a close second; the "Castelharen is a perfect specimen of the "long man fern" vision; winte the Castellureo" visioneello 1667, are equally perfect from every point

To give here a complete history of these instruments is beyond the scope of this article; they passed through many hands before finally coming unto possession of Mrs Whittall and, through her generosity, to the Music Division of the Library of

Provision for Concerts

ONE OF THE STIPPLATIONS in Creating the frust fund was the manguration of a series of anomal concerts by some of the our standing channel basis organization, as which these instruments are to be read-and on December 2, 1938, in the Edizabeth

and on December 2, 1900, in the religionstition of the Library of Congress, the public was privileged to be present at the first concert sponsored by OBERLIN CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC

December 4. The other organizations broked for this series, extending through December, January and February, are the Gordon Quartet, the Museul Art Quartet and the Righ Quartet of Budapest, Tickets there is a service charge of twenty-five unts per richer Reservations for the Feb Totally concerts are avidable on and after lamming 30. All the concerts are being consult your radio tune table.

Of special interest to mitarists will be

the two concerts scheduled for Thursday evening, February 23, and Saturday after-tions, February 25, when Andres Segora will appear on the programs with the Roth Quartet While no details of the marbers to be played are available at the time of this writing, it is probable that the Schu-hert 'Quartet for Violin or Flate, Gutar, hada and Andarealle," and some of the Borchermi quantettes for two violins, viola guntar and violencellic will be heard. These two days, when the instruments of Strafe ivarius namele their expriste voices with that of the "Hanser" guitar in the hands of Search, should be marked down as "red letter" clays for the guitar,

It is to be represted that the guitar not hard more irremently in chamber music, as its tone blends must beautifulb with that of any other instrument. Ducts for this or violin and gustar; and tries and quarters in which the guitar takes 2 prominent part would appeal to any must lover. A great deal of chamber music will traiter was published in the early part of the municipants century, and many of these numbers are listed in some of the foreign

Some Excellent Program Material Hriven il Armer, guitar virtuoso and compleses, has done excellent work in retrong a number of these composited Amongst them are tries for violan or first with viola and guitar, by Moline, kremeer and Decall; three quintettes two violins, viola, varioncello and guitar by Bogcherini: and Guitar, by Mauro Gruliani; somatas for violin and guitar by Gragan two quartets for four guitars by and Op 15 by Ucrdmand Sor; and her but not least, the Schubert "Quartet" dis citized in detail in the October issue of

In the fretted instrument field we less also one by Guangreon, that are full of beautiful effects of each instrument; and white the original score calls for first no second mendolin, mandola and mandeedle there is also a center part for each att them; and, suce it almost deplicate the mandocette part, it may well be use in place of it, as sometimes it is difficulty to land a player for the latter metronica Frequently a good guitarist may not los

softest but he may prove a valuable player with a small chamber music organization Answering Etude Adverand delights the reader.

all that it takes to become a 10P

Voice Questions Answered

By DR. NICHOLAS DOUTY

No question will be answered in THE ETUDE unless accompanied by the full mone and address of the importer. Only initials, or pseudonym given, will be published.

Charles I as Proposite State of the State of

Manusco of some Great States "A very a superior of the late to reduce the late of the late to the late of the late



thy and confortably, the madde and upper support to lead, other and silvery, armous the lead, other and silvery, armous the lead, other and shapes, the of totals lead almost like those of a barle, while the upper ones, especially when he was the lead of the lead of the lead of the barle, were from and otherwise, he is given he was one of the greatest demantic for the wast one of the greatest demantic for the wast has every beaut. How he is a finite shape of the lead of the of the lead of the of the lead o

And the second of the control of the

FEBRUARY, 1939

mustles I have mentioned and several others, must contract with increasing farmers. In your case they refuse to do so. Subject to your declor's naives, I suggest the following ex-sercises.

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met of course. Thus services to overcome this diff.
The ment everying to overcome this diff.
cally are, set, sustained tones in the best
cally are, set, sustained tones in the best
cally are, set, sustained tones in the best
cally for the set of the set of the set of the
cally indicated in Example 1A and the alte
cally the range indicated in Example 1B.

The tunes should be preduced steadily and officered varyl teste breath effort. Try two or three different varyls: A as in jorkies, A state of the control base the rupid me a broad mirror and watch to see that the torques jour and threat do not rable.
This is a difficult habit to overcome, but do
it despute. As anon as the trembleg becomes
us, go on with the more usual veral exercises
to see that the pupal never forces her tone



Music, in the best sense does not require

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Smart Attire for Concert and Recital (Continued from Page 80)

feel that you have to change your frock always with the important provision that each time you appear, simply for the sake they also suit the individual warrer. The of wearing something that you did not wear the last time. Wearing a restless array of dresses does not mean a thing-except, or breach ones not ment a thing-except, possibly, that you have not yet found that right dress. It certainly does not mean that you can afford to buy many frocks. I have the pleasure of dressing one of the most glamerous of our prime doune, a singer whose revenue from the opera, concerts, radio, and the films would allow her to purchase a new outfit every time she leaves the house. But she chooses to do something very different. Some three or four years back, I designed a concert gown for her that was completely right for her. I thought it was right; and, what is much more important, she felt it was right. She wore that dress the entire season through-every that cress the control occupy and specific time she appeared in concert, and she has had it copied three times since. Once, in order to make it seem like a new gown, we tried it in another color, but the singer found that she felt best in the original shade of terquoise blue. As far as the "look of the thing" is concerned, this very attractive soprano keeps on appearing in the same

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Let the Feathers Fit the Bird THAT IS A WISE WAY to go to work, Try to find the thing that suits you, and then keep on wearing it, for the very excellent reason that it does suit you. Do not worry about having to appear in something new or different. Keep to your own style, even if you have to have the dress recopied. You it you make to neve one oreso recupied, rou cannot improve on what is already perfect, We have spoken about the lines of your gown, and you may naturally wonder what these desirable lines are. One cannot discuss such a highly individual thing as dress designs in anything but a most general way; yet there are certain precautions that

And the Season, Too LET THE TRUELINESS of the occasion play

its part in the selection of a frock. If you are taking part in masic making at all, remember that the occasion is one of dignity, and do not dress as for a jazz party. This applies to the youngest girl. Let her be a gones to me youngers; gate are ner or a rame fille (young miss), by all means; but she need not wear sushes and ruffles. Age values need but little employeds. The or who is young will look young, even in the simplest and most classic lines. Timeliness has its part, also in determining skirt lengths, sleeve lengths, and neck lines. For an afternoon recital, the skirt should be an attenues seems, tor near boson ne long, the steeres should be long, and the long, the success smoons or some steel me neck should be high. Even for formal evening performances, there should be rither a jacket, or some sort of arm drapery. There is something about the feeling of agrest music which makes an overexposure of arms or cheets highly unsuitable. There is no rule about this, of course; it is just a

after or trase.

The general lines of well designed garare not so radical as one might think. We are not so remeas so our magni tunns. We went through one hideous period, around trent intended that more short and waiets ever long, and the general effect was as were stag, and the general twist and an unsatural as it was unflattering. But, for the most part, there is an elib and flow in the sort of lines one might call clavele, in the same sense in which music is called me sense in winter masser is called they are timeless and sold on change. Cheese the heading come the Empire walks, Unser may meaning come my rampure masts, the Greek draperies, the Directoire slimEmpire gown, with its high waist, is suit able only for the slim figure. The classic severity of the Greek line is suitable only for a person with a naturally good figure oire and Renaissance nowns are more adantable

To the More Mature OLDER WOMEN, WOMEN OF ANY AGE, WITH less than perfect figures, and singers with developed chests, should be careful not to get their dresses too tight. Many worter seem to feel that they make themselves look

slender by suppressing excess material; that they slim themselves down by a slan-tight Nothing could be worse. The loser the fit, the more concealing the gown in stead of emphasizing the humps of a figure by stretching the material tight across the gown should be so draped that the observer will not be conscious of where the gown ends and the singer begins. And never emphasize waist or hip lines. An un belted princess model is very advantageous for the stout woman or the singer. Then too, a cleverly draped scarf can do wonder for concealing stoutness. But the scar should be caught in some way, so that it does not float, trail, or cause excess motion of line. And never wear a seart, or anything else, that cannot be easily managed Both singers and instrumentalists should allow for plenty of arm play. One does not have to wear a sleeveless gown to get it. The secret of roomy sleeves has nothing to do with the sleeves themselves. Roomines is provided by a generous cut of the back of the dress. Be sure that your gown bat this ampleness of back. Do gymastics if your gown before you appear in it, 17 make certain that you have room encut to feel perfectly free and comfortable the back is cut with proper fullness, you can have the sleeve itself fitted as tiplet as on like. The harpist, of whom there been mention, had her gowns made will long, tight-fitting sleeves; but they never pulled, because the back was cut correctly When the gown that suits has been found wear it. Hang it away in the closet for year, to let it grow young again, but do not alter it. If a new gown for a special appeal ance is being selected, consider the rest of the surroundings in which it will be seen Let the curtain, the backdrop, the colories

them. Some people are used to managist gloves on formal occasions, and it makes to difference to them to keep them on while singing. Others, particularly very years people, feel ill at ease in them. You know bow you feel about gloves, and nobody of sagne you into a different feeling. A chart in feeling must come through experient and experiments of your own. It is interest mitely better to appear at case without gloves than to look awkward in them-Choose your lines with an eye to plicity and suitability; choose your color according to the shades that are most be coming to you, individually; feel completely comfortable in your things; and best mind that the first object of your frock it to help you to do honor to music. Then st ahead; dress yourself; and you will not be wrong. When the singer has found the ap

of the hall itself, have their influence of

Do not wear gloves, or any other adde

nent, unless you feel really comfortable in

the color to be chosen.

ness, and the Remaissance curves. Any and ends, let her keep on wearing it regardled all of these are sainable for concert governer. ness, and the recursistance curves. Any and ends, let her keep on weans all of these are suitable for concert governs, of the manucours in Paris. "Gurls, if you feel the divine shorts of water with you, let unthing deter you from Jaming it hato flame? Study for open,"—Enum. Cabe.



Easter Music

autoiral contributions to the clurch service man as much to the nonhipers as do the more pretentions musical clients of the best professional solousis and highly trained chain.

professional solorists and highly trained choics singing for congregations whose netropolition mustical appearanties, have developed highly distributioning musical tastes. Both those extremes of choice abilities, as

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her a chairmaster to follow in choosing music for this Kinder Semont is to write to it. Theatine Preser Co. requesting a sub-clien of Easter or Lenten unthems to be sent on approval." accompanying that regnost with personal recompanying that regnost with some interpretation of the chair's addity years are statement when the mean manifest

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Pechaps some great where said something the effect-"Show pupils who have will be showing use popils of a successful leacher." What a conmodern teacher, who,



neledy and rhythm in guiding youngsters to a knowledge of those things which make it a knowledge of three things which mitter it provides for three to enjoy more small small thrir own fingers at the pinns keybeard; as against the type of tearbeer, frequently not, a generation ago, who virtually amounted to a tred-muster and disciplination, insiding that the child must take a day teriminal that the child must take a day teriminal to the child must take a day teriminal to the child must take a day teriminal.

the curve and like it.

The cover on this mouth's bose of Ton
Error symbolizes the happy relationship beError symbolizes the happy relationship betreen the teacher and pupil of to-day, partreen the teacher and pupil of to-day, partienlarly such teachers us those specialized in young children. While it is true that have such study material as will supply a substantial foundation for real principle ability in the future, the technical things do not have to be crowded into the little scaem of music study

That The Evene correct of this month is presentative of a Valentine that well might throughout this country is elearly estabblied in the tremendorsly large amount sub-if such attention, ambientons for young test at the Proper by Helen L. Crammours for Tuddless Translet with Sevents in are imblified to the photographic studio Armstong Roberts for the delightful de protrait montage utilized in the

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· A very active music teacher writes. "When I get through with my ETUDE, it is like the pig at the meat packers-nothing is left but the squeal." It has been a very great compliment to us that Tue ETUDE is read from cover to cover with what another reader has called "microscopic zeal." We endeavor to present the magazine so that nearly every page has an opportunity for advancement for the reader. This may be found in an inspiring and instructive article, in any one of the collection of pieces published each month, or like as not, in the advertising pages, which for ETUDE readers are Chronicles of business news for the home and the studio. In fact, we find that many of our readers turn first to the advertising pages to read what active advertisers have to offer. The preparation of the copy for these pages is often a difficult and expensive matter for the advertiser and we do not wonder that our readers take such interest in them.

in these cutalogs will be sent cheerfully to those requesting our list of Easter Music by composers whose works generally appended to your but whether you in request for a selection unade up by our close spect lists to name numbers you would like to examine, take immediate action so that special services on Lent and Enster must carry in stock a wide to examine, take immediate action so that your preparation for Lent and Easter will variety of sustable notherns, cantains, and sples. Even where only a few untwined voices uples. Even where only a few untwined voices are available to form a clear, the special assisted contributions to the church service

Planning Spring Concerts and Recitals

Proper planning and pleaty of peactire, to use "alliteration's urtini and," is probably, the less arrige for successful concepts and rights. The teacher or many director, who revisit I in teamer or mine invector, who have plant well in advance, has taken the first step in the right direction, will push-ably receive the cooperation of the student participants, and can look foregod, with wrurity, to a satisfactory preenseanable serurny, to a satisficacy pres-atation of the program. School music educators may be required to plan several programs—the spring ron of choral and instrumental groups, an porcella or emints, the baccalangeoic serviires, and the June graduation excresss. vaic teachers of vace, piano and other instruments usually persent their pupils in seculal, at or near, the end of the full winter

groups will pick and a should be averygible, but a should be averygible and the should be averygible and the should be averygible and the should be a sho material for these activates is the "on sale" ernders are well acquainted with this plan and regularly rely on Presser Service. For he bruefit of those who may not be forming with the plus-the burder, or director, requests misor in the Gamus elussifications required, selecting numbers from rathlegs or pregrams in her possession or asking our respect elects to make a solection for lice and this noise is sent "on approval," or "ire sale" with ample time allowed for examination and full return privileges on all amination and full tetran privileges ropies not found satisfactors. Edders listing changes operation

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dent, as well as In the points of others the home who give some supervision to the pugif's pume practice, resures a proper conception of the rividine, and through the familiar words enries along a proper has Richter is particularly gifted in mak ing such cusy arrangements, and body selec-

Play and Sing (Continued)

tions embracing favorite school sougs, songs of other lands, songs of my country, songs from operas, and songs of my country, songs long ago, in arrangements that retain all of entifying elements of the familiar airs the identifying elements of the familiar airs and which at the same time are easy enough for the young pinnist to play, are included in this forthcoming publishing Play and Swy. This collection furnishes a spendid supplementary book to follow Mrs. Rechtery very successful My First Swng Book, or in-dependent of that book will fit nicely into any piaco pupil's assignments in the second of study Any one living in United States or Its Possessions may obtain a copy of this book at the special advance of publication cash price of 25 cents, postpaid.

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of see people. King Neptume (impactive et easily upperly. Tumbus thesh jody and riad of womanly years (impactive et easily upperly. Tumbus thesh jody and riad of womanly years (impactive et easily Naturally, the different points of view than drawn out make sparkling diffolg and humon-ous situations. The sea people have been greatly upset because the deep sea line been anduly invaded by an inquisitive land man named Beebee. Finally, out of a riear sky an avistor humps to corth, and the fright-nessed sea people court summer back into ive ocean fast enough.

Some of the sough ast enough.

Some of the sough are: I Am King of the
Seo, by Nephune; I Wax a Pirate Beld, by
Davy Jones; Weep with Me, by the Sex
Serpeut; Song of the Ogster, by the Oyster; Hey Disbille, Hey Disbille, song and dince by Jack and Jilly; and Swy Me a Waltz Song, by Undine. The solus are easy and of med-erate range, and the choruses and refrains are partly in union and partly in simple form; all are easy to learn and the nursical numbers are well varied.

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One difficulty in training young bands for concert playing has been the death of ma-terial. True, this answerpent in school music has brought forth a number of "becomese" bend books, but every good musician knows that an entry illustration appreciation for the best method of tenching appreciation for the best in irrusic. And band players, as well as orchestra players and embryonic punists, must have this appreciation for good masie if intelligent performances are to be given and if the cooperation of the dividual performers is to be expected.

The nutbor of this hand book is an exicaced armager whose work is well know to American hand norm and the public espe-cially for the brilliant transcriptions by has under for the ecceptated Goldman Band and others. In undergo the arrangements for this book he has endeavored to introduce as

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the very used to the comprehensive and ma-reagranced appearing in these volumes, rep-resenting the works of Dukots, Lemaigre, Baret, Guilmant, Beethoven, Widor, Meyer-Heirand, Massact, Rabinstein, and others. he book will be published in the convenient blong size, 10 x 9 inches.

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instrument for home enjoyment of this beau-tiful mode, and make and recordings are not available, as the house has selected in this new work Mr. Being has selected 'impureata' from the better known sym-phones and has made then interesting phase pieces for pupils in the native prace. pinne pieces for pupes in the carner grades. Teachers certainly should appreciate the cul-tural advantages of heving their pupils play Excellent progress is bring made in the experation of this work for publication but preparation of this mouth for photocation there still is time this mouth to order at there still is time this mouth to order single copies at the special advance of publication code price, 30 ceats, postpoid. The sale of this book will be restricted to the U. S. A. and Hs Possessions.

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The student who has such a goal in mind The foundation of the material accessary to belp him along the read to accessing to heap been about the road to success it contains daily embenchine drills success Is consulted thanky constructions curarines for Exploits, chromatics, trille-dents, rhythm, and velocity playing [death, stythen, and veneraly proying proping authorities precede each study as in and tostand overcoming the technical difficulties which are encountered. Ample opportunity is above to the studies to deather. The which for turburates image apparatury a provided in these studies to develop flex facility of the lips, single and triple torqueing recreed tene production, proper breathing, and general interpretative ability. Mr. Huber is a well-known trumpet a Mr. Haber is a will-known trumpet and thorit, having appeared with finours lamb and theritae orchectras of the East, as well as with useful application communities as the Philadelphia. Ownesters like has target in New York Charles. New York City and Philindelphia. Single regies of the book may be ordered in Streams of publication at the special ench price of 40 cents, posture prepaid.

(Continued on page 141)

World of Music

(Continued from sage 76)

HARRY BENJAMIN JEPSON, organist and director of the chapel choir and, since 1907, Professor of Applied Music at Yale University, will retire in June, to become an assistant professor in the School of Music. He will be succeeded in his former posts by Luther M. Noss, organist of Corntil Uni-

THE NEW BACH SOCIETY of Leipzic formed in 1000, after the dissolution of the oraginal organization, held its twenty-fifth discretion of Prof. Karl Straube, carter of the Thomaskirche and one of German's greatest authorities on Bach and his music as the moving spirit and conductor. He was as the theorem spart and conductor, he are assisted by the Thomanerchor (one of the most famous hoys' choirs of all the world), the Gewandhaus Orchestra and chorus, and Günther Ramin, organist of the Thomas-CHARLES NAGINSKI has been awarded

Charkles Naginski has been aware the Prix de Roue entitling him to two years of study in the American Arademy of Roue, with an annual pension of loarteen hundred dollars and residence at the Academy, Ben in Egyps in 1970 to be lived in America. in Egypt in 1929, he has lived in America

THE AMERICAN ORCHESTRA IS assa. AMERICAN ORCHESTRA is a new activity in the rather ferved muscle if it of New York City. Leon Barrin, canduses of the National Orchestral Association and of the Hariford Symphony Orchestra, because in the Mary of the National Orchestra, and the Hariford Symphony Orchestra, because in the International Conference on the International Conferenc making, its chief function is to be the missing of accompaniences for soloits; said for its first program on November 7th it presented Frank Bickeps, paints, in Baths "Concecto in D minor," Schemans's "Concecto in A minor," and Rachmanism's "Concecto in C minor."

. COMPETITIONS

A ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR PRIZE B offered by the Society of Professional Mu-sicians, of New York, for a chamber mask osition for not more than eighteen men which must be playable in fifteen to twenty minutes. Compositions must be submit-under pseudonyms, with real names of con-under pseudonyms, with real names of conprocess in attached envelopes. Entries of Cor-posers in attached envelopes. Entries of E February 18, 1930. All communications, to Society of Professional Musicians, 234 West Thirteenth Street, New York City.

A PRIZE OF TWENTY-FIVE DATABLE IS offered by the Aronston Federation of Music Chief of a musical setting of A Song of Aronston's The coatest dark of the peen and full per thank to the community of the peen and full per thank to the coatest of the peen and full per thank to the coatest of the peen and full per thank to the peen and full per thank to the peen are the p Guild, 11 High Street, Fort Fairfield, Many

TWO PADEREWSKI PRIZES of O thousand dollars each are available to Austran composers. One is for an orchestral composition can composers. One is for an occlestral com-position of firm to twenty minates keight, another for a concert for sole instrument with orchestra and not less than fifteen uni-ures in keight. Manuscripts must be received information and the sole of the con-trol than March 1, 1930; and compete information may be had from Mrs. Rior information may be had from Mrs. Effor-beth C. Allen, Secretary of Puderewshi Pand, 290 Huntungton Avenue, Boston, Massachu-sette. Sctts.

THE CALIFORNIA COMPOSERS AND WITTERS SOCIETY will be expecially reconstruct on August 22nd to 25th, 18th on the spinonsor of leading activities of the Godden Carl International Expedition of Sur Fouriers California horn massicians are asked to communicate with Calen M. Harvey.

AMERICAN COMPOSERS are asked submit works to Howard Bartow, Cohmbia Broadcasting Company, 485 Madiso Ave-nue, New York City, to be considered for performance on the Everybedy's Music or chestral series over CBS. Having begun with July 23th. American composition —a fine recognition and opportunity for our creative americans.

m . d . W ... By Mana-Zarca



The compositions of this eelebrated American artistjoyed unusual success. Her joyen unusum success. Det songs, piano numbers and compositions in the larger forms are frequently pro-gramused. She has been equally successful with her tenching material and piece

beginners, and teachers, everywhere, are piato tenchine literature. This new collection of studies compared favorable with those of Clementi, Lorsch-horn, Heller, von Biftow, and Crumer and Provides helpful material for students in the

orth grade and higher. Each is attractively biled and exemplifies some technical problem found in these grades, viz: A Sha-Line (to ferelop the stretch of the hands: A Misty (melody and accommission in legal ; Autama Learns (ortave study in staceato); The Dancing Spray (wrist 0): A Seasons (left hand arpensis it is sentupe (left hand arpenso Scena (study in contrasting rivythmi): Clearly Scena (study in contrasting rivythmi): Clearly Our the Ocean (double notes): Still Life Study in legato); Florices in Boom (study in quesk altacks); and The Function (study

Mana-Zucea's new work will be included in the celebrated Jize'e Mostery Series of Ponn Studies, each volume of which is uni-Pann Studies, each volume of which is uni-formly priced at 60 cents. In advance of publication orders may be placed for simple espits at the special cash price, 90 cents, postpaid.

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When the snow falls on city streets, there is an appealing beauty in the fresh whiteness of it, but in all too short a source of time city traffic, the transping of many feet, plus the outpourings of many terms term the outpourings of many chieses, make it something to longer wanted. The same that falls upon the mountain tops, however, holds is place the mountum tope nowed.

In music many publications in the "constall of newness" and temperary favor, but the real successes are time which stay on apported by the mountain tops of substanjudgments passed on them by tartiers, and others in major music activities. In the Publisher's Monthly Printing Orders the find the publications which have received support of such able and considerate

In bringing to these columns a selected ha of numbers from the entalogs of the Theodore Preser Co. and the John Church Co. which came up for requisiting during the last menth, we make the suggestion that any school music educator choic and thems director, wishing to become acquainte the director, wishing to serve the advantage of these should take advantage to the Tiesdare Preser Co's readings to the Tiesdare Preser Co's readings to take the take which the canonical with full transpringer on those which the canonical way not wish to subsent and purchase dues not wish to retain and parches

SHERY MUSIC -PIANO SOLO Tole and Company Gra-tolar As We Go - Holf: 1 tolar Maria Fried 4 Study Andreas Ropers Study Rhappedigm, Op 97 ITHE REST NUMBER PLAND DIET

HIGG Metall, SI F OF S No 1 States Brings Knell og Hands FEBRUARY, 1939

Ten Studies in Black and White Reward Cards for Music Pupils
(Second Series)



For the information of new music teachers also may not be acquainted with the First State, we state that these cards are intended for pre-entation to pupils whose progress has been high They are the size of a U. S. nost card. The illustration above given shows

or core in the interaction of period of the Second Series of Reward Confe. How first, is intended for work well done. It a nell-known fact that information rought to our attention as a reward for brought to our attention as a reward for bard, serious study impresses us more hat-ingly than the sum information perfect be-tween the covers man information perfect be-tween the covers of the serious distribu-lation of the control of the country of the serious control of the country of the the composer, with either a picture of his the composer, with either a picture of his histiplace or a view of some secret with one of his composition. On the other side are the dates of his birth and eather heifs but compelenaive selects of his his-lated accompletance selects of his his and accompletances. A fore-time of his massescript artiface, and a reproduction of

manuscript uriting, and a reproduction of this autograph. The first Series, the Second Tuiform with the First Series, the Second Series convists of sixteen cards showing the following composers: Baset, Chamigande, De-lucy, Doviki, Elgar, Ginki, Geirer, Dowell, Massittet, Mandouski, in the Composition Rimsky, Korakkou, Reessi, Ramayae these 16. Runsky-Rozanana, Buessa, Auronpauring these 16 Surus, and Sibelius, Aeronpauring these 16 cards, and at no extra cost, is a hundsome prize Card containing an artistic group of 8 famous composers.
The regular retail price of each series of Renard Cante is, 50 cents, and that of the Reward Carde is 50 cruts, and that of the Price Card, when bought separately. 10 crufs, Our silvance of puldoratios sale plan enables the randomer to order single sets now of the Reward Carde, Decroal Series at the each of 35 cruts, postpaid, delivery to be guarde as soon as the eards are printed This pupiles to the Second Series only; the First applies to the Second Series only; the First

Advance of Publication Ofters Withdrawn

In preparation for the Lenten Season, which begins this month, and for the glorious feast of Easter, which is not so far away. our Publication Department is releasing than entains prestly listed and described in those cantains recently fisted and described in these pages. Copies ordered in advance of publica-tion; should rearly those who subscribed for them in ample time to order the requisite number of copies for the first released of Lenten and Easter programs. As is customary the special prices at which these works have been offered for introductory purposes are the special prices in units these works have been officed for introductory purposes are now withdrawn and copies are obtainable from any music dealer. If you have not ordered copies in advance of publication ask for them now "on approval." Penitence, Pardon and Peace by J. II

Manueler, arranged for Three-part chorus of Treble Voires by James C. Washingt is a standard Lenten contata with which most choir directors are acquainted in its original form for mixed voices. This new arrange makes possible its readition by claims v the men's section is weak, or therefinible, or by groups of all-girls' voices. The work, which rum about 43 minutes, may be given in three sections and at different times. Price, 75 cents, Sold only in the U.S. A. 7a cents. Sold only in the U. S. A. Yurteey Drivine by J. Christopher Marks, now arrained for Three-Part Chorus of Treble Yoices by James C. Wardenst is one of the most popular of all Easter canatas in its original arrangement for mixed choirs. Well-remised. in its original arrangement for mixed choirs.
Well-trained choirs with proficient soluists,
and volunteer closes of limited experience,
that include it in the wreating Thereon.

both include it in the repertoire. The pub-lishers believe that the beautiful eltoruses especially, of this cantata will be equally well liked in this arrangement for trebt voices. Price, 75 cents. vosees. Price, 75 cents.

Hall Risg of Glory, by Lawrence Keating
is a brand-near Easter contast for volunteer
choirs. It should prove especially arceptable
for the choir without trained voices. The chorus numbers are all arranged for mixed sommo, alto, tenor and bess which may song in union. A couple of cheets and trio add variety to the musical content. T

test was written and selected by Mattie B Shannon. Price, 60 cents. Etude Advertisements are Bulletins of Splendid Buy-ing Opportunities - - -

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Shopping for Charm MIND YOUR

(Continued from Page 108 Col. 2)

she must not be neglected, when your acsee must not be neglected, when your ac-lenowledgments are being made. She has doubtless worked just as hard to perfect her part of the program as you have your part, and should be given the credit due. Except for this brief moment the accom-panies should however always stay in the panist should however always stay in the back-ground. No effort should be seared back-ground. No effort should be spared to keep from drawing attention from the featured performer. Both will lose nothing by the sluving. This mutual graciousness and modesty will guide them both dombts This same attitude is a valuable one for

This same attitude is a valuable one for a member of an ornelest rar band. The platform manners of each individual are essential to the well-lesing of the entire group, as no infrasidual should focus attitude of the cutter of its entire. Constew and consideration to your fellow artists before, during, and after the concert will create a harmonious somal attitude that well reflect itself on hoth sides of the lights. Nothing is ever on blocking someone from being seen or y self-aggrandizement.

Mind your platform manners and exself-aggrandizence

press true harmons before, during, and after your recital. You will reap benefits after your recital.

Keepina Fit Physically (Continued from Page 110, Col. 4) attendance at meetings, converts, recitals, and practice-ressions. The best thing to

and practice-sessions. The best the Perils of Home

Your oun noun or studio ranks alongside a crowded concert-hall as a source of contagion, Many intimate and unsuspected noints of contact link infected members of the family with potential patients. The common toothbrush rack, a carelessly washed drinking glass, or a doorknob may serve as germ spreaders. Every effort should be made to isolate a member of the lauschold who has a cold. The children. should be put to bed when afflicted. You'll be amply repaid for this trouble by speedies veries. Special tableware should be reserved for the patient's meals and sterilized after each using. Unmoually liberal doses of disinfectant should be applied in cleansing the bathroom, frequently handled door knobs, and other danger spots, while my one in the house is suffering from a cold Remember the safety-value of disposable paper handkerchiefs, and be sure that the Leandry which the patient near-sidable accumulates is not kept in a common

clothes humper frequently opened by other-Whenever you have reason to suspect that you have been exposed to contagion, either at home or abroad—which is liable to be most of the time during the cold speciment wise precaution is the use of an antisentic garde. It is believed that the cold virus is usually lodged in the procous lerting and diffiting a gargie, singure espe-erally should be careful to have a mild solution that won't irritate the throat.

Cover Ub! IP YOU FEEL & senddening anticipatory

tickle in your throat, or if a series of gaspannounces a forthcoming masal emption, turn away from these present, and dive rule of courtesy, almost always followedbearing a probable cold for some unforturate virtur who crosses your path. It you yourself are the potential victum, avoid an indesermentate "cougher" and "species as you would a Pariah.

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THE JUNIOR ETUDE

Edited by ELIZABETH A GEST



"The Father of His Country" and Famous Fathers of Music By Aletha M. Bonner

(Sing this song-sketch of Washington, to the time of Anid Lang Syue) George Washington, first President, Birth, Seventeen and Thirty-two.

He died in 'Ninety-nine. Virginia born was this great man, Whose fame the world affirms: The "Father of his Country" served Two presidential terms.

In paying tribute so the great "father of his country," let us likewise honor other "fathers who have served a Cause with zeal." Music in all forms, it is interesting to note, has had many fathers of the art to name them one must head the roll call with Juhal, of Biblical distinction, for the the Scriptures describe him as being the "father of all such as handle the harp

Next on the list is Terpander, of the Seventh Century, B.C., called the "Father of Greek Musle"; and with the passing of years Giovanni Palestrina (1525-1594 A.D.) was born to be known by the all-embracing title of "Father of Music," such an honored subriquet being bestowed for musical services rendered to Italy, the land of his birth, and to the art world at large. England's contribution to the honor roll of famous fathers of music includes Thomas Tallis (1510-1585), called the "Father of English Cathedral Music"; and the German born, but English naturalized George Frederick Handel (1685-1759), known as the "Father of the Oratoric."

The Austrian composer Franz Josef Haydn (1732-1809) gained the title of "Father of the Symphony," because he was first to write well developed creations in this form of music. His most illustrious pupil, the young Mozart, so loved him as to call hun "Pana Haydn," and so started this name in nusical history.

Rhythm Fun By Florence L. Curtiss

BETTY AND EDITH were on their way to the newly formed music club. "What are we going to do? Do we play for each other or what?" asked Edith.

"Miss Pitt said we were going to find out who had the best rhythm, for one thing," answered Betty.

"I'm not very good in rhythm. and I
never did like to count," confessed Edith.
At the meeting Miss Pitt had each pupil to play by turn, while the others conducted with a baton in two-four, three-four and four-four time. The pupils were asked to notice the players who kept with the con-ductor perfectly. Then Miss Pitt played some pieces and the pupils listened to see On the way home the girls decided that it had been leds of fun and helped their rhythm very much. "I think my rhythm troubles are over," said Edith, and this

JANET'S ANNIVERSARY PIECE By ERNESTINE and FLORENCE HORVATH

George Washington Nelbe Custis Tanet Augt Mary Scene: Interior, with piano and chairs.

(Joset is scated at the piano, playing the Mignet from Hayda's "Military Sym-phony," Junt Mary sits near by, knis-Chetis play. ting.)

IANET (stopping suddenty): Oh deart Aunt Mary, somehow I don't feel like practicing this Minuet for the George Washington anniversary! AUNT MARY: You know Washington was inaugurated as our first President one hundred fifty years ago, Janet You should be happy to study a piece to play in school, in his honor.

JANET. Washington and music! Sometimes I think the two just don't go together AUNT MARY: You may be sure they do! But there's the bell. Now practice, dear. (Janet plays idly, Rubs eyes, then re-sauce. Plays a few bars of Yankee Doodle, Enter George Washington.)

WASHINGTON: I could imagine that you were Nelly Custis, if you played the harpsichord, instead of the puno. (Janet turns, startled.)

IANET: George Washington! Yankee Doodle brought you here. I almost knew is would!



(Washington's Signature) Washington: Yes, I always liked music

During my life many songs were written m my honor. I also encouraged little Nelly Custis to learn to play the harpsochord, so that I might listen to the melodies I liked best, Yes, I had something to do with music, after all!

As a boy I took music lessons, you see JANEY: Please tell me more! Please do.

(Enter Nelly Castit Cartsies,)

JANET: How do you do, Nelly, I am so glad you like music, NELLY: Oh, yes, I do. And Grandpar FILY: On, yes, 1 oo. And Grandpapa was always very fond of minuets. I shall play one now (Plays Mozart's Mannet, from "Don

INET:(applanding): That was beautiful! I'm learning to play a minuet, too, for I'm tearning to pasy a manuel, too, for the school celebration in your honor, sir, WASHINGTON: Then I should bear it! Washington: Then I should bear it! (Janet plays a minute by Back) Washington: Brave! That was charm-

Nellay: Back Handel, Mozart, Haydowho came after? who came auer: Janer: Schubert, Wagner, Chopin, Grieg-Brahms—and so many others! The 'ma is too long to mention

st too none to micronom.

WASHINGTON: Then play to a piece by a modern composer. You see we never Henry any. clare or more relections by modern composers, announcing the names. tioners componers, invasion, cap inc mimes. As the furthes, the others clap heartily)

Washington: Delightful, But very different from the music we used to hear! IANET: But please tell me more about music—and you sir!

ASHINGTON: Well, The President's March was written and played for me, in 1789. It was one of the many pieces composed for me Let me see if I can play it tor you.

(Goes to Name; plays, The music of
Haal Cohumbia is that of The President's Hast Common a come of captain this.

telling that the title sens changed, and the (Continued on column four)

Listening Lessons By E. A. G.

To a Wild Rose, By Edward MacDosell Evenyone should have a few American compositions in his reportoire; and To a Hold Rose, by MacDowell, is a simple melody that is popular and easy to learn You have often heard it played on the piano as it was originally written, but yet may also have beard it played by string orchestras or various combinations, at several different arrangements of it have been made.

MacDowell died in 1906, but his memory is perpetuated in the MacDowell colony at Peterhoro, in New Hampshire, where mare creative artists do their work in Euk cabins in the woods.

\$138 × 50 × 500 pt To a IVild Rose has a simple motive, it

eighth notes and quarters. Some players play this piece very of reetly as to notes, rhythm, rests, pedals, and all details, and yet fail to make it muical or interesting. One must do more than lart correct details, because musical feeling and understanding must be present. LISTEN to this piece carefully when you or someone else plays it, and see at this necessary musical feeling is present-

> Musical Jig-Saw Game for Club Meeting By Anna P. Myers

CUT PICTURES Of famous composers from magazines and paste them on cardboard Then cut them at odd angles into small pieces. They may be put together by groups or by individual players.

Janet's Anniversary Piece (Continued)

words added, later on, in 1798.) Nrt.LV: At Valley forge, Grandpage bad a musical birthday. The ragged military band serenaded birn! Later on who Grandpapa, as President, entertained, there was always music. So you go, George Washington loved music, inspired people to compose and play it, and er-Couraged young people to study it-Plays a selection by Bach or osc of the Washington: Now one more gooders

OSHIMCTON: Now one home piece, Miss Jamet, please, (Jamet please, (Jamet please, Jamet please, Jamet please, and straight, bone and curtacy to Jamet, and straight, bone and curtacy to Jamet founds, from the circs, leave head or bonds. (Enter last Vary)

Vi Many - Wake up, Janet! You mad practice your pace! JANET. Oh, yes Of course, But just thin of Washington and music! They more to do with one another than thought! Yes, Vunt Mary, 1'll practice until 1 play the mimet as well-as well-as I did in my dream for George Wash-

ington and Nellie Unstis



MT. VERNON, VIRGINIA

JUNIOR ETUDE- (Continued)

Grace Improves Her Portamento Touch By DAISY LEE

"Is it meanly NECESSARS for me to play those notes in the second measure of my piece with that postuments touch?" Grace inquired of her piano teacher. "Yes, it is," replied Miss Mitchell, "The

composer not them there for a certain reason and it is our duty to carry out his them?" she added Bernuse I less connect not them to sound right " Grace answered with a sigh. "I get

them either too snapps, or too smooth and How would you play four notes written like this?" asked the teacher as she quickly writing pad:

Ex.1 612 . 2 . 2 . 2 . 2 .

1 . 2 . 3 . 4 . "I'd play the notes on the main exemis," said Grace, "and lift my fangers off the keys

for the rests coming on the half-beats." "Why not do the same thing with that 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Who Knows

- Who wrote To a Wild Rose? Where was Brahms born? What is the interval from A-flat to
- E-matural? What note is on the fourth loger line
- scale whose seventh tone is A?

Musical Octagon Puzzle By Stella M. Hadden Each dotted line is an eight letter word.



- -2. Singers of high parts 1-3. A term meaning opposite of legato. 1-4. Composer of Jurious Lariner. 1-5 In a monotonous manner (colloquial)
- 1-6 Students, 1-7. Composer of Hark't Hark, the lark 1 - 8. Music sung under a lady's window. 1-9. One skilled in singing

Honorable Mention for November Puzzle:

portonento measure in your piece?" Miss



"Now," she went on to explain, "all you have to do to get that perfements effect, timeh, and then on the 'ands' make little rests by raising your wrist and gently pull-

ing your fingers off the keys. ing your fingers off the keys."
"Ob, that isn't hard to do!" declared Grace as she tried it. "And it does sound detached like the real partnaceuts teach "Well," concluded her teacher, "if you

will always remember to put tiny rests like these between the notes of portrangula mese netween the notes of performents passinges, you'll never be bothered any more by laying them sound too scappy or too

- 6. What country built the first opera-
- 7 What is Schubert's best known sym- to so you? placey called? 8. What does sense erescende mean?
- 5. What is the signature of the minor 10. What instrument does it most resemble

(Answers on this page)

JUNIORS of INDIANA, PA (Earl Mac); carl Stanson; Harry Salson; (Earl Mac); carl Stanson; Harry Salson; Robby Way, Forg Pray M. Toucow Bloom; Howers, Briss; Glovic Maulion; Harries Hutson; Reley Orr; Authorize Jane House).

What Music Means to Me (Price winner)

Applications of the property o

Answers to Who Knows 1 MacDowell: 2 In Hamburg, Germany 3 An angenerated fifth 4 F: 5.
here flats a tright 7 The "Unfinished Samplion" 8 Without increasing the

Iunior Etude Contest

True Is Now Excust will award three pretty prices each month, for the best and nestest original stories or essays, and for answers Any boy or girl under sixteen years of age may compete, whether belonging to a

sexteen years of age; Class B, cleven to under foorteen: Class C. under eleven receive honorable mention.

Por your name, are and class in which have amone conv your work for you.

on easter, on upper left corner of your paper and out your address on upper right carner. If your contribution takes more than one sheet of paper, do this on each sheet. rite on one sufe of paner only. Do not use typewriters and do not of the above rules will not be considered

What Music Means to Me (Prize winner)

(Prige winner)
to me see see what more than anything in
the world, thereine I have il was I is are
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ROB STITER (Age 14) Class A. Florida. ---

Drow Jewes, Error!
In my state we have subalistric, distinct in my state from confesse every year; about ten-tured state from confesse every year; about ten-dermental high action unrelians attend to outsets. This year there were found throw amore table in the parties ded division, and it most the first our or the ground procedure. I placed [Oppracious, 8g Lost, and everyal "specifical" convenient, by Livet, and revived "sweetness".

The state of the property of t

Enigma Re Marvin Rolis (Age 10)

My first is in FRY list is not in BOII My last's in STACCATO, and in PIZZI-

My whole is the name of a famous opera-

Subject for story or essay this month, 'Music in Ms. Home." Alast centain not over our hundred and fifty words, and must be received at the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, by February Eighteenth Names of prize winners and their contributions will appear in the May issue. The thirty next best contributors will

When clubs or schools compete, please have a preliminary contest first and submit

Competitors who do not comply with all

What Music Means to Me (Prize winner)

Honorable Mention for

November Essaye

Answer to November Puzzle: BEETHOVEN

Price sciences for November success. Class A, Sheila Falconer (Age 15), British Colembia Class B Darleane Christian (Ace 12) Class C. Josephine Johnson (Age 9).

Letter Box List ers have recently been excited for fluxrine, while limited space does be halfing in the Letter Fox: Margar i, Patricia Hausen, Comretta St a, Riferra Miller, Viola B. Cherk, Wil J. Hilling Morray, Rath Moyer, Permu



Reserve C. B., Nova Scotta

Accordion Department

(Continued from Page 129)

is not often necessary if a player is careful to see that there is no unnecessary friction against the bellows while he plays. Ladies should avoid protruding belt buckles, buttons or other ornaments which rub against the bellows. Men should adjust their coats so there will be the least possible friction

There is often a temptation to get a pair of pliers and a screw driver and take the accordion apart if it does not seem to be working properly. Refrain from such an impulse, because instruments are frequently permanently injured in this way. Take the accordion to the store where it was ourchased or to a reliable renair man, as in the end this will be found the most economical. Have your accordion checked at east once a year, to be sure it is in tune Good reeds seldom go out of ture; but, even if only one reed in the entire instrument is off pitch, it may make the rest of the instrument seem out of tune. Then, constant listening to an instrument which is not in tune is harmful to one's

Owners of new accordions are somewhat like owners of new cars; the utmost care is given in the beginning, and, after the norelty wears off, neglect begins. Rememher that if you want to get the best service not of the accordion it must be given the best of care. Even though you buy one of the finest instruments and invest considerable money in it, you cannot expect strument. The manufacturers have certainly to do the rest

dressed to him in care of The Etude.

Music is the poor man's Parnassus-

This Month's Schedule By LESLIE E. DUNKIN

EACH MONTH at our house the new popul of THE EXIDE determinant the massic schools ule for the next thirty days. Five of ustwo adults and three growing children-are directly interested in the musical contents as well as the reading material. We feel that our mouth's schedule helps us to make definite regular progress with our various grades of playing and also to gain turious grants to post not have a more benefit from each copy. Our schedule includes the following: I. Playing at sight: 2. Advance music; 3. Review music; and

4. Reading belo.

made until the music is mastered to the

satisfaction of the group of musicians in the family. When this is done, a second "Advance" piece is selected, if the month has at least a week yet before the close. Special effort is put forth by each of its to see if we can master at least two new The new copy of Tun Error furnishes new review music each month. Of course, we have all the "advance" must mastered

we have all the "amance must mastered in previous numbers of THE EVEN, To these are added the new pieces in the As soon as the new copy comes, each latest copy, for grants below the one in person selects one piece of music half a which we are working with one only As soon as low one of music half a which we are working with our advisage grade below that in which the advanced amore. As rapidly as the new advance warrange

MUSICAL BOOKS REVIEWED

The Violinist's Tone

We show the Terris We show the Terris We show the Terris We show the Section of the Section of the Terris We show the Section of the Terris We show the Section of the

Pages 22 Pages 25 Pages 875, Pagellshers | Oxford University Press.

How to Write for Radio

How to Write for Radio

1872 we be broad to the second of the second of

Pages 149 Prire: \$2.50 Pagesher: McGraw-Hill Book Co. Technics of the Organ

large and evenient group of English plan mustle, none has been more pro-bon, Edwin Evens, Sr., F. R. C. 0

in long exchanges (herge size); with it in long exchanges Price; 84 mi Publisher; Churles Settleme's Sons

Mozart, the Man and His Works

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Next Month

THE ETUDE for March, 1939, Steps Out with New Features ************



GUIOMAR NOVAËS TALKS The brilliant end beautiful Brazilian réanist, who has inude many successful teurs et Anjerica, gives THE ETUDE a spéradid article upon Serica, gives

> THE INCOMPARABLE VICTOR HERBERT

Fig. 11 in 1975 and 1

THE ROMANCE OF ANNIE LAURIE

The song that has set multions singing about a Scotch hasse of other days, has a very surrian romance behind it which Robert James Green Reveals to

WILLIAM MASON, AN AMERICAN MASTER The Mannes method, which is employed in its various phases by thousands of carciars in finely described by Main Florente Leonard. Dr. Mainp was one of the greatest plane teathers of justicey, and many of his teathing devices bound by a premiumous part of all planes instruction.

GOOD SINGERS MUST BE NATURAL

Bruno Castagna, widely halled contrains at the Metropolitan, distributes one of the great fundamental accrets of the prima derious subjects. In a sample, derived the contraint of the sample of the s

OTHER INTERESTING ARTICLES and special features by distinguished inothers OTHER INTERLIGINAL Accounts the species are an amount of amounts and receiver, FLUS 26 pages of delightful new music to play and also

pieces are for this person. Without pre- music is mastered, this, too, is added to pieces are for unit parson, the person unit growing group of review mess. Then the new piece at aight. The player too, as we addusted a new half growing the new piece at aight. The player too, as we addusted a new half growing the new pieces are not provided to the player too. provement in our playing by sight. Other music in this same copy of Tital Event. for the half grade below the player and also for his own grade, is available for Each month one piece of music for the

grade of that musician is selected in the new conv of THE ETHER as the advance work to start the month. At least half an hour is sount early day in a concentrated practice on exclusively that one piece Once the choice has been made, no change is ETUDE cach mouth

plays the new piece at signi. In proper then sees how his or her playing at sight or grade, we have all the pieces of music then sees how his or me people and the rest for our review work in the new grade, in nections copies of The Erene, The practice or playing of review music always tice or playing of review means always comes after the half hour on the advance music has been completed for that day The reading material of the new copy of The Etthe is used for informal pres-

of The factor to been not offermed presily, for reading and presentation. The same th; lot seek with the shorter important articles.

Pages: 466, with seek the shorter from all Title treations and month.

Pages: 466, with seek the seek the



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Anthems-Mixed Voices States

440 Sing Allebra Forth Back

10,137 Rejolor, Jerusalem, and Sing.

Resit

10,265 Very Early in the Morning, Steven

13,245 Very Early in the Norman Stoves
1,215 Chair Level is like 175 186
15,15 Chair Level is like 175 186
15,15 Chair Level is like 175 186
15,15 Chair Level is like 175 186
15,17 Chair Level is like 1,15 186
15,17 Chair Leve

13/12 There Wenne Wenn and Course Sec. 13/86 Jegona Energy Sec. 15/86 J

16-22 Behold! The Resurrection. Screw. 15c 14,721 Behold! The Resurrection. Screw. 15c 14,824 One Early Easter Morning. Meers.

14,517 Come, Ye Farthiul, Roise the Scool, Tabase 14,975 With Harp and With Trumpet, 14,975 With Hary and With Transpose.
14,975 With Hary and With Transpose.
14,974 Ye Sons and Daughness of the
King Nagir

Anthems — Treble Voices (Unison)
10.285 Resoice, the Lead Is King Norm. 1b
10.274 Merrily the Essare field Sends. 1b
10.564 Brightly Glesses Our Benner
10.1054 Brightly Glesses Our Benner
11.255 Angle-Laphur
11.255 Angle-Laphur
11.255 Brightly Glesses (10.255 Anthony). 10c
11.251 Wellers Me Merch to Veltery
11.255 Wellers We Merch to Veltery
10.255 Control of the Anthems-Treble Voices (2 Part)

11.244 Why Seek Ye the Living? Fatter. 12c 14.267 Christ the Lord Is Ricen Again. Homer 15c, 15c and 15c and 15c and 15c 14.711 Allebris, Homphare-Strenghout. 10c 14.648 Comp. Sing with Evulnation. Speece 15c Anthams-Treble Voicas (3 Port)

Agginsme—Teolie Voices (5 FA 2,374 Easter Hymn, Asi, 12,435 Day of Days, Van de Vere, 12,445 Dayser Day Famon, Memor, 13,445 Caster Charact Stati, (4,355 Spanish Easter Procession, Aer., Gast 14,440 O Rosen Lord, Earsty.

Anthems-Treble Voices (4 Part)

Anthems-Men's Voices 13,872 At the Seguicire, Nerw. 15e 14,260 Caru Gue Passover, Nerw. 20e 14,261 O Risen Lord, Bernly-Nerw. 20e 14,961 O Risen Lord, Bernly-Nerw. 15e 14,963 O Mora of Beauty, Salvilas Med-14,963 O Mora of Beauty, Salvilas Med-

Easter Solos

Alledela Manar (C.Kers). (Or. Behold the Riema (Kang. Futher (C.Keys). 50c Days of Days. You de Faster (C.Keys). 50c Easter Mere, Futher (C.Keys). 60c Easter Day. Terror Maley (C.Keys). 70c Easter Day. Terror Maley (C.Keys). 50c We Bills of Easter Day. Terror Maley (C.Keys). 50c Easter Day. Terror (C.Keys). 50c Easter Day. Easte

Easter Duet Day of Days. Fax de Water (S&A)..... 50c Organ Solon Ecoter Marsing Melling 50c
Faster Prelide, Candlys 60c
Hosanna Wacks 60c

Easter Cantalas For Mixed Voices unless otherwise noted

Angel of the Down By Geo. B. Nevin Price, 75e Christ Glorified (Pogea By Wm. V. Dixcy Christ Is Risen By Eric H. Thoman Cross and Crown (Page By Grace P. Maynard Crucitizion and Ress By Wm. Becwald From Deoth to Life By J. C. Bartlett Price, 75c Holl the Victor By Affred Wooler Price, 75c The New Life By James H. Rogers Price, 75c Pogeoni of the Resurred by Wm. V. Dixey lon Pries, stc The Resurrecti By Ches. Fenteyn Manney Price, 75c

The Resurrection (Women)
By Chas. Fonteyn Manney Price, 60c By P. A. Schneeler Price, 76e The Risen King (Won

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